

**January 1 – December 31, 2021**

**Evidence of Coverage:**

**Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice (HMO D-SNP)**

This booklet gives you the details about your Medicare and Medicaid health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2021. It explains how to get coverage for the health care services and prescription drugs you need. **This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.**

This plan, Hamaspik Medicare Choice, is offered by Hamaspik, Inc. (When this Evidence of Coverage says “we,” “us,” or “our,” it means Hamaspik, Inc. When it says “plan” or “our plan,” it means Hamaspik Medicare Choice.)

This document is available for free in Spanish.

Este EOC esta disponible en espanol. Por favor, llame a servicios para miembros.

Please contact our Member Services number at 1-833-426-2774 for additional information. (TTY users should call 711.) Hours are 7 days a week, from 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, October 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021. From April 2021 through September 2021, our Member Service Department will be available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.

This information is also available in alternate formats such as large print and Braille. Please call Member Service at the above numbers for more information. Benefits, premium, deductible, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2022.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary.

Hamaspik Medicare Choice is an HMO D-SNP with a Medicare contract, and a Medicaid Advantage Plus (MAP) plan with a Medicaid contract. Enrollment in Hamaspik Medicare Choice depends on contract renewal.

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## **2021 Evidence of Coverage**

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# CHAPTER 1

## *Getting started as a member*

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

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## **SECTION 1      Introduction**

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<b>Section 1.1</b>	<b>You are enrolled in Hamaspik Medicare Choice (HMO D-SNP), which is a specialized Medicare Advantage Plan (Special Needs Plan)</b>
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You are covered by both Medicare and Medicaid:

- **Medicare** is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (kidney failure).
- **Medicaid** is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Medicaid coverage varies depending on the state and the type of Medicaid you have. Some people with Medicaid get help paying for their Medicare premiums and other costs. Other people also get coverage for additional services and drugs that are not covered by Medicare.

**Legal Term: Premium**

A premium is the periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for your health or prescription drug coverage. Other people also get coverage for additional services and drugs that are not covered by Medicare.

You have chosen to get your Medicare and Medicaid health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, Hamaspik Medicare Choice.

There are different types of Medicare health plans. Hamaspik Medicare Choice is a specialized Medicare Advantage Plan (a Medicare “Special Needs Plan”), which means its benefits are designed for people with special health care needs. Hamaspik Medicare Choice is designed specifically for people who have Medicare and who are also entitled to assistance from Medicaid.

**Legal Term: Special Needs Plan**

A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

**Legal Term: Deductible**

A deductible is the amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan begins to pay.

Because you get assistance from Medicaid with your Medicare Part A and B cost sharing (deductibles, copayments, and coinsurance) you may pay nothing for your Medicare health care services. Medicaid also provides other benefits to you by covering health care services that are not usually covered under Medicare. You will also receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay

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for the costs of your Medicare prescription drugs. You may also receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for the costs of your Medicare prescription drugs. *Hamaspik Medicare Choice* will help manage all of these benefits for you, so that you get the health care services and payment assistance that you are entitled to.

Hamaspik Medicare Choice is run by a non-profit organization. Like all Medicare Advantage Plans, this Medicare Special Needs Plan is approved by Medicare. The plan also has a contract with the New York State Medicaid program to coordinate your Medicaid benefits. We are pleased to be providing your Medicare and Medicaid health care coverage, including your prescription drug coverage.

**Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC)** and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act’s (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: [www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families](http://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families) for more information.

### Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* booklet about?

This *Evidence of Coverage* booklet tells you how to get your Medicare and Medicaid medical care and prescription drugs covered through our plan. This booklet explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, and what you pay as a member of the plan. The word “coverage” and “covered services” refers to the medical care and services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice.

It’s important for you to learn what the plan’s rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* booklet. If you are confused or concerned or just have a question, please contact our plan’s Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### Section 1.3 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*

#### It’s part of our contract with you

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how Hamaspik Medicare Choice covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called “riders” or “amendments.”

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in Hamaspik Medicare Choice between January 1, 2021, and December 31, 2021.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of Hamaspik Medicare Choice after December 31, 2021. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or to offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2021.

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### Medicare must approve our plan each year

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve Hamaspik Medicare Choice each year. You can continue to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

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## SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

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<b>Section 2.1</b>	<b>Your eligibility requirements</b>
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*You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:*

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B (Section 2.2 tells you about Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B)  
-- and --
- You live in our geographic service area (Section 2.4 below describes our service area).  
-- and --
- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States  
-- and --
- You meet the special eligibility requirements described below.

### Special eligibility requirements for our plan

Our plan is designed to meet the needs of people who receive certain Medicaid benefits. (Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources.) To be eligible for our plan you must be eligible for Medicare and full Medicaid Benefits.

Please note: If you lose your eligibility but can reasonably be expected to regain eligibility within three month(s), then you are still eligible for membership in our plan (Chapter 4, Section 2.1 tells you about coverage and cost sharing during a period of deemed continued eligibility).

Hamaspik Medicare Choice is a plan for people who have both Medicare and Medicaid. You are eligible to join Hamaspik Medicare Choice if you have Medicare, full Medicaid, and meet the following requirements:

- Are age 18 and older reside in one of the following counties in New York State:
  - Bronx
  - Dutchess
  - Kings (Brooklyn)
  - Nassau
  - New York (Manhattan)
  - Orange
  - Putnam
  - Queens
  - Richmond (Staten Island)
  - Rockland
  - Sullivan

*(continued on next page)*



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- Ulster
  - Westchester
- Have a chronic illness or disability that makes you eligible for services usually provided in a nursing home
- Are eligible for long term care services, based on the New York State eligibility assessment that is completed by the plan or an entity designated by the State.
- Be capable, at the time of enrollment, of remaining in your home and community without jeopardy to your health and safety, or returning to your home (if you are currently in a hospital or skilled nursing facility);
- Require care management and be expected to need at least one of the following Community Based Long Term Care services for more than 120 days:
  - Nursing services in the home;
  - Therapies in the home;
  - Home health aide or personal care service in the home;
  - Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS);
  - Adult day health care; or
  - Private duty nursing

Additional conditions apply. For more information about enrollment see Chapter 13. Please note that there are certain Medicaid programs that would exclude eligibility if you participate in them. Please call Member Services for more information or if you have any questions.

### **Section 2.2      What are Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B?**

When you first signed up for Medicare, you received information about what services are covered under Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Remember:

- Medicare Part A generally helps cover services provided by hospitals (for inpatient services, skilled nursing facilities, or home health agencies).
- Medicare Part B is for most other medical services (such as physician's services, home infusion therapy, and other outpatient services) and certain items (such as durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies).

### **Section 2.3      What is Medicaid?**

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical and long-term care costs for certain people who have limited incomes and resources. Each state decides what counts as income and resources, who is eligible, what services are covered, and the cost for services. States also can decide how to run their program as long as they follow the Federal guidelines.

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In addition, there are programs offered through Medicaid that help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These “Medicare Savings Programs” help people with limited income and resources save money each year:

- **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB):** Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- **Qualifying Individual (QI):** Helps pay Part B premiums
- **Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI):** Helps pay Part A premiums

Please note that if you qualify for Medicaid through one of these programs, you are not eligible to enroll in Hamaspik Medicare Choice.

### Section 2.4 Here is the plan service area for Hamaspik Medicare Choice

Although Medicare is a Federal program, Hamaspik Medicare Choice is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in New York State:

- Bronx,
- Dutchess,
- Kings (Brooklyn),
- Nassau,
- New York (Manhattan),
- Orange,
- Putnam,
- Queens,
- Richmond (Staten Island),
- Rockland,
- Sullivan,
- Ulster and
- Westchester.

#### Legal Term: Service Area

A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

If you plan to move out of the service area, please contact Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location. You should also contact your state's Medicaid office

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and ask how this move will affect your Medicaid benefits. Phone numbers for Medicaid are in Chapter 2, Section 6 of this booklet.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

### Section 2.5 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Hamaspik Medicare Choice if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Hamaspik Medicare Choice must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

## SECTION 3 What other materials will you get from us?

### Section 3.1 Your plan membership card – Use it to get all covered care and prescription drugs

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card for our plan whenever you get any services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:



Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your Hamaspik Medicare Choice membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in routine research studies.

**Here's why this is so important:** If you get covered services using your red, white, and blue Medicare card instead of using your Hamaspik Medicare Choice membership card while you are a plan member, you may have to pay the full cost yourself.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Services right away and we will send you a new card. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

<b>Section 3.2</b>	<b>The Provider &amp; Pharmacy Directory: Your guide to all providers in the plan's network</b>
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The *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* lists our network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers. Please contact Member Services if you have any questions about providers who accept New York State Medicaid.

**What are “network providers”?**

**Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, home care agencies, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. We have included a copy of our *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* in the envelope with this booklet. The most recent list of providers is also available on our website at [www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com).

**What are “network pharmacies”?**

**Network pharmacies** are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members.

**Why do you need to know which providers are part of our network?**

It is important to know which providers are part of our network because, with limited exceptions, while you are a member of our plan you must use network providers to get your medical care and services. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (generally, when you are out of the area), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which Hamaspik Medicare Choice authorizes use of out-of-network providers. See Chapter 3 (*Using the plan's coverage for your medical services*) for more specific information about emergency, out-of-network, and out-of-area coverage.

<p><b>Legal Term: Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility</b></p>
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<p>An out-of-network provider is a provider or facility with which we have not arranged to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan or are not under contract to deliver covered services to you.</p>
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As a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice, it is important to know those providers who accept Medicaid. For services covered by New York Medicaid, you will need to see a provider who accepts Medicaid. Please contact Member Services if you have any questions about a provider, including their qualifications.

If you don't have your copy of the Provider & Pharmacy Directory, you can request a copy from Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may ask Member Services for more information about our network providers, including their qualifications. You can also see the Provider & Pharmacy Directory at [www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com) or download it from this website. Both Member Services and the website can give you the most up-

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to-date information about changes in our network providers.

### Why do you need to know about network pharmacies?

You can use the Pharmacy & Provider Directory to find the network pharmacy you want to use. We included a copy of our Pharmacy & Provider Directory for your area in the envelope with this booklet. An updated Pharmacy & Provider Directory is located on our website at [www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com). You may also call Member Services for updated provider information or to ask us to mail you a Pharmacy & Provider Directory. **Please review the 2021 *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* to see which pharmacies are in our network.**

If you don't have the Pharmacy & Provider Directory, you can get a copy from Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). At any time, you can call Member Services to get up-to-date information about changes in the pharmacy network. You can also find this information on our website at [www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com).

### Section 3.3      The plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in *Hamaspik Medicare Choice*. In addition to the drugs covered by Part D, some prescription drugs are covered for you under your Medicaid benefits. The Drug List tells you how to find out which drugs are covered under Medicaid.

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the Hamaspik Medicare Choice Drug List.

The Drug List also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs. We will provide you a copy of the Drug List. The Drug List we provide you includes information for the covered drugs that are most commonly used by our members. However, we cover additional drugs that are not included in the provided Drug List. If one of your drugs is not listed in the Drug List, you should visit our website or contact Member Services to find out if we cover it. To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website ([www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com)) or call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### Section 3.4      The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (the "Part D EOB"): Reports with a summary of payments made for your Part D prescription drugs

When you use your Part D prescription drug benefits, we will send you a summary report to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Part D prescription drugs. This summary report is called the *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (or the "Part D EOB").

The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, have spent on your Part D prescription drugs and the total amount we have paid for each of your Part

## Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

D prescription drugs during the month. The Part D EOB provides more information about the drugs you take, such as increases in price and other drugs with lower cost sharing that may be available. You should consult with your prescriber about these lower cost options. Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*) gives more information about the *Explanation of Benefits* and how it can help you keep track of your drug coverage.

A *Part D Explanation of Benefits* summary is also available upon request. To get a copy, please contact Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Please contact Member Services if you need a copy of your Part D Explanation of Benefits. Our phone number is printed on the back cover of this booklet.

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## SECTION 4 Your monthly premium for Hamaspik Medicare Choice

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### Section 4.1 How much is your plan premium?

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for Hamaspik Medicare Choice. You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

#### **Legal Term: Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage**

Creditable prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

#### **Legal Term: Extra Help**

A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

### **Some members are required to pay other Medicare premiums**

Some members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. As explained in Section 2 above, in order to be eligible for our plan, you must maintain your eligibility for Medicaid as well as have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. For most Hamaspik Medicare Choice members, Medicaid pays for your Part A premium (if you don't qualify for it automatically) and for your Part B premium. If Medicaid is not paying your Medicare premiums for you, you must continue to pay your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.

- If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, **not**

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**your Medicare plan**, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be. If you had a life-changing event that caused your income to go down, you can ask Social Security to reconsider their decision.

- **If you are required to pay the extra amount and you do not pay it, you will be disenrolled from the plan.**
- You can also visit [www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov) on the Web or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or you may call Social Security at 1-800-772-1213. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778.

Your copy of *Medicare & You 2021* gives information about these premiums in the section called “2021 Medicare Costs.” Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of *Medicare & You* each year in the fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up. You can also download a copy of *Medicare & You 2021* from the Medicare website ([www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov)). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

### Section 4.2 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

No, we are not allowed to begin charging a monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

However, in some cases, you may need to start paying or may be able to stop paying a late enrollment penalty. (The late enrollment penalty may apply if you had a continuous period of 63 days or more in a row when you didn’t have “creditable” prescription drug coverage.) This could happen if you become eligible for the “Extra Help” program or if you lose your eligibility for the “Extra Help” program during the year:

- If you lose Extra Help, you may be subject to the late enrollment penalty if you go 63 days or more in a row without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage.

You can find out more about the “Extra Help” program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

## SECTION 5 Please keep your plan membership record up to date

### Section 5.1 How to help make sure that we have accurate information about you

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage, including information about your Primary Care Provider.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan’s network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you.** Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

## **Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

### **Let us know about these changes:**

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

### **Read over the information we send you about any other insurance coverage you have**

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. (For more information about how our coverage works when you have other insurance, see Section 7 in this chapter.)

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

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## **SECTION 6      We protect the privacy of your personal health information**

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<b>Section 6.1      We make sure that your health information is protected</b>
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Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws. For more information about how we protect your personal health information, please go to Chapter 8, Section 1.3 of this booklet.

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## **SECTION 7      How other insurance works with our plan**

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<b>Section 7.1      Which plan pays first when you have other insurance?</b>
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When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that



## Chapter 1. Getting started as a member

pays first is called the “primary payer” and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the “secondary payer,” only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member’s current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
  - If you’re under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
  - If you’re over 65 and you or your spouse is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers’ compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare and/or employer group health plans have paid.

If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy. If you have questions about who pays first, or you need to update your other insurance information, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

**Legal Term: Medicare-Covered Service:**

These are services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B.

# CHAPTER 2

*Important phone numbers  
and resources*

## **Chapter 2. Important phone numbers and resources**

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## **SECTION 1      Hamaspik Medicare Choice contacts** (how to contact us, including how to reach Member Services at the plan)

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### **How to contact our plan's Member Services**

For assistance with claims, billing, or member card questions, please call or write to Hamaspik Medicare Choice Member Services. We will be happy to help you.

<b>Method</b>	<b>Member Services – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-833-426-2774 Calls to this number are free. Member Services is available 7 days a week, from 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, October 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021. From April 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, our Member Service Department will be available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm. Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
<b>TTY</b>	711 (New York Relay) This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.
<b>WRITE</b>	Hamaspik Medicare Choice 58 Route 59, Suite 1 Monsey, NY 10952  You can also email us at <a href="mailto:info@hamaspik.com">info@hamaspik.com</a> .
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.hamaspik.com">www.hamaspik.com</a>

### **How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care**

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

You may call us if you have questions about our coverage decision process.

<b>Method</b>	<b>Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-833 426-2774 Calls to this number are free.  Member Service is available 7 days a week, from 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, October 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021. From April 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, our Member Service Department will be available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.
<b>TTY</b>	711 (New York Relay) This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.
<b>WRITE</b>	Hamaspik Medicare Choice 58 Route 59, Suite 1 Monsey, NY 10952 You can also email us at <a href="mailto:info@hamaspik.com">info@hamaspik.com</a> .
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.hamaspik.com">www.hamaspik.com</a>

### **How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care**

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

<b>Method</b>	<b>Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	<p>1-833-426-2774</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Member Services is available 7 days a week, from 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, October 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.</p> <p>From April 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021 this phone number will be available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.</p> <p>Hamaspik Medicare Choice will accept expedited and standard appeal requests by phone. The plan will also accept payment requests in writing.</p>
<b>TTY</b>	<p>711 (New York Relay)</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p>
<b>WRITE</b>	<p>Hamaspik Medicare Choice Attn: Grievance and Appeals 58 Route 59, Suite 1 Monsey, NY 10952</p> <p>Email: <a href="mailto:quality@hamaspik.com">quality@hamaspik.com</a></p>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<p><a href="http://www.hamaspik.com">www.hamaspik.com</a></p>

## How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Method	Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	<p>1-833-426-2774</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Member Services is available 7 days a week, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, from October 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.</p> <p>From April 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020, this phone number will be available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.</p>
<b>TTY</b>	<p>711 (New York Relay)</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p>
<b>WRITE</b>	<p>Hamaspik Medicare Choice  Attn: Grievance and Appeals  58 Route 59, Suite 1  Monsey, NY 10952</p> <p>Email: <a href="mailto:quality@hamaspik.com">quality@hamaspik.com</a></p>
<b>MEDICARE WEBSITE</b>	<p>You can submit a complaint about Hamaspik Medicare Choice directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to <a href="http://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a>.</p>

### **How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs**

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your prescription drugs covered under the Part D benefit included in your plan. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

<b>Method</b>	<b>Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-833-426-2774 Calls to this number are free. Member Services is available 7 days a week, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, from October 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021. From April 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, the phone number will be available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.
<b>TTY</b>	711 (New York State Relay) This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.
<b>FAX</b>	866-272-4092
<b>WRITE</b>	Hamaspik, Inc. Medicaid Advantage Plus P.O. Box 1167 Maryland Heights, MO 63043  Email: <a href="mailto:quality@hamaspik.com">quality@hamaspik.com</a>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.hamaspik.com">www.hamaspik.com</a>



**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member****How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs**

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

<b>Method</b>	<b>Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	<p>1-833-426-2774</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Member Services is available 7 days a week, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, from October 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020.</p> <p>From April 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020, the phone number will be available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.</p> <p>Hamaspik Medicare Choice will accept expedited and standard appeal requests by phone. The plan will also accept payment requests in writing.</p>
<b>TTY</b>	<p>711 (New York State Relay)</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p>
<b>FAX</b>	866-272-4092
<b>WRITE</b>	<p>Hamaspik, Inc.</p> <p>Medicaid Advantage Plus</p> <p>P.O. Box 1167</p> <p>Maryland Heights, MO 63043</p>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.hamaspik.com">www.hamaspik.com</a>

### **How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs**

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. (If your problem is about the plan's coverage or payment, you should look at the section above about making an appeal.) For more information on making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

<b>Method</b>	<b>Complaints about Part D prescription drugs – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-833-426-2774 Calls to this number are free. Hamaspik Medicare Choice will accept expedited and standard complaints by phone. Member Services is available 7 days a week, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, from October 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021. From April 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, staff are available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.
<b>TTY</b>	711 (New York Relay) This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.
<b>WRITE</b>	Hamaspik Medicare Choice Attn: Grievance and Appeals 58 Route 59, Suite 1 Monsey, NY 10952 Email: <a href="mailto:quality@hamaspik.com">quality@hamaspik.com</a>
<b>MEDICARE WEBSITE</b>	You can submit a complaint about Hamaspik Medicare Choice directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to <a href="http://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a> .

**Where to send a request asking us to pay the cost for medical care or a drug you have received**

For more information on situations in which you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider, see Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*).

**Please note:** If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) for more information.

**Chapter 1. Getting started as a member**

<b>Method</b>	<b>Payment Request – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	<p>1-833-426-2774</p> <p>Member Services is available 7 days a week, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, from October 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021.</p> <p>From April 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, the phone number will be available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.</p> <p>Please note: Hamaspik Medicare Choice will accept payment requests only when sent to us in writing.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p>
<b>TTY</b>	<p>711 (New York Relay)</p> <p>Calls to this number is free.</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p>
<b>WRITE</b>	<p><b>Send Part C Hamaspik payment requests to:</b></p> <p>Hamaspik Medicare Choice Attn: Claims Department 58 Route 59, Suite 1 Monsey, NY 10952</p> <p>Fax: 845-503-0911 Email: <a href="mailto:quality@hamaspik.com">quality@hamaspik.com</a></p> <p><b>Send Part D prescription drug payment requests to:</b></p> <p>Hamaspik Inc. Medicaid Advantage Plus P.O. Box 1167, Maryland Heights, MO 63043</p>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.hamaspik.com">www.hamaspik.com</a>

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## **SECTION 2 Medicare (How to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)**

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Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called “CMS”). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

<b>Method</b>	<b>Medicare – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227 Calls to this number are free. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
<b>TTY</b>	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free.
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<u><a href="http://www.medicare.gov">www.medicare.gov</a></u> This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes booklets you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state. The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Medicare Eligibility Tool:</b> Provides Medicare eligibility status information.</li></ul> <b>Medicare Plan Finder:</b> Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an <i>estimate</i> of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.

**WEBSITE  
(continued)**

You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about Hamaspik Medicare Choice.

- **Tell Medicare about your complaint:** You can submit a complaint about Hamaspik Medicare Choice directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to [www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx](http://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx). Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website, print it out, and send it to you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)

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## **SECTION 3      State Health Insurance Assistance Program** (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

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The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In New York State, the SHIP is called State Health Insurance Assistance Program (HIICAP).

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (HIICAP) is independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan). It is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. State Health Insurance Assistance Program counselors can help you with your Medicare questions or problems. They can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. State Health Insurance Assistance Program counselors can also help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

<b>Method</b>	<b>New York State Health Insurance Assistance Program (HIICAP) – – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-701-0501
<b>TTY</b>	711 (New York Relay) Calls to this number are free.  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
<b>WRITE</b>	New York State Office for the Aging 2 Empire State Plaza Albany, New York 12223-1251
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.aging.ny.gov/">http://www.aging.ny.gov/</a>

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## **SECTION 4      Quality Improvement Organization**

(paid by Medicare to check on the quality of care for people with Medicare)

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There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For New York State, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Livanta.

Livanta has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Livanta is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact Livanta in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

<b>Method</b>	<b>Livanta New York State's Quality Improvement Organization) – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-866-815-5440 Monday through Friday from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm 24 hour voicemail service is available.
<b>TTY</b>	1-866-868-2289 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
<b>WRITE</b>	Livanta LLC BFCC-QIO 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://livantaqio.com/en/beneficiary/quality_of_care">https://livantaqio.com/en/beneficiary/quality_of_care</a>

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## **SECTION 5      Social Security**

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Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. Social Security handles the enrollment process for Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.



Method	Social Security – Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security’s automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
<b>TTY</b>	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are free. Available 7:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.ssa.gov">www.ssa.gov</a>

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## **SECTION 6      Medicaid**

(a joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with limited income and resources)

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Each state has their own Medicaid state plan, which is approved by the federal Department of Health and Human Services. The New York State plan includes specific information about the administration, eligibility requirements and benefits covered by Medicaid. The state’s plan covers doctor’s visits, hospital costs, long term care services in a nursing home and services provided at your home, behavioral health care and many other services. The New York State Medicaid plan is administered by the New York State Department of Health.

As a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice, you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid, which means that you are dually eligible for services. As long as you continue to meet the qualifications for Medicare eligibility and the New York State qualifications for Medicaid, you will continue to qualify as a dual eligible. Medicaid covers benefits that are not offered by Medicare, such as dental benefits.

An important goal of Hamaspik Medicare Choice is to provide better coordination of your Medicare and Medicaid benefits. Many of your Medicaid benefits are provided through this health plan, Hamaspik Medicare Choice. The information in Chapter 4 of this Evidence of Coverage tells you about your Medicare and Medicaid services that are included in your health

plan. Please also see your Medicaid Member Handbook, which is included as the last section in this booklet for more information about your Medicaid services.

Our staff can help you understand the health care services that are provided to you by Hamaspik Medicare Choice, as well as the services that are provided by Medicaid. We can help to ensure that you receive all of the care that you need.

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources.

If you have questions about the assistance you get from Medicaid, contact the New York State Department of Health. Call 1-800-541-2831 for information. The New York State Department of Health hours are 8:30 a.m. to 4:45 p.m., Monday through Friday.

<b>Method</b>	<b>New York State Department of Health - New York State's Medicaid Program – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	Call 1-800-541-2831  The hours are 8:30 a.m. to 4:45 p.m., Monday through Friday
<b>TTY</b>	711 (New York Relay)  Calls to this number are free.  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
<b>WRITE</b>	New York State Department of Health Office of the Commissioner Corning Tower Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 12237
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid">http://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid</a>

The New York State Office for Aging helps people enrolled in Medicaid with service or billing problems. They can help you file a grievance or appeal with our plan.

<b>Method</b>	<b>New York State Office for Aging– Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-342-9871
<b>TTY</b>	711 (New York Relay)  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
<b>WRITE</b>	New York State Office for the Aging Agency Building #2 Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 12223
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.aging.ny.gov/">http://www.aging.ny.gov/</a>

The New York State Office for Aging also has an Ombudsman Program, which helps people get information about nursing homes and resolve problems between nursing homes and residents or their families. You can contact the Ombudsman Program at the phone number, address, and website listed above.

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## **SECTION 7      Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs**

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### **Medicare’s “Extra Help” Program**

Medicare provides “Extra Help” to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. Those who qualify get help paying for any Medicare drug plan’s monthly premium, yearly deductible, and prescription copayments. This “Extra Help” also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

People with limited income and resources may qualify for “Extra Help.” Some people automatically qualify for “Extra Help” and don’t need to apply. Medicare mails a letter to people who automatically qualify for “Extra Help.”

Because you are eligible for Medicaid, you qualify for and are getting “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drug plan costs. You do not need to do anything further to get this “Extra Help.”

If you have questions about “Extra Help,” call:

- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048 (applications), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 7 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778; or
- Your State Medicaid Office (applications) (See Section 6 of this chapter for contact information).

If you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has established a process that allows you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment or we will offset future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn’t collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Please contact Member Services if you have questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### **What if you have coverage from a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP)?**

If you are enrolled in a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program (SPAP), or any other program that provides coverage for Part D drugs (other than “Extra Help”), you still get the 70% discount on covered brand name drugs. Also, the plan pays 5% of the costs of brand drugs in the coverage gap. The 70% discount and the 5% paid by the plan are both applied to the price of the drug before any SPAP or other coverage.

### **What if you have coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?**

#### **What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?**

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also covered by ADAP qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance

The New York State ADAP program is to provide access to medical services and HIV medications for all New York State residents with HIV or those individuals who are at risk of

acquiring the HIV infection. Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status.

**Note:** To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status.

If you are currently enrolled in an ADAP, it can continue to provide you with Medicare Part D prescription cost-sharing assistance for drugs on the ADAP formulary. In order to be sure you continue receiving this assistance, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker of any changes in your Medicare Part D plan name or policy number.

For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call 1-800-542-2437, or you can send an email to: [adap@health.state.ny.us](mailto:adap@health.state.ny.us)

**What if you get “Extra Help” from Medicare to help pay your prescription drug costs?  
Can you get the discounts?**

Most of our members get “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for their prescription drug plan costs. If you get “Extra Help,” the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program does not apply to you. If you get “Extra Help,” you already have coverage for your prescription drug costs during the coverage gap.

**What if you don’t get a discount, and you think you should have?**

If you think that you have reached the coverage gap and did not get a discount when you paid for your brand name drug, you should review your next *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (Part D EOB) notice. If the discount doesn’t appear on your *Part D Explanation of Benefits*, you should contact us to make sure that your prescription records are correct and up-to-date. If we don’t agree that you are owed a discount, you can appeal. You can get help filing an appeal from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) (telephone numbers are in Section 3 of this Chapter) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

**State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs**

Many states have State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs that help some people pay for prescription drugs based on financial need, age, medical condition, or disabilities. Each state has different rules to provide drug coverage to its members.

In New York State, the State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program is the Elderly Pharmacy Insurance Coverage (EPIC).

<b>Method</b>	<b>Elderly Pharmacy Insurance Coverage (EPIC) (New York State’s Pharmaceutical Assistance Program) – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-800 332-3742  EPIC operates a toll-free Helpline which is available from 8:30AM to 5:00PM, Monday through Friday.
<b>TTY</b>	711 (New York Relay Service)  Calls to this number are free.  This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
<b>WRITE</b>	EPIC P.O. Box 15018 Albany, NY 12212-5018  Email: <a href="mailto:epic@health.state.ny.us">epic@health.state.ny.us</a>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/epic/">https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/epic/</a>

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## **SECTION 8      How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board**

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The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation’s railroad workers and their families. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address.

<b>Method</b>	<b>Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-877-772-5772 Calls to this number are free. If you press “0,” you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday. If you press “1”, you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
<b>TTY</b>	1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.rrb.gov">www.rrb.gov</a>

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## **SECTION 9      Do you have “group insurance” or other health insurance from an employer?**

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If you (or your spouse) get benefits from your (or your spouse’s) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Services if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse’s) employer or retiree health benefits or premiums. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan or enrollment periods to make a change.

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.



# CHAPTER 3

*Using the plan's coverage for your medical and other covered services*

## **Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical and other covered services**

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**Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical and other covered services**

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## **SECTION 1      Things to know about getting your medical care and other services covered as a member of our plan**

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This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care and other services covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

<b>Section 1.1      What are “network providers” and “covered services”?</b>
--

Here are some definitions that can help you understand how you get the care and services that are covered for you as a member of our plan:

- **“Providers”** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term “providers” also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- **“Network providers”** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see a network provider, you pay nothing or only your share of the cost for covered services.
- **“Covered services”** include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

<b>Section 1.2      Basic rules for getting your medical care and other services covered by the plan</b>
--

As a Medicare and Medicaid health plan, Hamaspik Medicare Choice must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and may offer other services in addition to those covered under Original Medicare. See the Benefits Table in Chapter 4 for a list of covered benefits.

Hamaspik Medicare Choice will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- **The care you receive is included in the plan's Benefits Chart** (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this booklet).

### Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical and other covered services

- **The care you receive is considered medically necessary.** “Medically necessary” means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- **You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.** As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, see Section 2.1 in this chapter).
  - For some services, our plan must give you approval in advance before you can use other providers in the plan's network, such as hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, or home health care agencies. This is called giving you an “authorization.” For more information about this, see Section 2.3 of this chapter.

#### **Legal Term: Emergency Care**

A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

#### **Legal Term: Urgently Needed Services**

Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.

- **You must receive your care from a network provider** (for more information about this, see Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. *Here are three exceptions:*
  - The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to see what emergency or urgently needed services means, see Section 3 in this chapter.
  - If you need medical care that Medicare or Medicaid requires our plan to cover and the providers in our network cannot provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider. Authorization should be obtained from the plan prior to seeking care. In this situation, we will cover these services. as if you got the care from a network provider *OR* at no cost to you. For information about getting approval to see an out-of-network doctor, see Section 2.4 in this chapter.
  - The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area.

**Legal Term: Prior Authorization**

Prior authorization is approval in advance to get services or certain drugs that may or may not be on our formulary. Some in-network medical services are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets "prior authorization" from our plan.

Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Some drugs are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets "prior authorization" from us. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked

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## **SECTION 2      Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care and other services**

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<b>Section 2.1</b>	<b>You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your care</b>
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### **What is a "PCP" and what does the PCP do for you?**

- **What is a PCP?**

When you become a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice, you must choose a network provider to be you PCP.

A Primary Care Physician (PCP) is your main doctor. Your PCP is the person who will help you with anything from a cold, your annual physical, or routine preventive tests that you may need. Your PCP will coordinate many of the services you receive as a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice. If you have complicated medical problems, your PCP will work with the specialists you need and make sure that they are not duplicating tests or procedures that have been done by another specialists.

Your PCP is a physician who is board certified, has met state requirements and is trained to give you basic medical care.

When you become a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice, you must choose a network provider to be you PCP.

- **What types of providers may act as a PCP?**

Your PCP will usually be an internist or family practice doctor. If you are a woman, you can also select your gynecologist to be your PCP.

## **Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical and other covered services**

- **Explain the role of a PCP in your plan.**

Your PCP will provide most of your care and help you coordinate many of the covered services that you get as a member in Hamaspik Choice. This may include:

- Hospital admissions
- Care from doctors who are specialists
- Follow-up care
- Therapies
- Home care services
- Laboratory tests and x-rays.

- **What is the role of the PCP in coordinating covered services?**

Your PCP will help coordinate any additional healthcare and services you may need such as specialist consultations, laboratory and diagnostics tests. Coordinating services also means that your PCP will follow-up with other plans.

- **What is the role of the PCP in making decisions about or obtaining prior authorization, if applicable?**

Various services or supplies may require prior authorization (prior approval) from Hamaspik Medicare Choice. Your doctor can help you to request prior authorization by calling our Medical Management Department at 1-833-426-2774.

### **How do you choose your PCP?**

Upon enrollment in Hamaspik Medicare Choice, you must choose a PCP. To view a list of available PCPs, please review our Provider & Pharmacy Directory or visit our website at [www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com). After you have reviewed the list of providers in your area, please call Member Services. The Member Services telephone number is printed on the back cover of this booklet. Information concerning your choice of a PCP is included on your ID card.

### **Changing your PCP**

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. If you need to change your PCP, call Member Services and we will check to make sure that the doctor is accepting new patients. Member Services will change your membership record to show the name of your new PCP. Changes to your PCP will take effect on the first day of the month following the date of the request. Member Services will also send you a new membership ID card with the name of your new PCP.

### **Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical and other covered services**

If a member changes their PCP, the new PCP must be a provider that participates in the Hamaspik Medicare Choice provider network. If the PCP is not in the provider network, the PCP is considered to be out-of-network and the member will be responsible for the charges.

Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP. Hamaspik Medicare Choice will also let you know when your PCP leaves the network and will help you choose another PCP so that you can keep getting covered services.

If you are in the course of treatment for a specific illness or injury when you enroll in Hamaspik Medicare Choice, or when your provider leaves the plan's network, please speak to Member Services about transitional care. In some instances, you may be able to continue to receive services from the physician who is outside of the Hamaspik Medicare Choice network until you complete your current course of treatment.

The selection of a PCP does not limit you to a specific group of specialists or hospitals. You can use any specialist or hospital that participates in our network for services.

<b>Section 2.2</b>	<b>What kinds of medical care and other services can you get without getting approval in advance from your PCP?</b>
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You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP.

- Routine women's health care, which includes breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider
- Flu shots, Hepatitis B vaccinations, and pneumonia vaccinations, and other Medicare-covered preventive care services, as long as you get them from a network provider
- Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers
- Urgently needed services from network providers or from out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible, e.g., when you are temporarily outside of the plan's service area
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area. (If possible, please call Member Services before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you are away. Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)
- Visits to a medical specialist.
- Acupuncture services.
- Routine eye exams and eyeglasses



## **Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical and other covered services**

- Routine dental care. (Note that some types of dental procedures require a prior authorization.
- Most lab tests. (Please see Chapter 4 for more information.)

### **Section 2.3      How to get care from specialists and other network providers**

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle condition

#### **What is the role (if any) of the PCP in referring members to specialists and other providers?**

As a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice, you do not need a referral from your PCP to see a network doctor or specialist. However, your PCP is often the best person to advise you when you need one of these services. Your PCP can give you his/her recommendation and advise you as part of your healthcare coordination.

#### **What is the process to obtain prior authorization?**

Hamaspik Medicare Choice will make decisions concerning prior authorizations for other types of services, when they are required. If you need a service that requires prior authorization, please call the Member Services phone number on the back page of this booklet. Please see chapter 4 for a list of services that require prior authorization. These services are marked with an asterisk "\*" in the Benefits Table found in Chapter 4.

#### **Does the selection of a PCP limit members to a specific specialist or hospital to which the PCP refers?**

The selection of a PCP does not limit you to a specific group of network specialists or networks hospitals. You can use any PCP, specialist or hospital that is included in our provider network.

#### **What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?**

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. There are a number of reasons why your provider might leave your plan, but if your doctor or specialist does leave your plan, you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

### **Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical and other covered services**

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will make a good faith effort to provide you with at least 30 days' notice that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified provider to continue managing your health care needs.
- If you are undergoing medical treatment you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment you are receiving is not interrupted.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file an appeal of our decision.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- For assistance, please contact us at 1-833-425-2774. TTY users should call 711.

<b>Section 2.4</b>	<b>How to get care from out-of-network providers</b>
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Generally, you must obtain your treatment from network providers. Members may obtain services from out-of-network providers in the following situations:

- Emergency care, urgently needed care and out-of-area dialysis
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area.
- You need a special service that is not available from one of our network providers. In this situation, you are required to obtain an authorization before you receive your services.

If you get routine care from an out-of-network provider with prior approval from Hamaspik Medicare Choice, you will be responsible for the costs.

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## **SECTION 3      How to get covered services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster**

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<b>Section 3.1      Getting care if you have a medical emergency</b>
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### **What is a “medical emergency” and what should you do if you have one?**

A “**medical emergency**” is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP.

**As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency.**

We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Please call Member Services at 1-833-426-2774. TTY users should call 711.

Member Services is available 7 days a week, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, from October 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021. From April 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, the phone number will be available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.

<b>Legal Term: Emergency Care</b>
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Covered services that are: (1) rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and (2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.
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### **What is covered if you have a medical emergency?**

You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the United States or its territories. Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. For more information, see the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this booklet.

You are also covered for up to \$50,000 in emergency medical care and urgently needed services when you travel outside of the United States. When you receive services outside the U.S., you

## **Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical and other covered services**

will have to pay for them and then request reimbursement from Hamaspik Medicare Choice. Please see Chapter 4 for more information.

If you have an emergency, we will talk with the doctors who are giving you emergency care to help manage and follow up on your care. The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan. If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow.

### **What if it wasn't a medical emergency?**

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care. However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

- You go to a network provider to get the additional care.  
– *or* –
- The additional care you get is considered “urgently needed services” and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, see Section 3.2 below).

<b>Section 3.2</b>	<b>Getting care when you have an urgent need for services</b>
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### **What are “urgently needed services”?**

“Urgently needed services” are provided for a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The unforeseen condition could, for example, be an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition that you have.

### **What if you are in the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?**

You should always try to obtain urgently needed services from network providers. However, if providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible and it is not reasonable to wait to obtain care from your network provider when the network becomes available, we will cover urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider.

## **Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical and other covered services**

If possible, you should always try to obtain urgently needed services from a network provider. Please see the *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* for a list of urgent care centers available in our network or call Member Services for assistance. The phone number is listed on the back page of this handbook.

### **What if you are outside the plan's service area when you have an urgent need for care?**

When you are outside the service area and cannot get care from a network provider, our plan will cover urgently needed services that you get from any provider.

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgent care services outside the United States under the following circumstances. You are covered for up to \$50,000 per year in emergency care and urgently needed services when you travel outside of the United States and its territories. When you receive services outside the U.S., you will have to pay for them and then request reimbursement from Hamaspik Medicare Choice. See Chapter 4 for more information.

### **Section 3.3      Getting care during a disaster**

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: [www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com) for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

Generally, if you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

#### **Legal Term: Out-of-Network Pharmacy**

An out-of-network pharmacy is a pharmacy that doesn't have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. As explained in this Evidence of Coverage, most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply. (Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.)

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## **SECTION 4      What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your covered services?**

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<b>Section 4.1</b>	<b>You can ask us to pay our share of the cost for covered services</b>
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If you have paid for your covered services, or if you have received a bill for covered medical services, go to Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*) for information about what to do.

<b>Section 4.2</b>	<b>What should you do if services are not covered by our plan?</b>
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Hamaspik Medicare Choice covers all medical services that are medically necessary. These services are listed in the plan's Benefits Chart, listed in Chapter 4 of this booklet, and are obtained consistent with plan rules. You are responsible for paying the full cost of services that are not covered by our plan or they were obtained out-of-network and were not authorized. Our plan covers many of your Medicaid covered services, in addition to your Medicare services. Please contact Member Services to see if the service is covered by Medicaid.

If you have any questions about whether we will pay for any medical service or care that you are considering, you have the right to ask us whether we will cover it before you get it. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care.

Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) has more information about what to do if you want a coverage decision from us or want to appeal a decision we have already made. You may also call Member Services to get more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. Once a benefit limit has been reached, additional costs will not count towards your out-of-pocket maximum. Call Member Services if you want to know how much of your benefit limit has been used.

You can call Member Services when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

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## **SECTION 5      How are your medical services covered when you are in a “clinical research study”?**

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<b>Section 5.1      What is a “clinical research study”?</b>
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A clinical research study (also called a “clinical trial”) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. They test new medical care procedures or drugs by asking for volunteers to help with the study. This kind of study is one of the final stages of a research process that helps doctors and scientists see if a new approach works and if it is safe.

Not all clinical research studies are open to members of our plan. Medicare first needs to approve the research study. If you participate in a study that has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study.*

Once Medicare approves the study, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study *and* you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, **you do need to tell us before you start participating in a clinical research study.**

If you plan on participating in a clinical research study, contact Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to let them know that you will be participating in a clinical trial and to find out more specific details about what your plan will pay.

<b>Section 5.2      When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?</b>
---

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you are covered for routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

### Chapter 3. Using the plan's coverage for your medical and other covered services

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care

Original Medicare pays most of the cost of the covered services you receive as part of the study. After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the rest. Like for all covered services, you will pay nothing for the covered services you get in the clinical research study.

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will also pay for part of the costs. We will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan.

*Here's an example of how the cost sharing works:* Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test and we would pay another \$10. This means that you would pay \$10, which is the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits.

In order for us to pay for our share of the costs, you will need to submit a request for payment. With your request, you will need to send us a copy of your Medicare Summary Notices or other documentation that shows what services you received as part of the study and how much you owe. Please see Chapter 7 for more information about submitting requests for payment.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:**

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items and services the study gives you or any participant for free
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

#### Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by reading the publication "Medicare and Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website ([www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov)) You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.



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## **SECTION 6      Rules for getting care covered in a “religious non-medical health care institution”**

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<b>Section 6.1</b>	<b>What is a religious non-medical health care institution?</b>
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A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. You may choose to pursue medical care at any time for any reason. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services). Medicare will only pay for non-medical health care services provided by religious non-medical health care institutions.

<b>Section 6.2</b>	<b>Receiving Care from a Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institution</b>
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To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is “non-excepted.”

- “Non-excepted” medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- “Excepted” medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
  - *and* –
  - You must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.

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**SECTION 7      Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment**

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<b>Section 7.1</b>	<b>Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?</b>
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Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

**Legal Term: Durable Medical Equipment**

Durable medical equipment is certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide.

**What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?**

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. Payments you made while in our plan do not count toward these 13 consecutive payments. If you made fewer than 13 payments for the DME item under Original Medicare *before* you joined our plan, your previous payments also do not count toward the 13 consecutive payments. You will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you return to Original Medicare in order to own the item. There are no exceptions to this case when you return to Original Medicare.

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## **SECTION 8      Rules for Oxygen Equipment, Supplies, and Maintenance**

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<b>Section 8.1      What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?</b>
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If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage, then for as long as you are enrolled, Hamaspik Medicare Choice will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave Hamaspik Medicare Choice or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned to the owner.

<b>Section 8.2      What is your cost sharing? Will it change after 36 months?</b>
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Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is \$0. Your cost sharing will not change after being enrolled for 36 months in Hamaspik Medicare Choice.

If prior to enrolling in Hamaspik Medicare Choice you had made 36 months of rental payment for oxygen equipment coverage, your cost sharing in Hamaspik Medicare Choice is \$0.

<b>Section 8.3      What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?</b>
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If you return to Original Medicare, then you start a new 36-month cycle which renews every five years. For example, if you had paid rentals for oxygen equipment for 36 months prior to joining Hamaspik Medicare Choice, and then return to Original Medicare, you will pay full cost sharing for oxygen equipment coverage. In many cases, Medicaid may pay this cost sharing for you.

Similarly, if you made payments for 36 months while enrolled in Hamaspik Medicare Choice and then return to Original Medicare, you will pay full cost sharing for oxygen equipment coverage. Again, Medicaid may cover this cost for you.

# CHAPTER 4

*Benefits Chart  
(what is covered  
and what you pay)*

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

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## **SECTION 1      Understanding covered services**

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This chapter focuses on what services are covered and what you pay for these services. It includes a Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered.

This plan covers both Medicare and Medicaid services, and the Benefits chart tells you what is covered regardless of whether the service is a Medicare or Medicaid service. It also explains limits on certain services.

<b>Section 1.1      You Pay Nothing for Covered Services</b>
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Because you get assistance from Medicaid, you pay nothing for your covered services as long as you follow the plans' rules for getting your care. (See Chapter 3 for more information about the plans' rules for getting your care, and Chapters 5 and 6 for more information about your prescription drug coverage.)

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- The **“deductible”** is the amount you must pay for medical services before our plan begins to pay its share. Because you have Medicaid benefits, there is no deductible in Hamaspik Medicare Choice.
- A **“copayment”** is the fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- **“Coinsurance”** is the percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

<b>Section 1.2      What is the most you will pay for Part A and Part B covered medical services?</b>
---

**Note:** Because our members also get assistance from Medicaid, very few members ever reach this out-of-pocket maximum. You are not responsible for paying any out-of-pocket costs toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount for covered Part A and Part B services.

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit to how much you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for medical services that are covered under Medicare Part A and

## **Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Part B *OR* by our plan (see the Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2, below). This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket amount for medical services.

### **Legal Term: Maximum Out-of-Pocket**

The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your, Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and prescription drugs do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount. If you are eligible for Medicare cost-sharing assistance under Medicaid, you are not responsible for paying any out-of-pocket costs toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount for covered Part A and Part B services. (Note: Because our members also get assistance from Medicaid, very few members ever reach this out-of-pocket maximum.) See Chapter 4, Section 1, 1.2 for information about your maximum out-of-pocket amount. Please see Chapter 4 for a reference to the Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount.

As a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice, the most you will have to pay out-of-pocket for Part A and Part B services in 2021 is \$6,550. The amounts you pay for copayments, and coinsurance for covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. If you reach the maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$6,550, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

### **Section 1.4      Our plan does not allow providers to “balance bill” you**

As a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice, an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called “balance billing.” This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don’t pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works:

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:

## Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

- If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral.)
- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you get a referral.)
- If you believe a provider has "balance billed" you, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service. If you receive a bill from a provider, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

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## **SECTION 2      Use the *Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered for you and how much you will pay**

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<b>Section 2.1</b>	<b>Your medical and costs as a member of the plan</b>
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The Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services Hamaspik Medicare Choice covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare and Medicaid covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare and Medicaid.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, and equipment) *must* be medically necessary. "Medically necessary" means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You receive your care from a network provider. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be covered. Chapter 3 provides more information about requirements for using network providers and the situations when we will cover services from an out-of-network provider.
- You have a primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care.
- Some of the services listed in the Benefits Chart are covered *only* if your doctor or other




## Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called “prior authorization”) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Benefits Chart by an asterisk. In addition, the following services not listed in the Benefits Chart require prior authorization:


- All procedures considered experimental/investigational that are required by Medicare to be covered services
- All transplants and all transplant evaluations
- Reconstructive procedures that may be considered cosmetic
- All referrals to non-participating providers
- Home Infusion Procedures/Services

Other important things to know about our coverage:


- You are covered by both Medicare and Medicaid. Medicare covers health care and prescription drugs. Medicaid covers your cost sharing for Medicare services. For more information, please go to Chapter 4.
- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2021* Handbook. View it online at [www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov) or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you.
- Sometimes, Medicare adds coverage under Original Medicare for new services during the year. If Medicare adds coverage for any services during 2021, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.
- Many of your Medicaid services, like long-term care, home and community- based services, transportation and dental care are covered by Hamaspik Medicare Choice. The Benefits Chart includes information about all of your covered services, including both Medicare and Medicaid services.
- Although this plan includes many of your Medicaid services, there are some that are still covered by Medicaid directly. Any Medicaid services not included in the combined plan benefit package, continue to be available to you when provided by any Medicaid enrolled provider on a Medicaid fee-for-service basis.
- If you are within our plan’s one-month period of deemed continued eligibility, we will continue to provide all Medicare Advantage plan-covered Medicare benefits.
-  You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**



**Benefits Chart**




Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 <b>Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening</b> A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p><b>Acupuncture for chronic low back pain</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <p>Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances:</p> <p>For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lasting 12 weeks or longer;</li> <li>• nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious, etc. disease);</li> <li>• not associated with surgery; and</li> <li>• not associated with pregnancy.</li> </ul> <p>An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.</p> <p>Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.</p> <p>In addition to the acupuncture visits described above for chronic lower back pain, you are also covered for 12 additional acupuncture visits each year, for other health needs.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for each acupuncture visit.</p> <p>Prior authorization is not required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Adult day health care</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adult day health care includes the following services: medical, nursing, food and nutrition, social services, rehabilitation therapy, leisure time activities which are a planned program of diverse meaningful activities, dental, pharmaceutical, and other ancillary services.</li> <li>• Services are provided in a residential health care facility or other site, under the direction of a physician.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for adult day health care services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required, based on your plan of care.</p>
<p><b>Ambulance services</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Covered ambulance services include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan.</li> <li>• Non-emergency transportation by ambulance is appropriate if it is documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for ground and air-ambulance services.</p> <p>Authorization is not required in an emergency.</p> <p>* Scheduled transportation by ambulance requires an authorization.</p>
<p> <b>Annual wellness visit</b></p> <p>If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a "Welcome to Medicare" visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**



Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p> <b>Bone mass measurement</b></p> <p>For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p> <b>Breast cancer screening (mammograms)</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39</li> <li>• One screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and older</li> <li>• Clinical breast exams once every 24 months</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p><b>Cardiac rehabilitation services</b></p> <p>Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order.</p> <p>. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitation services.</p> <p>*Authorization is required for all rehabilitation therapy services.</p>

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 <b>Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)</b> We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
 <b>Cardiovascular disease testing</b> Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months)	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
 <b>Cervical and vaginal cancer screening</b> Covered services include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months</li> <li>• If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<b>Chiropractic services</b> Covered services include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare covered chiropractic services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required.</p>


**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p> <b>Colorectal cancer screening</b></p> <p>For people 50 and older, the following are covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 48 months</li> </ul> <p>One of the following every 12 months:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test (gFOBT)</li> <li>• Fecal immunochemical test (FIT)</li> </ul> <p>DNA based colorectal screening every 3 years</p> <p>For people at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Screening colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 24 months</li> </ul> <p>For people not at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Screening colonoscopy every 10 years (120 months), but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p><b>Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS)</b></p> <p>You may receive personal care and other supportive services using CDPAS. If you choose to receive CDPAS services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You will be able to hire and supervise your own worker to provide assistance with your daily needs.</li> <li>• Your worker could be a family member, friend, or another person who you select.</li> <li>• In order to choose this service, your doctor will have to certify that you are able to supervise your worker.</li> <li>• Your worker will have to register with an agency in order to submit timesheets and receive paychecks.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for CDPAS services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required, based on your plan of care.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Dental services</b></p> <p>In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare.</p> <p>We cover Medicaid covered preventive and restorative dental services, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cleaning (once every six months)</li> <li>• Oral exam (once every six months)</li> <li>• X-ray(s)</li> <li>• Basic restorative services, such as fillings, extractions, and dentures.</li> <li>• Other restorative dental services (such as root canals or dental implants) are covered when they are needed to ease a medical problem; and your dentist says that dental implants needed.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for covered dental services.</p> <p>Basic dental care does not require authorization.</p> <p>* Some restorative services require authorization.</p>
<p> <b>Depression screening</b></p> <p>We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p> <b>Diabetes screening</b></p> <p>We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.</p> <p>Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered diabetes screening tests.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p> <b>Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies</b></p> <p>For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors.</li> <li>• For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.</li> <li>• Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered diabetes self-management training, screening tests and supplies.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p><b>Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies</b></p> <p>(For a definition of “durable medical equipment,” see Chapter 12 of this booklet.)</p> <p>Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.</p> <p>We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare and Medicaid. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare-covered and Medicaid-covered durable medical equipment.</p> <p>* Authorization is required.</p>



**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Emergency care</b></p> <p>Emergency care refers to services that are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and</li> <li>• Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition.</li> </ul> <p>A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.</p> <p>Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.</p> <p>You are covered for up to \$50,000 in worldwide emergency and urgent care coverage when you travel outside the United States and its territories. There is no copayment or coinsurance for this benefit.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for emergency care and post stabilization.</p> <p>Authorization is not required in an emergency, for care at an in-network or out-of-network provider.</p> <p>If you receive emergency care at an out-of-network hospital and need inpatient care after your emergency condition is stabilized, you must return to a network hospital in order for your care to continue to be covered, or you must have your inpatient care at the out-of-network hospital authorized by the plan.</p>
<p> <b>Health and wellness education programs</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Health education materials, which will focus on a variety of health conditions</li> <li>• The Nurse Hotline which is available on the weekends and holidays when the care management offices are closed.</li> </ul>	<p>There is no copayment for the services described in this section.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Hearing services</b></p> <p>Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.</p> <p>You are also covered for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A routine hearing exam, performed by an audiologist</li> <li>• Hearing Aids:</li> <li>• Fitting for hearing aids.</li> <li>• Hearing aid repairs</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare and Medicaid covered hearing services.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p> <b>HIV screening</b></p> <p>For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One screening exam every 12 months</li> </ul> <p>For women who are pregnant, we cover:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered preventive HIV screening.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p><b>Home-Delivered and Congregate Meals</b></p> <p>Home delivered and congregate meals are delivered to your home or provided in congregate settings (for example, at a senior center), for individuals who are unable to prepare meals or have them prepared.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for covered meals.</p> <p>* Authorization is required, based on your plan of care.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Home health agency care</b></p> <p>Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.</p> <p>You are covered for Medicare and Medicaid home health care, including but not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services</li> <li>• Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy</li> <li>• Medical and social services</li> <li>• Medical equipment and supplies</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for home health services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required.</p>
<p><b>Home infusion therapy</b></p> <p>Home infusion therapy is the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Professional services including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care</li> <li>• Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit</li> <li>• Remote monitoring</li> <li>• Monitoring services for the provision of human infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier</li> <li>• Home infusion drugs (for example, antivirals, immune globulin)</li> <li>• Home infusion equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for home infusion therapy.</p> <p>* Authorization is required.</p>


**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Hospice care</b></p> <p>You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider. Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drugs for symptom control and pain relief</li> <li>• Short-term respite care</li> <li>• Home care</li> </ul> <p>Note: Our plan also covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.</p> <p><u>For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis:</u> Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay for your hospice services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for.</p>	<p>When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not Hamaspik Medicare Choice.</p> <p>You pay \$0 for a one-time hospice consultation for a terminally ill member who had not elected the hospice benefit.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<b>Hospice care (continued)</b>	
<p><u>For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis:</u> If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network:</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you obtain the covered services from a network provider, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services</li> <li>• If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare)</li> </ul>	
<p><u>For services that are covered by Hamaspik Medicare Choice, but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B:</u> Hamaspik Medicare Choice will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.</p>	
<p><u>For drugs that may be covered by the plan's Part D benefit:</u> Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please see Chapter 5, Section 9.4 (<i>What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice</i>)</p>	
<p><b>Note:</b> If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.</p>	

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p> <b>Immunizations</b></p> <p>Covered Medicare Part B services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pneumonia vaccine</li> <li>• Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary</li> <li>• Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B</li> <li>• Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules</li> </ul> <p>We also cover some vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, and Hepatitis B vaccines.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p><b>Inpatient hospital care</b></p> <p>Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.</p> <p>Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)</li> <li>• Meals including special diets</li> <li>• Regular nursing services</li> <li>• Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)</li> <li>• Drugs and medications</li> <li>• Lab tests</li> <li>• X-rays and other radiology services</li> <li>• Necessary surgical and medical supplies</li> <li>• Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs</li> <li>• Operating and recovery room costs</li> <li>• Physician services</li> <li>• Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy</li> <li>• Inpatient substance abuse services</li> </ul>	<p>You are covered for inpatient acute care, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services.</p> <p>You pay \$0 for Medicare- and Medicaid-covered inpatient hospital services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required, except when the admission is the result of an emergency or urgently needed services.</p>

*(continued on next page)*

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

**Inpatient hospital care (continued)**

- Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant.
- Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Hamaspik Medicare Choice provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion.
- Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are also covered beginning with the first pint used.

\* Authorization is required if you get inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized.

Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.” If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.

You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called “Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!” This fact sheet is available on the Web at: [www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf](http://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

**Legal Term: Benefit Period**


A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility (SNF). The benefit period ends when you haven’t received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. If you go into a hospital or a SNF after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods.

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**


Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Inpatient mental health care</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay</li> <li>• Medicare covers up to 190 days of inpatient psychiatric hospital services during your lifetime. Inpatient psychiatric hospital services count toward the 190-day lifetime limitation only if certain conditions are met.</li> <li>• Your Medicaid benefits cover inpatient mental health services that exceed the Medicare limit.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for a Medicare-covered or Medicaid-covered inpatient mental health services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required except when the admission is the result of an emergency or urgently needed services.</p>
<p><b>Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay</b></p> <p>If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Physician services</li> <li>• Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)</li> <li>• X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services</li> <li>• Surgical dressings</li> <li>• Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> <li>• Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices</li> <li>• Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses; and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition</li> <li>• Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for the inpatient services that are listed in this section.</p> <p>*Authorization is required, except when the admission is the result of an emergency or urgently needed services.</p>



**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Medical and Surgical Supplies, Parenteral Formula, Enteral Formula, Nutritional Supplements, and Hearing Aid Batteries</b></p> <p>These items are generally considered to be one-time only use, and are consumable or disposable after use.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Coverage of enteral formula and nutritional supplements are limited to coverage only for nasogastric, jejunostomy, or gastrostomy tube feeding. Coverage of these items is limited to individuals who cannot obtain nutrition through any other means, in the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• tube-fed individuals who cannot chew or swallow food and must obtain nutrition through formula via tube</li> <li>• individuals with rare inborn metabolic disorders requiring specific medical formulas to provide essential nutrients not available through any other means</li> <li>• children who require medical formulas due to mitigating factors in growth and development.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Coverage for certain inherited diseases of amino acid and organic acid metabolism includes modified solid food products that are low-protein or contain modified protein.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for these services and products.</p> <p>* Authorization is required.</p>
<p> <b>Medical nutrition therapy</b></p> <p>This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.</p> <p>We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>


**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Medical Social Services</b></p> <p>Medical social services include assessing the need for, arranging for and providing aid for social problems related to the maintenance of a patient in the home where such services are performed by a qualified social worker.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for medical social services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required, based on your plan of care.</p>
<p> <b>Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)</b></p> <p>MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.</p> <p>MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the MDPP benefit.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p><b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs</b></p> <p>These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgical center services</li> <li>• Drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan</li> <li>• Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia</li> </ul> <p><i>(continued on next page)</i></p>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare Part B chemotherapy and radiation drugs and Other Part B drugs.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<b>Medicare Part B prescription drugs (continued)</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Immunosuppressive drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant</li> <li>• Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug</li> <li>• Antigens</li> <li>• Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and anti-nausea drugs</li> <li>• Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, or Darbepoetin Alfa)</li> <li>• Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases</li> </ul>	
<p>Step therapy rules may apply to some medications. The following link will take you to a list of Part B Drugs that may be subject to Step Therapy.</p>	
<p><a href="https://4d.adaptiverx.com/webSearch/index?key=cnhmbGV4LnBsYW4uUGxhblBkZIR5cGUtMTExNQ==">https://4d.adaptiverx.com/webSearch/index?key=cnhmbGV4LnBsYW4uUGxhblBkZIR5cGUtMTExNQ==</a></p>	
<p>You can also visit <a href="http://www.hamaspik.com">www.hamaspik.com</a> and click on the “Find a Covered Drug,” or you can contact member services if you need more information.</p>	
<p>We also cover some vaccines under our Part B and Part D prescription drug benefit.</p>	
<p>Chapter 5 explains the Part D prescription drug benefit, including rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs through our plan is explained in Chapter 6.</p>	

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Nutrition services</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assessment of nutritional status/needs and food preferences</li> <li>• Development and evaluation of treatment plans</li> <li>• Nutritional education (including cultural considerations)</li> <li>• Provision of nutrition counseling to meet normal and therapeutic needs.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for nutrition services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required, based on your plan of care.</p>
<p> <b>Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss</b></p> <p>If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p><b>Opioid treatment program services</b></p> <p>Opioid use disorder treatment services are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these services through our plan. Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FDA-approved opioid agonist and antagonist treatment medications and the dispensing and administration of such medications, if applicable</li> <li>• Substance use counseling</li> <li>• Individual and group therapy</li> <li>• Toxicology testing</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare covered Opioid Treatment Program Services.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies</b></p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• X-rays</li> <li>• Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies</li> <li>• Surgical supplies, such as dressings</li> <li>• Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> <li>• Laboratory tests</li> <li>• Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are also covered beginning with the first pint used</li> <li>• Other outpatient diagnostic tests</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare covered services.</p> <p>Routine lab tests do not require prior authorization.</p> <p>* Authorization is required for certain diagnostic procedures, non-lab tests and genetic testing procedures.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Outpatient hospital observation</b></p> <p>Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.</p> <p>For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.” If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called “Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!” This fact sheet is available on the Web at <a href="http://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf">www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for outpatient hospital observation services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Outpatient hospital services</b></p> <p>We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.</p> <p>Covered services include, but are not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery</li> <li>• Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital</li> <li>• Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it</li> <li>• X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital</li> <li>• Medical supplies such as splints and casts</li> <li>• Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.</p> <p>You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at <a href="http://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf">www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2018-09/11435-Are-You-an-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf</a> or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for outpatient hospital services received at a network hospital.</p> <p>* Authorization is required for Medicare-covered outpatient hospital services.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Outpatient mental health care</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.</li> <li>• Members may self-refer for one mental health assessment each year.</li> </ul> <p>Additional telehealth services are covered for individual and group sessions for mental health specialty services. Telehealth services allow members to access health care services remotely while your mental health provider manages your care.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for outpatient mental health services.</p> <p>Authorizations are not required.</p>
<p><b>Outpatient rehabilitation services</b></p> <p>Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.</p> <p>Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).</p> <p><b>Legal Term: CORF</b></p> <p>A CORF is a facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, and provides a variety of services including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare or Medicaid covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Physical therapy</li> <li>• Speech therapy</li> <li>• Occupational therapy</li> </ul> <p>* Authorization is required.</p>



**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Outpatient substance abuse services</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Individual and group sessions for outpatient substance abuse services.</li> <li>• Members may self-refer for one assessment for substance abuse services each year.</li> </ul> <p>Additional telehealth services are covered for outpatient individual and group sessions for substance abuse. Telehealth services allow members to access health care services remotely while your provider manages your care.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for individual or group sessions for outpatient substance abuse services.</p> <p>Authorizations are not required.</p>
<p><b>Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”</p> <p><b>Legal Term: Ambulatory Surgical Center</b> An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for services received at an ambulatory surgical center.</p> <p>*Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Over-The-Counter Health Items</b></p> <p>You are covered for Over-the-Counter (OTC) health products.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hamaspik Medicare Choice will send you information about the OTC benefit in your Welcome Kit.</li> <li>• Members will receive a catalog that lists all covered products, and instructions for ordering. Only certain types of OTC products that are approved by Medicare can be covered.</li> <li>• OTC products that you order will be delivered to your home at no cost to you.</li> <li>• You can use the OTC benefit to purchase items only for yourself.</li> <li>• Your balance will not roll-over from month to month.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for covered over-the-counter (OTC) products.</p> <p>You are eligible for a maximum of \$135.00 per month for covered OTC products.</p>
<p><b>Partial hospitalization services</b></p> <p>“Partial hospitalization” is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital start outpatient service or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor’s or therapist’s office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for each partial hospitalization.</p> <p>* Authorization is required.</p>
<p><b>Personal care services</b></p> <p>Personal care services (PCS) are the provision of some or total assistance with day-to-day activities, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• personal hygiene,</li> <li>• dressing</li> <li>• meal preparation and feeding</li> <li>• environmental support function tasks (housekeeping).</li> </ul> <p>Services must be essential to the maintenance of the Member’s health and safety in his or her own home. Personal care must be medically necessary and ordered by the Member’s physician.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for personal care services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required, based on your plan of care.</p>


**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Personal Emergency Response System (PERS)</b></p> <p>PERS is an electronic device which enables high-risk individuals to secure help in the event of a physical, emotional or environmental emergency. These systems are usually connected to a member's phone and signal a response center once a "help" button is activated. In the event of an emergency, the signal is appropriately acted upon by a response center.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for PERS services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required, based on your plan of care.</p>
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician's office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location</li> <li>• Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist</li> <li>• Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment</li> </ul> <p>Additional telehealth services are covered for primary care physician and physician specialist services. Telehealth services allow members to access health care services remotely while your provider manages your care. The following providers may offer Telehealth services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Primary Care Physician Services</li> <li>• Physician Specialist Services</li> <li>• Individual and Group Sessions for Mental Health Specialty Services</li> <li>• Individual and Group Sessions for Psychiatric Services</li> <li>• Individual and Group Sessions for Outpatient Substance Abuse</li> </ul> <p>If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. Telehealth services may include:</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for each primary care or specialist doctor visit.</p> <p>Authorizations or referrals for PCP and Specialist services are not required.</p>



**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued).</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Brief virtual check-ins</li> <li>• Remote evaluation of pre-recorded video and/or images sent to your doctor</li> <li>• Consultation that your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record (if you are not a new patient)</li> <li>• Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Podiatry services</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)</li> <li>• Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs</li> <li>• Services also include up to 4 visits for routine foot care each year.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare-covered and Medicaid-covered podiatry benefits.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p><b>Private Duty Nursing</b></p> <p>Private duty nursing services may be provided by a registered professional nurse or licensed practical nurse.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Services can be provided through an approved certified home health agency, a licensed home care agency, or a private Practitioner.</li> <li>• Services may be intermittent, part-time or continuous.</li> <li>• Services are generally provided in the Member's home.</li> <li>• Services are covered when determined by the Member's attending physician or other provider (NP or PA) to be medically necessary.</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for private duty nursing services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required, based on your plan of care.</p>


**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p> <b>Prostate cancer screening exams</b></p> <p>For men age 50 and older, covered services include the following – once every 12 months:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Digital rectal exam</li> <li>• Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test</li> </ul>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p><b>Prosthetic devices, orthotics, orthopedic footwear, and related supplies</b></p> <p>You are covered for</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prosthetic devices (other than dental) – Replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement if needed.</li> <li>• Orthotic appliances – devices (such as a brace or splint) for supporting, immobilizing, or treating muscles, joints, or bones that are weak, deformed, or injured. They are used over a period of time, and are usually fitted, designed or fashioned for a particular individual's use.</li> <li>• Orthopedic footwear – Shoes that are specifically designed to support or accommodate the mechanics and structure of the foot, ankle and leg.</li> <li>• Coverage also includes certain services following cataract removal or cataract surgery. (See “Vision Care” later in this section for more detail.)</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare-covered and Medicaid-covered prosthetic devices, orthotics, and orthopedic footwear.</p> <p>* Authorization is required.</p>
<p><b>Pulmonary rehabilitation services</b></p> <p>Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p> <b>Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse</b></p> <p>We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol but aren't alcohol dependent.</p> <p>If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>
<p> <b>Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)</b></p> <p>For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.</p> <p><b>Eligible members are:</b></p> <p>People aged 55 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 30 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.</p> <p><b>For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening:</b></p> <p>The member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare covered counseling and shared decision making visit or for the LDCT.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p> <b>Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs</b></p> <p>We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.</p> <p>We also cover up to 2 individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Services to treat kidney disease</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime.</li> <li>• Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3)</li> <li>• Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)</li> <li>• Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)</li> <li>• Home dialysis equipment and supplies</li> <li>• Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)</li> </ul> <p>Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, “Medicare Part B prescription drugs.”</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for kidney disease education.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>



## Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

### Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care

(For a definition of “skilled nursing facility care,” see Chapter 12 of this booklet. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called “SNFs.”)

You pay \$0 for Medicare and Medicaid covered nursing home services.

An inpatient hospital stay is not required prior to a nursing home admission. You are covered for:

- Short-term nursing facility care after a hospitalization, and
- Long term nursing home services, including custodial care.

\* Authorization is required.


Covered services in a nursing facility include but are not limited to:

- Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)
- Meals, including special diets
- Skilled nursing services
- Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy
- Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood clotting factors.)
- Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are also covered beginning with the first pint used.
- Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by SNFs
- X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by SNFs
- Physician/Practitioner services

Generally, you will get your SNF care from network facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to get your care from a facility that isn't a network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment.

- A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care)
- A SNF where your spouse is living at the time you leave the hospital

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care</b> (continued)</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Additional Medicaid eligibility requirements may apply in order to be eligible for long term SNF coverage.</p> <p><b>Legal Term: Custodial Care</b> Custodial care includes personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that can be provided by people who don't have professional skills or training, such as help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health- related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care. This type of care is covered by Medicaid.</p>	
<p> <b>Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)</b></p> <p><u>If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease:</u> We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p> <p><u>If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco:</u> We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period; however, you will pay the applicable cost sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Social day care</b></p> <p>Social day care programs provide functionally impaired Members with socialization; supervision and monitoring; personal care; and nutrition in a protective setting. Services may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maintenance and enhancement of daily living skills</li> <li>• Meals</li> <li>• Transportation</li> <li>• Caregiver assistance</li> <li>• Case coordination</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for social day care services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required, based on your plan of care.</p>
<p><b>Social and environmental supports</b></p> <p>Social and environmental supports are services and items that support the medical needs of the Member. These services and items may include but are not limited to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Home maintenance tasks</li> <li>• Homemaker/chore services</li> <li>• Housing improvements</li> <li>• Extermination services</li> <li>• Respite care</li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for social and environmental supports.</p> <p>* Authorization is required, based on your plan of care.</p>


**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)</b></p> <p>SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD)</p> <p>Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met. The SET program must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication</li> <li>• Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office</li> <li>• Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD</li> <li>• Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques</li> </ul> <p>SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare-covered Supervised Exercise Therapy.</p> <p>* Authorization is required.</p>
<p><b>Transportation (Non-emergency)</b></p> <p>Coverage includes transportation to your medical appointments and other health services are covered by Hamaspik Medicare Choice. Services are available by car service or ambulette or public transportation, depending on your individual needs.</p> <p>Please call member services at least 48 hours before your appointment to arrange for your transportation.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for transportation services.</p> <p>* Authorization is required</p>


**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p><b>Urgently needed services</b></p> <p>Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible.</p> <p>Urgently needed services are provided to treat unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care but is not an emergency.</p> <p>You are also covered for up to \$50,000 in worldwide emergency and urgent care coverage when you travel outside the United States and its territories. There is no copayment or coinsurance for this benefit.</p>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare-covered urgently needed care visits.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
<p> <b>Vision care</b></p> <p>Covered services include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts</li> <li>• For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African-Americans who are age 50 and older, and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older</li> <li>• For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year</li> <li>• One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.)</li> <li>• You are covered for a routine eye exam once every two years.</li> <li>• You are covered for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ One pair of eyeglasses including frames and lenses plus upgrades every two years, or</li> <li>○ One pair of contact lenses every two years</li> <li>○ Up to \$200 for eyeglasses or contact lenses every two years</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>You pay \$0 for Medicare covered and Medicaid covered eye exams and services.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
 <b>“Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit</b> <p>The plan covers the one-time “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.</p> <p><b>Important:</b> We cover the “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor’s office know you would like to schedule your “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit.</p>	<p>There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the “Welcome to Medicare” preventive visit.</p> <p>Authorization is not required.</p>

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## **SECTION 3      What services are covered outside of Hamaspik Medicare Choice?**

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### **Section 3.1      Services *not* covered by Hamaspik Medicare Choice**

The following services are not covered by Hamaspik Medicare Choice but are available through Fee-for-Service Medicaid. Please show your New York State Medicaid card to your provider if you need these benefits.

- Certain Mental Health Services, including:
  - Intensive Psychiatric Rehabilitation Treatment Programs
  - Day Treatment
  - Continuing Day Treatment
  - Case Management for Seriously and Persistently Mentally Ill (sponsored by state or local mental health units)
  - Partial Hospitalizations
  - Assertive Community Treatment (ACT)
  - Personalized Recovery Oriented Services (PROS)
- Directly Observed Therapy for Tuberculosis Disease
- Medicaid Pharmacy Benefits (select drug categories excluded from the Medicare Part D benefit)
- Methadone Maintenance Treatment Programs

**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

- Medicaid services covered by the Office for People with Developmental Disabilities (OPWDD)
- Rehabilitation Services Provided to Residents of OMH Licensed Community Residences (CRs) and Family Based Treatment Programs

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**SECTION 4      What services are not covered by Medicare *OR* Medicaid?**


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<b>Section 4.1</b>	<b>Services <i>not</i> covered by the plan <i>OR</i> Medicare (Medicare exclusions) <i>OR</i> Medicaid</b>
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This section tells you what services are “excluded” by Medicare. Excluded means that the plan *OR* Medicare *OR* Medicaid doesn’t cover these services.

The chart on the next page describes some services and items that aren’t covered by the plan *OR* Medicare *OR* Medicaid under any conditions or are covered only under specific conditions.

The only exception: we will pay if a service in the chart below is found upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 6.3 in this booklet.)

All exclusions or limitations on services are described in the Benefits Chart or in the chart below.

Services not covered by Medicare or Medicaid or Hamaspik Medicare Choice	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to the standards of Original Medicare	✓	
Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by our plan and Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.		✓ May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan (See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)



**Chapter 4. Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)**

<b>Services not covered by Medicare or Medicaid or Hamaspik Medicare Choice</b>	<b>Not covered under any condition</b>	<b>Covered only under specific conditions</b>
Private room in a hospital		<p style="text-align: center;">✓</p> <p>Covered only when medically necessary</p>
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television	✓	
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		<p style="text-align: center;">✓</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member</li> <li>• Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance</li> </ul>
Routine chiropractic care		<p style="text-align: center;">✓</p> <p>Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered.</p>
Radial keratotomy and LASIK surgery	✓	
Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies	✓	
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments)	✓	

# CHAPTER 5

*Using the plan's coverage for  
your Part D prescription drugs*

## **Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

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**How can you get information about your drug costs if you're receiving "Extra Help" with your Part D prescription drug costs?**

Because you have Medicaid benefits and are in the "Extra Help" program, **some information in this *Evidence of Coverage* about the costs for Part D prescription drugs does not apply to you.** We have included a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the "LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Member Services and ask for the "LIS Rider." (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

**Legal Term: Part D Drugs**

Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. (See your formulary for a specific list of covered drugs.) Certain categories of drugs were specifically excluded by Congress from being covered as Part D drugs. See Chapter 5 for a reference to Part D.

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**SECTION 1 Introduction**

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**Section 1.1 This chapter describes your coverage for Part D drugs**

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This chapter **explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs.** The next chapter tells what you pay for Part D drugs (Chapter 6, *What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*). In addition to your coverage for Part D drugs, Hamaspik Medicare Choice also covers some drugs under the plan's medical benefits. Through its coverage of Medicare Part A benefits, our plan generally covers drugs you are given during covered stays in the hospital or in a skilled nursing facility. Through its coverage of Medicare Part B benefits, our plan covers drugs including certain chemotherapy drugs, certain drug injections you are given during an office visit, and drugs you are given at a dialysis facility. Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*) tells about the benefits and costs for drugs during a covered hospital or skilled nursing facility stay, as well as your benefits and costs for Part B drugs.

Your drugs may be covered by Original Medicare if you are in Medicare hospice. Our plan only covers Medicare Parts A, B, and D services and drugs that are unrelated to your terminal prognosis and related conditions and therefore not covered under the Medicare hospice benefit. For more information, please see Section 9.4 (*What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice*). For information on hospice coverage, see the hospice section of Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

The following sections discuss coverage of your drugs under the plan's Part D benefit rules. Section 9, *Part D drug coverage in special situations* includes more information on your Part D coverage and Original Medicare.

In addition to the drugs covered by Medicare, some prescription drugs are covered for you under your Medicaid benefits. Contact Hamaspik Medicare Choice Member Services for more information about prescriptions that are covered by Medicaid.

## **Section 1.2 Basic rules for the plan's Part D drug coverage**

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist or other prescriber) write your prescription.
- Your prescriber must either accept Medicare or file documentation with CMS showing that he or she is qualified to write prescriptions, or your Part D claim will be denied. You should ask your prescribers the next time you call or visit if they meet this condition. If not, please be aware it takes time for your prescriber to submit the necessary paperwork to be processed.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (See Section 2, *Fill your prescriptions at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service.*)
- Your drug must be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* (we call it the "Drug List" for short). (See Section 3, *Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List."*)
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. (See Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

## **SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service**

### **Section 2.1 To have your prescription covered, use a network pharmacy**

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered *only* if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (See Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term "covered drugs" means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are covered on the plan's Drug List.

#### **Legal Term: List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or "Drug List")**

A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The list includes both brand name and generic drugs.

### **Section 2.2 Finding network pharmacies**

#### **How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?**

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your *Pharmacy and Provider Directory*, visit our website ([www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com)), or call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

## Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

You may go to any of our network pharmacies. If you switch from one network pharmacy to another, and you need a refill of a drug you have been taking, you can ask to have a new prescription written by a provider or to have your prescription transferred to your new network pharmacy.

### What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. To find another network pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or use the *Pharmacy & Provider Directory*. You can also find information on our website at [www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com).

### What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a long-term care facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies, which is typically the pharmacy that the LTC facility uses. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Member Services.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use.  
(Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your *Pharmacy & Provider Directory* or call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

<b>Section 2.3</b>	<b>Using the plan's mail-order services</b>
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For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network mail-order services. Generally, the drugs provided through mail order are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order *at least* a 30-day supply of the drug and *no more than* a 90-day supply.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail, please review the information in your Welcome Kit, call Member Services at the phone number listed on the back cover of this booklet, or check our website at [www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com).

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

Usually a mail-order pharmacy order will get to you in no more than 14 days. There may be an instance when the delivery of your prescription medication has been delayed. If you do not receive your prescription within 14 days, please contact Member Services.

**New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office**

After the pharmacy receives a prescription from a health care provider, it will contact you to see if you want the medication filled immediately or at a later time. This will give you an opportunity to make sure that the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if needed, allow you to stop or delay the order before you are billed and it is shipped. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

**Refills on mail-order prescriptions**

For refills, please contact your pharmacy no more than 30 days before you think the drugs you have on hand will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

So the pharmacy can reach you to confirm your order before shipping, please make sure to let the pharmacy know the best ways to contact you. Please remember to always include your telephone number on the mail order form.

<b>Section 2.4</b>	<b>How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?</b>
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When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost sharing may be lower. The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an “extended supply”) of “maintenance” drugs on our plan's Drug List. (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.) You may order this supply through mail order (see Section 2.3) or you may go to a retail pharmacy.

- **Some retail pharmacies** in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Some of these retail pharmacies may agree to accept a lower cost-sharing amount for a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Other retail pharmacies may not agree to accept the lower *OR* mail-order cost-sharing amounts for a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. In this case you will be responsible for the difference in price. Your *Pharmacy & Provider Directory* tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Member Services for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- For certain kinds of drugs, you can use the plan's network **mail-order services**. Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order *at least* a 30-day supply of the drug and *no more than* a 90-day supply. See Section 2.3 for more information about using our mail-order services.



<b>Section 2.5</b>	<b>When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?</b>
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**Your prescription may be covered in certain situations**

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy *only* when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. If you cannot use a network pharmacy, here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

- If you are travelling out of the service area, become ill and there is no network pharmacy within a reasonable driving distance of your location.
- If you are out of the service area, and run out of your medication and cannot reach a network pharmacy.
- If you are trying to fill a covered prescription drug that is not regularly stocked at an eligible network retail or mail-order pharmacy (these include orphan drugs or other specialty pharmaceuticals.)

In these situations, **please check first with Member Services** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

**How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?**

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal share of the cost) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us to reimburse you. (Chapter 7, Section 2.1 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

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**SECTION 3      Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List"**


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<b>Section 3.1</b>	<b>The "Drug List" tells which Part D drugs are covered</b>
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The plan has a "*List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*." In this *Evidence of Coverage*, we call it the "**Drug List**" for short.

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the plan's Drug List. The Drug List includes the drugs covered under Medicare Part D (earlier in this chapter, Section 1.1 explains about Part D drugs). In addition to the drugs covered by Medicare, some prescription drugs are covered for you under your Medicaid benefits. Please call Member Services for more information about prescription drugs covered by Medicaid.

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's Drug List as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the use of the drug is a medically accepted indication. A "medically accepted indication" is a use of the drug that is *either*:

## Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

- Approved by the Food and Drug Administration. (That is, the Food and Drug Administration has approved the drug for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.)  
-- or --
- Supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information, and the DRUGDEX Information System.

### The Drug List includes both brand name and generic drugs

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Generally, it works just as well as the brand name drug and usually costs less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs.

### Over-the-Counter Drugs

Our plan also covers certain over-the-counter drugs. Some over-the-counter drugs are less expensive than prescription drugs and work just as well. For more information, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### What is *not* on the Drug List?

Medicaid-covered drugs are not included on the Hamaspik Medicare Choice formulary. Please call Member Services for more information about prescription drugs that are covered under Medicaid. To obtain a Medicaid-covered drug, use your Medicaid card at your pharmacy.

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

- In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (for more information about this, see Section 7.1 in this chapter).
- In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on our Drug List.

<b>Section 3.2</b>	<b>There is 1 “cost-sharing tier” for drugs on the Drug List</b>
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Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one cost-sharing tier. Tier 1 includes both Generic and Brand Name Drugs.

The amount you pay for drugs is shown in Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*).

<b>Section 3.3</b>	<b>How can you find out if a specific drug is on the Drug List?</b>
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You have 3 ways to find out:

1. Check the most recent Drug List we sent you in the mail. This is also available electronically at our website.
2. Visit the plan's website ([www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com)). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.

## Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

3. Call Member Services to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

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### SECTION 4      There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs

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<b>Section 4.1      Why do some drugs have restrictions?</b>
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For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. These special rules also help control overall drug costs, which keeps your drug coverage more affordable.

In general, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. Whenever a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option. We also need to comply with Medicare's rules and regulations for drug coverage and cost sharing.

**If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug.** If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 7.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once in our drug list. This is because different restrictions or cost sharing may apply based on factors such as the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

<b>Section 4.2      What kinds of restrictions?</b>
---

Our plan uses different types of restrictions to help our members use drugs in the most effective ways. The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

#### **Restricting brand name drugs when a generic version is available**

Generally, a "generic" drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less. **In most cases, when a generic version of a brand name drug is available, our network pharmacies will provide you the generic version.** We usually will not cover the brand name drug when a generic version is available. However, if your provider has told us the medical reason that the generic drug will not work for you *OR* has written "No substitutions" on your prescription for a brand name drug *OR* has told us the medical reason that neither the generic drug nor other covered drugs that treat the same condition will work for you, then we will cover the brand name drug. (Your share of the cost may be greater for the brand name drug than for the generic drug.)

**Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs****Getting plan approval in advance**

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called “**prior authorization**.” Sometimes the requirement for getting approval in advance helps guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

**Trying a different drug first**

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition and Drug A is less costly, the plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called “**step therapy**.”

**Quantity limits**

For certain drugs, we limit the amount of the drug that you can have by limiting how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

<b>Section 4.3</b>	<b>Do any of these restrictions apply to your drugs?</b>
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The plan's Drug List includes information about the restrictions described above. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the Drug List. For the most up-to-date information, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or check our website ([www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com)).

**If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug.** If there is a restriction on the drug you want to take, you should contact Member Services to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9, Section 7.2 for information about asking for exceptions.)

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<b>SECTION 5</b>	<b>What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?</b>
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<b>Section 5.1</b>	<b>There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered</b>
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We hope that your drug coverage will work well for you. But it's possible that there could be a prescription drug you are currently taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking, that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

## Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug. As explained in Section 4, some of the drugs covered by the plan have extra rules to restrict their use. For example, you might be required to try a different drug first, to see if it will work, before the drug you want to take will be covered for you. Or there might be limits on what amount of the drug (number of pills, etc.) is covered during a particular time period. In some cases, you may want us to waive the restriction for you.

There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. Your options depend on what type of problem you have. If your drug is not on the Drug List or if your drug is restricted, go to the next section (Section 5.2) to learn what you can do.

<b>Section 5.2</b>	<b>What can you do if your drug is not on the Drug List or if the drug is restricted in some way?</b>
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If your drug is not on the Drug List or is restricted, here are things you can do:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug (only members in certain situations can get a temporary supply). This will give you and your provider time to change to another drug or to file a request to have the drug covered.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can request an exception and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

### **You may be able to get a temporary supply**

Under certain circumstances, the plan can offer a temporary supply of a drug to you when your drug is not on the Drug List or when it is restricted in some way. Doing this gives you time to talk with your provider about the change in coverage and figure out what to do.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, you must meet the two requirements below:

#### **1. The change to your drug coverage must be one of the following types of changes:**

- The drug you have been taking is **no longer on the plan's Drug List**.  
-- or --
- The drug you have been taking is **now restricted in some way** (Section 4 in this chapter tells about restrictions).

#### **2. You must be in one of the situations described below:**

- For those members who are new or who were in the plan last year: We will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan if you were new and during the first 90 days of the calendar year if you were in the plan last year. This temporary supply will be for a maximum of 30 days. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Please note

## **Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)

### **If you have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a supply right away:**

We will cover one 31-day supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply situation.

- Enrollees experiencing a level of care change may access a refill upon admission or discharge to a LTC facility. Enrollees in need of a one-time Transition Fill, or who are prescribed a Non-Formulary Drug as a result of a level of care change, should contact Member Services to request a transition fill of your drug.

Hamaspik may provide an extension of the Transition Period, on a case-by-case basis, if an Enrollee's exception request or appeal has not been processed by the end of the Transition Period.

To ask for a temporary supply, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You can either switch to a different drug covered by the plan or ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover your current drug. The sections below tell you more about these options.

### **You can change to another drug**

Start by talking with your provider. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. You can call Member Services to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

### **You can ask for an exception**

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's Drug List. Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions. If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 7.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

## **SECTION 6      What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?**

### **Section 6.1      The Drug List can change during the year**

Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan might make changes to the Drug List. For example, the plan might:

- **Add or remove drugs from the Drug List.** New drugs become available, including new generic drugs. Perhaps the government has given approval to a new use for an existing drug. Sometimes, a drug gets recalled and we decide not to cover it. Or we might remove a drug from the list because it has been found to be ineffective.
- **Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug** (for more information about restrictions to coverage, see Section 4 in this chapter).
- **Replace a brand name drug with a generic drug.**

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change the plan's Drug List.

### **Section 6.2      What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?**

#### **Information on changes to drug coverage**

When changes to the Drug List occur during the year, we post information on our website about those changes. We will update our online Drug List on a regularly scheduled basis to include any changes that have occurred after the last update. Below we point out the times that you would get direct notice if changes are made to a drug that you are then taking. You can also call Member Services for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

#### **Do changes to your drug coverage affect you right away?**

Changes that can affect you this year: In the below cases, you will be affected by the coverage changes during the current year:

- **A new generic drug replaces a brand name drug on the Drug List (or we change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug or both)**
  - We may immediately remove a brand name drug on our Drug List if we are replacing it with a newly approved generic version of the same drug that will appear on the same or lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions. Also, when adding the new generic drug, we may decide to keep the brand name drug on our Drug List, but immediately move it to a higher cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions or both.
  - We may not tell you in advance before we make that change—even if you are currently taking the brand name drug.

## **Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs**

- You or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the brand name drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).
  - If you are taking the brand name drug at the time we make the change, we will provide you with information about the specific change(s) we made. This will also include information on the steps you may take to request an exception to cover the brand name drug. You may not get this notice before we make the change.
- **A generic drug replaces a brand name drug on the Drug List (or we change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug or both)**
  - If a brand name drug you are taking is replaced by a generic drug, the plan must give you at least 30 days' advance notice of the change or give you notice of the change and a 30-day refill of your brand name drug at a network pharmacy.
  - After you receive notice of the change, you should be working with your provider to switch to the generic or to a different drug that we cover.
  - Or you or your prescriber can ask the plan to make an exception and continue to cover the brand name drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).
- **Unsafe drugs and other drugs on the Drug List that are withdrawn from the market**
  - Once in a while, a drug may be suddenly withdrawn because it has been found to be unsafe or removed from the market for another reason. If this happens, we will immediately remove the drug from the Drug List. If you are taking that drug, we will let you know of this change right away.
  - Your prescriber will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.
- **Other changes to drugs on the Drug List**
  - We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For instance, we might add a generic drug that is not new to the market to replace a brand name drug or add new restrictions to the brand name drug or both. We also might make changes based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare. We must give you at least 30 days' advance notice of the change or give you notice of the change and a 30-day refill of the drug you are taking at a network pharmacy.
  - After you receive notice of the change, you should be working with your prescriber to switch to a different drug that we cover.
  - Or you or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, see Chapter 9 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).



**Some changes to drugs on the Drug List will not affect people currently taking the drug**

For changes to the Drug List that are not described above, if you are currently taking the drug the following types of changes will not affect you until January 1 of the next year if you stay in the plan:

- If we put a new restriction on your use of the drug
- If we remove your drug from the Drug List

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (but not because of a market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), then the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year. Until that date, you probably won't see any increase in your payments or any added restriction to your use of the drug. You will not get direct notice this year about changes that do not affect you. However, on January 1 of the next year, the changes will affect you, and it is important to check the Drug List in the new benefit year for any changes to drugs.

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**SECTION 7      What types of drugs are *not* covered by the plan?**


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<b>Section 7.1</b>	<b>Types of drugs we do not cover</b>
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This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are “excluded.” This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

We won't pay for the drugs that are listed in this section. The only exception: If the requested drug is found upon appeal to be a drug that is not excluded under Part D and we should have paid for or covered it because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a drug, go to Chapter 9, Section 7.5 in this booklet.) If the drug is excluded and is also excluded by Medicaid, you must pay for it yourself.

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

- Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.
- Our plan usually cannot cover off-label use. “Off-label use” is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
  - Generally, coverage for “off-label use” is allowed only when the use is supported by certain references such as are the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the DRUGDEX Information System. If the use is not supported by any of these reference books, then our plan cannot cover its “off-label use.”

Also, by law, the categories of drugs listed below are not covered by Medicare. However, some of these drugs may be covered for you under your Medicaid drug coverage. Please contact

## Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

Member Services for more information about prescription drugs covered under your Medicaid benefit.

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)  
Note: Hamaspik Medicare Choice covers over-the-counter drugs under a different benefit. See the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 for more information.
- Drugs when used to promote fertility
- Drugs when used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs when used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs when used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs when used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

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### SECTION 8      Show your plan membership card when you fill a prescription

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<b>Section 8.1</b>	<b>Show your membership card</b>
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To fill your prescription, show your plan membership card at the network pharmacy you choose. When you show your plan membership card, the network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for your covered prescription drug. You will need to pay the pharmacy *your* share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

<b>Section 8.2</b>	<b>What if you don't have your membership card with you?</b>
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If you don't have your plan membership card with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call the plan to get the necessary information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, **you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up.** (You can then **ask us to reimburse you.** See Chapter 7, Section 2.1 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

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**SECTION 9      Part D drug coverage in special situations**

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**Section 9.1      What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?**

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage.

**Section 9.2      What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?**

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy, or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of a long-term care facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy as long as it is part of our network.

Check your *Provide and Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your long-term care facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information, please contact Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

**What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and become a new member of the plan?**

If you need a drug that is not on our Drug List or is restricted in some way, the plan will cover a **temporary supply** of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership. The total supply will be for a maximum of 31 days, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.) If you have been a member of the plan for more than 90 days and need a drug that is not on our Drug List or if the plan has any restriction on the drug's coverage, we will cover one 31 day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days.

During the time when you are getting a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. Perhaps there is a different drug covered by the plan that might work just as well for you. Or you and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception for you and cover the drug in the way you would like it to be covered. If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 7.4 tells what to do.

**Section 9.3      What if you're also getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan?**

Do you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group? If so, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. He or she can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

In general, if you are currently employed, the prescription drug coverage you get from us will be *secondary* to your employer or retiree group coverage. That means your group coverage would pay first.

## Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

### Special note about 'creditable coverage':

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is "creditable" and the choices you have for drug coverage.

If the coverage from the group plan is "**creditable**," it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.

**Keep these notices about creditable coverage**, because you may need them later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Part D drug coverage, you may need these notices to show that you have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get a notice about creditable coverage from your employer or retiree group plan, you can get a copy from your employer or retiree plan's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

### Section 9.4 What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice?

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require an anti-nausea, laxative, pain medication or antianxiety drug that is not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving any unrelated drugs that should be covered by our plan, you can ask your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover all your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, you should bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge. See the previous parts of this section that tell about the rules for getting drug coverage under Part D Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*) gives more information about drug coverage and what you pay.

## SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications

### Section 10.1 Programs to help members use drugs safely

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care. These reviews are especially important for members who have more than one provider who prescribes their drugs.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

## Chapter 5. Using the plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs

- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another drug to treat the same medical condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
- Prescriptions written for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to
- Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking
- Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we see a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

<b>Section 10.2</b>	<b>Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications</b>
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We have a program that can help make sure our members safely use their prescription opioid medications, and other medications that are frequently abused. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several doctors or pharmacies, we may talk to your doctors to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your doctors, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications is not safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. The limitations may be:

- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain doctor(s)
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you

If we think that one or more of these limitations should apply to you, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will have information explaining the limitations we think should apply to you. You will also have an opportunity to tell us which doctors or pharmacies you prefer to use, and about any other information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we will send you another letter confirming the limitation. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our determination that you are at-risk for prescription drug misuse or with the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to ask us for an appeal. If you choose to appeal, we will review your case and give you a decision. If we continue to deny any part of your request related to the limitations that apply to your access to medications, we will automatically send your case to an independent reviewer outside of our plan. See Chapter 9 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

The DMP may not apply to you if you have certain medical conditions, such as cancer, you are receiving hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

<b>Section 10.3</b>	<b>Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program to help members manage their medications</b>
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We have a program that can help our members with complex health needs. This program is voluntary and free to members. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the program for us. This program can help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take. Our program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program.

Some members who take medications for different medical conditions and have high drug costs may be able to get services through an MTM program. A pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. You can talk about how best to take your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do to make the best use of your medications, with space for you to take notes or write down any follow-up questions. You'll also get a personal medication list that will include all the medications you're taking and why you take them.

It's a good idea to have your medication review before your yearly "Wellness" visit, so you can talk to your doctor about your action plan and medication list. Bring your action plan and medication list with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you from the program. If you have any questions about these programs, please contact Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

# CHAPTER 6

*What you pay for your  
Part D prescription drugs*

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

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**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs****How can you get information about your drug costs if you're receiving "Extra Help" with your Part D prescription drug costs?**

Because you are eligible for Medicaid, you qualify for and are getting "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drug plan costs. Because you are in the "Extra Help" program, **some information in this *Evidence of Coverage* about the costs for Part D prescription drugs does not apply to you.** We have included a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the "LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Member Services and ask for the "LIS Rider." (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

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**SECTION 1      Introduction**


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<b>Section 1.1</b>	<b>Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage</b>
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This chapter focuses on what you pay for your Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use "drug" in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 5, not all drugs are Part D drugs – some drugs are excluded from Part D coverage by law. Some of the drugs excluded from Part D coverage are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B or covered by Medicaid.

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know the basics of what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Here are materials that explain these basics:

- **The plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*.** To keep things simple, we call this the "Drug List."
  - This Drug List tells which drugs are covered for you.
  - If you need a copy of the Drug List, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also find the Drug List on our website at [www.hamapik.com](http://www.hamapik.com). The Drug List on the website is always the most current.
- **Chapter 5 of this booklet.** Chapter 5 gives the details about your prescription drug coverage, including rules you need to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5 also tells which types of prescription drugs are not covered by our plan.
- **The plan's *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*.** In most situations you must use a network pharmacy to get your covered drugs (see Chapter 5 for the details). The *Provider & Pharmacy Directory* has a list of pharmacies in the plan's network. It also tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of a drug (such as filling a prescription for a three-month's supply).

## Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

### Section 1.2 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services. In most cases, if you have Medicaid coverage and follow the plan rules described in Chapter 5, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for your drugs.

The amount that you pay for a drug is called “cost sharing,” and there are three ways you may be asked to pay.

- The **“deductible”** is the amount you must pay for drugs before our plan begins to pay its share.
- **“Copayment”** means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.
- **“Coinsurance”** means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

#### **Legal Term: Cost-Sharing**

Cost-sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. Cost-sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed “copayment” amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any “coinsurance” amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received. A “daily cost-sharing rate” may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month’s supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment.

## SECTION 2 What you pay for a drug depends on which “drug payment stage” you are in when you get the drug

### Section 2.1 What are the drug payment stages for *Hamaspik Medicare Choice* members?

As shown in the table below, there are “drug payment stages” for your Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage under Hamaspik Medicare Choice. How much you pay for a drug depends on which of these stages you are in at the time you get a prescription filled or refilled.

2021 Evidence of Coverage for Hamaspik Medicare Choice  
**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

Stage 1 <i>Yearly Deductible Stage</i>	Stage 2 <i>Initial Coverage Stage</i>	Stage 3 <i>Coverage Gap Stage</i>	Stage 4 <i>Catastrophic Coverage Stage</i>
<p>Because you have Medicaid and receive “Extra Help” to pay your prescription drugs, this payment stage may not apply to you.</p> <p>Look at the separate insert, the “LIS Rider,” for your deductible amount.</p> <p>(Details are in Section 4 of this chapter.)</p>	<p>During this stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your drugs and <b>you pay your share of the cost.</b></p> <p><b>In most cases, you will pay \$0 for your drugs.</b></p> <p>You stay in this stage until your year-to-date <b>“total drug costs”</b> (your payments plus any Part D plan’s payments) total \$4,130 OR <b>“out-of-pocket costs”</b> (your payments) reach \$6,550.</p> <p>(Details are in Section 5 of this chapter.)</p>	<p>Because you have Medicaid and receive “Extra Help” to pay your prescription drugs, this payment stage does not apply to you.</p>	<p>During this stage, <b>the plan will pay all of the costs</b> of your drugs for the rest of the calendar year (through December 31, 2021).</p> <p>(Details are in Section 7 of this chapter.)</p>

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## **SECTION 3      We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in**

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### **Section 3.1      We send you a monthly report called the “Part D Explanation of Benefits” (the “Part D EOB”)**

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

- We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your **“out-of-pocket”** cost.
- We keep track of your **“total drug costs.”** This is the amount you pay out-of-pocket or others pay on your behalf plus the amount paid by the plan.

Our plan will prepare a written report called the *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (it is sometimes called the “Part D EOB”) when you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month. The Part D EOB provides more information about the drugs you take, such as increases in price and other drugs with lower cost sharing that may be available. You should consult with your prescriber about these lower cost options. It includes:

## Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

- **Information for that month.** This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.
- **Totals for the year since January 1.** This is called “year-to-date” information. It shows you the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information.** This information will display cumulative percentage increases for each prescription claim.
- **Available lower cost alternative prescriptions.** This will include information about other drugs with lower cost sharing for each prescription claim that may be available.

### Section 3.2

#### Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

- **Show your membership card when you get a prescription filled.** To make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying, show your plan membership card every time you get a prescription filled.
- **Make sure we have the information we need.** There are times you may pay for prescription drugs when we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, you may give us copies of receipts for drugs that you have purchased. (If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost for the drug. For instructions on how to do this, go to Chapter 7, Section 2 of this booklet.) Here are some types of situations when you may want to give us copies of your drug receipts to be sure we have a complete record of what you have spent for your drugs:
  - When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan’s benefit
  - When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program
  - Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances
- **Send us information about the payments others have made for you.** Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs and help qualify you for catastrophic coverage. For example, payments made by a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program, an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. You should keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.
- **Check the written report we send you.** When you receive a *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (a Part D EOB) in the mail, please look it over to be sure the information is

## **Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

complete and correct. If you think something is missing from the report, or you have any questions, please call us at Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Be sure to keep these reports. They are an important record of your drug expenses.

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### **SECTION 4      During the Deductible Stage, you pay the full cost of your drugs**

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<b>Section 4.1      You stay in the Deductible Stage until you have paid \$445 for your drugs</b>
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Because our members have Medicaid and get “Extra Help” with their prescription drug costs, the Deductible Stage does not apply. If you receive “Extra Help,” this payment stage does not apply to you.

Look at the separate insert (the “LIS Rider”) for information about your deductible amount. If you do not receive “Extra Help,” the Deductible Stage is the first payment stage for your drug coverage. This stage begins when you fill your first prescription in the year. When you are in this payment stage, **you must pay the full cost of your drugs** until you reach the plan’s deductible amount, which is \$445. Your “**full cost**” is usually lower than the normal full price of the drug, since our plan has negotiated lower costs for most drugs.

- The “**deductible**” is the amount you must pay for your Part D prescription drugs before the plan begins to pay its share.

If you are required to pay the deductible, once you have paid \$445 for your drugs, you leave the Deductible Stage and move on to the next drug payment stage, which is the Initial Coverage Stage.

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### **SECTION 5      During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs and you pay your share**

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<b>Section 5.1      What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription</b>
--

During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment amount). In most cases, your copayment will be \$0.

#### **The plan has one cost-sharing tier**

Every drug on the plan’s Drug List is in one cost-sharing tier. Tier 1 covers generic drugs and brand name drugs.

### **Your pharmacy choices**

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- A retail pharmacy that is in our plan's network
- A pharmacy that is not in the plan's network
- The plan's mail-order pharmacy

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, see Chapter 5 in this booklet and the plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

<b>Section 5.2</b>	<b>A table that shows your costs for a one-month supply of a drug</b>
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During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

- **“Copayment”** means that you pay a fixed amount each time you fill a prescription.
- **“Coinsurance”** means that you pay a percent of the total cost of the drug each time you fill a prescription.

As shown in the table below, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on which cost-sharing tier your drug is in. Please note:

- We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information about when we will cover a prescription filled at an out-of-network pharmacy.

**Your share of the cost when you get a *one-month* supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:**

	<b>Standard retail cost sharing (in-network)</b> (up to a 30-day supply)	<b>Mail-order cost sharing</b> (up to a 90-day supply)	<b>Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing</b> (up to a 30-day supply)	<b>Out-of-network cost sharing</b> (Coverage is limited to certain situations; see Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 29-day supply)
<b>Tier</b>				
<b>Cost-Sharing</b>				
<b>Tier 1</b> (Generic drugs and brand name drugs)	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay	\$0 copay

**Section 5.3 If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's supply**

Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month's supply of a covered drug. However, your doctor can prescribe less than a month's supply of drugs. There may be times when you want to ask your doctor about prescribing less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time that is known to have serious side effects). If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply, you will not have to pay for the full month's supply for certain drugs.

The amount you pay when you get less than a full month's supply will depend on whether you are responsible for paying coinsurance (a percentage of the total cost) or a copayment (a flat dollar amount).

- If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a *percentage* of the total cost of the drug. You pay the same percentage regardless of whether the prescription is for a full month's supply or for fewer days. However, because the entire drug cost will be lower if you get less than a full month's supply, the *amount* you pay will be less.
- If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, your copay will be based on the number of days of the drug that you receive. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the "daily cost-sharing rate") and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.
  - Here's an example: Let's say the copay for your drug for a full month's supply (a 30-day supply) is \$30. This means that the amount you pay per day for your drug is \$1. If you receive a 7 days' supply of the drug, your payment will be \$1 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment of \$7.



**Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs**

Daily cost sharing allows you to make sure a drug works for you before you have to pay for an entire month's supply. You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply of a drug or drugs, if this will help you better plan refill dates for different prescriptions so that you can take fewer trips to the pharmacy. The amount you pay will depend upon the days' supply you receive.

**Legal Term: Daily Cost-Sharing Rate**

A "daily cost-sharing rate" may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your "daily cost-sharing rate" is \$1 per day. This means you pay \$1 for each day's supply when you fill your prescription. If you receive a 7 days' supply of the drug, your payment will be \$1 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment of \$7.

<b>Section 5.4</b>	<b>A table that shows your costs for a <i>long-term</i> 90-day) supply of a drug</b>
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For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is a 90-day supply. (For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, see Chapter 5, Section 2.4.)

The table on the next page shows what you pay when you get a long-term 90-day supply of a drug.

**Your share of the cost when you get a *long-term* supply of a covered Part D prescription drug:**

<b>Tier</b>	<b>Standard retail cost sharing (in-network) (90-day supply)</b>	<b>Mail-order cost sharing (90-day supply)</b>
<b>Cost-Sharing Tier 1</b> (Generic Drugs and brand name drugs)	\$0 copay	\$0 copay

<b>Section 5.5</b>	<b>You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total drug costs for the year reach \$4,130 OR out-of-pocket costs for the year reach \$6,550</b>
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You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until the total amount for the prescription drugs you have filled and refilled reaches the \$4,130 limit for **the Initial Coverage Stage**.

## Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Your total drug cost is based on adding together what you have paid and what any Part D plan has paid:

- **What you have paid** for all the covered drugs you have gotten since you started with your first drug purchase of the year. (See Section 6.2 for more information about how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.) This includes:
  - The total amount you paid when you were in the Deductible Stage, which is either \$0 or \$445.
  - The total you paid as your share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage
- **What the plan has paid** as its share of the cost for your drugs during the Initial Coverage Stage. (If you were enrolled in a different Part D plan at any time during 2021, the amount that plan paid during the Initial Coverage Stage also counts toward your total drug costs.)

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total out-of-pocket costs reach \$6,550. Medicare has rules about what counts and what does not count as your out-of-pocket costs. (See Section 5.6 for information about how Medicare counts your out-of-pocket costs.) When you reach an out-of-pocket limit of \$6,550, you leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (Part D EOB) that we send to you will help you keep track of how much you and the plan, as well as any third parties, have spent on your behalf during the year. Many people do not reach the \$4,130 or \$6,550 limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this \$4,130 or \$6,550 amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

**Legal Term: Initial Coverage Limit**

The initial coverage limit is the maximum limit of coverage under the Initial Coverage Stage.

**Legal Term: Catastrophic Coverage Stage**

**The Catastrophic Coverage Stage** in the Part D Drug Benefit is where you pay no OR a low copayment or coinsurance for your drugs after you or other qualified parties on your behalf have spent \$8,200 in covered drugs during the covered year. Please see Chapter 6 for a reference to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

**Section 5.6****How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs for prescription drugs**

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does not count as your out-of-pocket costs. When you reach an out-of-pocket limit of \$4,130, you leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

## Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

Here are Medicare's rules that we must follow when we keep track of your out-of-pocket costs for your drugs.

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### These payments are included in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, **you can include** the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 5 of this booklet):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you are in any of the following drug payment stages:
  - The Deductible Stage
  - The Initial Coverage Stage
- Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined our plan

#### It matters who pays:

- If you make these payments **yourself**, they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.
- These payments are *also included* if they are made on your behalf by **certain other individuals or organizations**. This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, *[plans without an SPAP in their state delete next item]* by a State Pharmaceutical Assistance Program that is qualified by Medicare, or by the Indian Health Service. Payments made by Medicare's "Extra Help" Program are also included.

#### Moving on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$6,550 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the Initial Coverage Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

## Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

### These payments are not included in your out-of-pocket costs

When you add up your out-of-pocket costs, you are not allowed to include any of these types of payments for prescription drugs:

- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories.
- Drugs that are not covered by our plan.
- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan's requirements for out-of-network coverage.
- Drugs covered by Medicaid only
- Payments you make toward prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.
- Payments made by the plan for your brand or generic drugs while in the Coverage Gap.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by group health plans including employer health plans.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by certain insurance plans and government-funded health programs such as TRICARE and Veterans Affairs.
- Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, workers' compensation).

*Reminder:* If any other organization such as the ones listed above pays part or all of your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell our plan. Call Member Services to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

### How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?

- **We will help you.** The *Part D Explanation of Benefits* (Part D EOB) report we send to you includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs (Section 3 in this chapter tells about this report). When you reach a total of \$6,550 in out-of-pocket costs for the year, this report will tell you that you have left the Initial Coverage Stage and have moved on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- **Make sure we have the information we need.** Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.

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## SECTION 6      There is no Coverage Gap for HamaspiK Medicare Choice.

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Section 6.1	You do not have a coverage gap for your Part D drugs.
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## **SECTION 7      During the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, the plan pays all of the costs for your drugs**

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<b>Section 7.1      Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this stage for the rest of the year</b>
---

You qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the \$6,550 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

During this stage, the plan will pay all of the costs for your drugs.

Look at the separate insert (the “LIS Rider”) for information about your costs during the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

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## **SECTION 8      Additional benefits information**

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<b>Section 8.1      Our plan offers additional benefits</b>
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Our plan also provides coverage for your over-the-counter medications and health products. Please see Chapter 4 for more information about this benefit.

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## **SECTION 9      What you pay for vaccinations covered by Part D depends on how and where you get them**

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<b>Section 9.1      Our plan may have separate coverage for the Part D vaccine medication itself and for the cost of giving you the vaccine</b>
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Our plan provides coverage of a number of Part D vaccines. We also cover vaccines that are considered medical benefits. You can find out about coverage of these vaccines by going to the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4, Section 2.1.

There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:

- The first part of coverage is the cost of **the vaccine medication itself**. The vaccine is a prescription medication.
- The second part of coverage is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. (This is sometimes called the “administration” of the vaccine.)

### **What do you pay for a Part D vaccination?**

What you pay for a Part D vaccination depends on three things:

- 1. The type of vaccine** (what you are being vaccinated for).
  - Some vaccines are considered medical benefits. You can find out about your coverage of these vaccines by going to Chapter 4, *Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*.
  - Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan’s *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*.
- 2. Where you get the vaccine medication.**
- 3. Who gives you the vaccine.**

Because our members have Medicaid and receive “Extra Help” for your Part D drugs, in most cases you will not have to pay for your vaccinations. What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances. For example:

- Sometimes when you get your vaccine, you will have to pay the entire cost for both the vaccine medication and for getting the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost.
- Other times, when you get the vaccine medication or the vaccine, you will pay only your share of the cost.

To show how this works, here are three common ways you might get a Part D vaccine.

*Situation 1:* You buy the Part D vaccine at the pharmacy and you get your vaccine at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to administer a vaccination.)

## Chapter 6. What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

- You will have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your copayment for the vaccine and the cost of giving you the vaccine. If you get the vaccine at a network pharmacy, your cost will be \$0.
- Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.

*Situation 2:* You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office.

- When you get the vaccination, you will pay for the entire cost of the vaccine and its administration.
- You can then ask our plan to pay you back by using the procedures that are described in Chapter 7 of this booklet (*Asking us to pay a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*).

You will be reimbursed the amount you paid less your normal copayment for the vaccine (including administration).

*Situation 3:* You buy the Part D vaccine at your pharmacy, and then take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.

- You will pay nothing to the pharmacy for the vaccine itself *OR* have to pay the pharmacy the amount of your copayment for the vaccine itself.
- When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you will pay the entire cost for this service. You can then ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7 of this booklet.
- You will be reimbursed the amount charged by the doctor for administering the vaccine.

### Section 9.2

#### **You may want to call us at Member Services before you get a vaccination**

The rules for coverage of vaccinations are complicated. We are here to help. We recommend that you call us first at Member Services whenever you are planning to get a vaccination. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

- We can tell you about how your vaccination is covered by our plan and explain your share of the cost.
- We can tell you how to keep your own cost down by using providers and pharmacies in our network.
- If you are not able to use a network provider and pharmacy, we can tell you what you need to do to ask us to pay you back.

# CHAPTER 7

*Asking us to pay our share of a bill  
you have received for covered  
medical services or drugs*



**Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs.**

**Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs**

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**Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs.**

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**SECTION 1      Situations in which you should ask us to pay for your covered services or drugs**

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<b>Section 1.1      If you pay for your covered services or drugs, or if you receive a bill, you can ask us for payment</b>
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Our network providers bill the plan directly for your covered services and drugs – you should not receive a bill for covered services or drugs. If you get a bill for medical care or drugs you have received, you should send this bill to us so that we can pay it. When you send us the bill, we will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly.

**If you have already paid for a Medicare or Medicaid service or item covered by the plan,** you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called “reimbursing” you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you’ve paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan, , as long as you follow the procedures that are described in Chapters 3, 4, and 5 of this booklet.. When you send us a bill you have already paid, we will look at the bill and decide whether the services or drugs should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay you back for the services or drugs.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received.

**1. When you’ve received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan’s network**

You can receive emergency services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. When you receive emergency or urgently needed services from a provider who is not part of our network, you should ask the provider to bill the plan.

- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, you need to ask us to pay you back. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- At times you may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
  - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
  - If you have already paid for the service, we will pay you back.

**2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay**

Network providers should always bill the plan directly. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay for your services.

## **Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs.**

- We do not allow providers to bill you for covered services. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service. For more information about “balance billing,” go to Chapter 4, Section 1.4.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made. You should ask us to pay you back for your covered services.

### **3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan**

Sometimes a person’s enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (Retroactive means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back. You will need to submit paperwork for us to handle the reimbursement. Please contact Member Services for additional information about how to ask us to pay you back and deadlines for making your request. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

### **4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled**

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy and try to use your membership card to fill a prescription, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription. (We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies only in a few special situations. Please go to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to learn more.) Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back.

### **5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don’t have your plan membership card with you**

If you do not have your plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself. Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back.

### **6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations**

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

## **Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs.**

- For example, the drug may not be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*; or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for the drug.

When you send us a request for payment, we will review your request and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a "coverage decision." If we decide it should be covered, we will pay for the service or drug. If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) has information about how to make an appeal.

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## **SECTION 2      How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received**

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<b>Section 2.1      How and where to send us your request for payment</b>
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Send us your request for payment, along with your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records.

**For Part C (Medical Claims):** Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to us at this address:

Hamaspik Medicare Choice  
58 Route 59,  
Suite 1  
Monsey, NY 10952

**For Part D (Prescription drug claims):** To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment. You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.

Either download a copy of the form from our website ([www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com)), or call Member Services and ask for the form. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Mail your request for payment to the following address:

Hamaspik, Inc. Medicare Advantage Plus  
P.O. Box 1167  
Maryland Heights, MO 63043

## **Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs.**

You may also call our plan to request payment. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called *Where to send a request asking us to pay our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received*.

Contact Member Services if you have any questions (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you don't know what you should have paid, or you receive bills and you don't know what to do about those bills, we can help. You can also call if you want to give us more information about a request for payment you have already sent to us.

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### **SECTION 3      We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no**

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<b>Section 3.1      We check to see whether we should cover the service or drug</b>
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When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules for getting the care or drug, we will pay for the service. If you have already paid for the service or drug, we will mail your reimbursement to you. If you have not paid for the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider. (Chapter 3 explains the rules you need to follow for getting your medical services covered. Chapter 5 explains the rules you need to follow for getting your Part D prescription drugs covered.)
- If we decide that the medical care or drug is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for the care or drug. Instead, we will send you a letter that explains the reasons why we are not sending the payment you have requested and your rights to appeal that decision.

<b>Section 3.2      If we tell you that we will not pay for the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal</b>
--

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or you don't agree with the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9 of this booklet (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*). The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. If making an appeal is new to you, you will find it helpful to start by reading Section 5 of Chapter 9. Section 5 is an introductory section that explains the process for coverage decisions and appeals and gives definitions of terms such as "appeal." Then after you have read Section 5, you can go to the section in Chapter 9 that tells what to do for your situation:

**Chapter 7. Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs.**

- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a medical service, go to Section 6.3 in Chapter 9.
- If you want to make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, go to Section 7.5 of Chapter 9.

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**SECTION 4      Other situations in which you should save your receipts and send copies to us**

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<b>Section 4.1      In some cases, you should send copies of your receipts to us to help us track your out-of-pocket drug costs</b>
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There are some situations when you should let us know about payments you have made for your drugs. In these cases, you are not asking us for payment. Instead, you are telling us about your payments so that we can calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly. This may help you to qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

Below is an example of a situation when you should send us copies of receipts to let us know about payments you have made for your drugs:

**When you get a drug through a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer**

Some members are enrolled in a patient assistance program offered by a drug manufacturer that is outside the plan benefits. If you get any drugs through a program offered by a drug manufacturer, you may pay a copayment to the patient assistance program.

- Save your receipt and send a copy to us so that we can have your out-of-pocket expenses count toward qualifying you for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- **Please note:** Because you are getting your drug through the patient assistance program and not through the plan's benefits, we will not pay for these drug costs. But sending a copy of the receipt allows us to calculate your out-of-pocket costs correctly and may help you qualify for the Catastrophic Coverage Stage more quickly.

Since you are not asking for payment in the case described above, this situation is not considered a coverage decision. Therefore, you cannot make an appeal if you disagree with our decision.

# CHAPTER 8

## *Your rights and responsibilities*

## **Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities**

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## **SECTION 1      Our plan must honor your rights as a member of the plan**

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<b>Section 1.1</b>	<b>We must provide information in a way that works for you (in languages other than English, in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)</b>
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To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

Our plan has people and free interpreter services available to answer questions from disabled and non-English speaking members. Member materials are available in Spanish. Call Member Services for a copy of this EOC in Spanish. The Member Services phone number is included on the back cover of this document.

We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Member Services.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with Member Services. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights. Contact information is included in this Evidence of Coverage or with this mailing, or you may contact Member Services for additional information.

<b>Sección 1.1      Debemos proporcionar información de una manera que funcione para usted. (en otros idiomas además del inglés, en braille, en letra grande u otros formatos alternativos, etc.)</b>
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Para obtener información de nuestra parte de una manera que funcione para usted, llame a Servicios para Miembros. (Los números de teléfono están impresos en la contraportada de este folleto.)

Nuestro plan cuenta con personas y servicios de interpretación gratuitos disponibles para responder preguntas de miembros discapacitados y miembros que no hablan inglés. Los materiales para miembros están disponibles en español. Llame a Servicios para Miembros para obtener una copia de esta EOC en español. El número de teléfono de Servicios para Miembros se incluye en la contraportada de este documento.

También podemos brindarle información en braille, en letra grande u otros formatos alternativos sin costo alguno si lo necesita. Estamos obligados a brindarle información sobre los beneficios

del plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted. Para obtener información de nuestra parte de una manera que funcione para usted, llame a Servicios para Miembros. Si tiene algún problema para obtener información de nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted, llame para presentar una queja ante Servicios para Miembros.

Si tiene algún problema para obtener información de nuestro plan en un formato que sea accesible y apropiado para usted, llame para presentar una queja ante el Departamento de Servicios para Miembros. También puede presentar una queja ante Medicare llamando al 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800 -633-4227) o directamente con la Oficina de Derechos Civiles. La información de contacto se incluye en esta Evidencia de Cobertura o con este correo, o puede comunicarse con Servicios al Miembro para obtener información adicional.

<b>Section 1.2</b>	<b>We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs</b>
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As a member of our plan, you have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) and other providers in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services (Chapter 3 explains more about this). Call Member Services to learn which doctors are accepting new patients (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral. We do not require you to get referrals to go to network providers.

As a plan member, you have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays. If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9, Section 11 of this booklet tells what you can do. (If we have denied coverage for your medical care or drugs and you don't agree with our decision, Chapter 9, Section 5 tells what you can do.)

<b>Section 1.3</b>	<b>We must protect the privacy of your personal health information</b>
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Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your "personal health information" includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- The laws that protect your privacy give you rights related to getting information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a "Notice of Privacy Practice," that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

### **How do we protect the privacy of your health information?**

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- In most situations, if we give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, *we are required to get written permission from you first*. Written permission can be given by you or by someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
  - For example, we are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
  - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information including information about your Part D prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations.

### **You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others**

You have the right to look at your medical records held at the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made. You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can view the Hamaspik Medicare Choice privacy notice on our website: [www.hamaspik.com](http://www.hamaspik.com)

<b>Section 1.4</b>	<b>We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, and your covered services</b>
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As a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us. (As explained above in Section 1.1, you have the right to get information from us in a way that works for you. This includes getting the information in languages other than English and in large print or other alternate formats.)

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet):

- **Information about our plan.** This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition. It also includes information about the number of appeals made by members and the plan's performance ratings, including how it has been rated by plan members and how it compares to other Medicare health plans.

- **Information about our network providers including our network pharmacies.**
  - For example, you have the right to get information from us about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
  - For a list of the providers and pharmacies in the plan's network, see the HamaspiK Medicare Choice *Provider & Pharmacy Directory*.
  - For more detailed information about our providers or pharmacies, you can call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or visit our website at [www.hamaspiK.com](http://www.hamaspiK.com).
- **Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage.**
  - In Chapters 3 and 4 of this booklet, we explain what medical services are covered for you, any restrictions to your coverage, and what rules you must follow to get your covered medical services.
  - To get the details on your Part D prescription drug coverage, see Chapters 5 and 6 of this booklet, plus the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. These chapters, together with the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, tell you what drugs are covered and explain the rules you must follow and the restrictions to your coverage for certain drugs.
  - If you have questions about the rules or restrictions, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- **Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it.**
  - If a medical service or Part D drug is not covered for you, or if your coverage is restricted in some way, you can ask us for a written explanation. You have the right to this explanation even if you received the medical service or drug from an out-of-network provider or pharmacy.
  - If you are not happy or if you disagree with a decision we make about what medical care or Part D drug is covered for you, you have the right to ask us to change the decision. You can ask us to change the decision by making an appeal. For details on what to do if something is not covered for you in the way you think it should be covered, see Chapter 9 of this booklet. It gives you the details about how to make an appeal if you want us to change our decision. (Chapter 9 also tells about how to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, and other concerns.)
  - If you want to ask our plan to pay our share of a bill you have received for medical care or a Part D prescription drug, see Chapter 7 of this booklet.

<b>Section 1.5</b>	<b>We must support your right to make decisions about your care</b>
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**You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care**

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers when you go for medical care. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- **To know about all of your choices.** This means that you have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.
- **To know about the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- **The right to say “no.”** You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.
- **To receive an explanation if you are denied coverage for care.** You have the right to receive an explanation from us if a provider has denied care that you believe you should receive. To receive this explanation, you will need to ask us for a coverage decision. Chapter 9 of this booklet tells how to ask the plan for a coverage decision.

**You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself**

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give **someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you** if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance in these situations are called “**advance directives**.” There are different types of advance directives and different names

for them. Documents called “**living will**” and “**power of attorney for health care**” are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an “advance directive” to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** If you want to have an advance directive, you can get a form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact Member Services to ask for the forms that have been published by New York State. (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form as the one to make decisions for you if you can’t. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members as well. Be sure to keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital.**

- If you are admitted to the hospital, they will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

**Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive** (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

**What if your instructions are not followed?** If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the New York State Department of Health. The DOH phone number can be found in Chapter 2.

<b>Section 1.6</b>	<b>You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made</b>
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If you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care, Chapter 9 of this booklet tells what you can do. It gives the details about how to deal with all types of problems and complaints. What you need to do to follow up on a problem or concern depends on the situation. You might need to ask our plan to make a coverage decision for you, make an appeal to us to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – **we are required to treat you fairly.**

You have the right to get a summary of information about the appeals and complaints that other members have filed against our plan in the past. To get this information, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

<b>Section 1.7</b>	<b>What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?</b>
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**If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights**

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697, or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and it's not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can **call Member Services** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can call the New York State Department of Health at 1-800-541-2831. TTY users should call 711.
- Or, you can call the New York State Office for the Aging (Ombudsman Program) at 1-800-342-9871. TTY users should call 711.

<b>Section 1.8</b>	<b>How to get more information about your rights</b>
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There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can **call Member Services** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can **call the State Health Insurance Assistance Program**. For details about this organization and how to contact it, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact **Medicare**.
  - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication "Medicare Rights & Protections." (The publication is available at: [www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf](http://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf).)
  - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

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## SECTION 2      You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

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<b>Section 2.1      What are your responsibilities?</b>
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Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). We're here to help.

- **Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services.** Use this Evidence of Coverage booklet to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
  - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services, including what is covered, what is not covered, rules to follow, and what you pay.
  - Chapters 5 and 6 give the details about your coverage for Part D prescription drugs.
- **If you have any other health insurance coverage or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us.** Please call Member Services to let us know (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
  - We are required to follow rules set by Medicare and Medicaid to make sure that you are using all of your coverage in combination when you get your covered services from our plan. This is called “**coordination of benefits**” because it involves coordinating the health and drug benefits you get from our plan with any other health and drug benefits available to you. We'll help you coordinate your benefits. (For more information about coordination of benefits, go to Chapter 1, Section 7.)
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan.** Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.
- **Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.**
  - To help your doctors and other health providers give you the best care, learn as much as you are able to about your health problems and give them the information they need about you and your health. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
  - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
  - If you have any questions, be sure to ask. Your doctors and other health care providers are supposed to explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don't understand the answer you are given, ask again.



## Chapter 8. Your rights and responsibilities

- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- **Pay what you owe.** As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
  - In order to be eligible for our plan, you must have Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. For most Hamaspik Medicare Choice members, Medicaid pays for your Part A premium (if you don't qualify for it automatically) and for your Part B premium. If Medicaid is not paying your Medicare premiums for you, you must continue to pay your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan.
  - If you get any medical services or drugs that are not covered by our plan or by other insurance you may have, you must pay the full cost.
    - If you disagree with our decision to deny coverage for a service or drug, you can make an appeal. Please see Chapter 9 of this booklet for information about how to make an appeal.
  - If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.
  - If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your higher income (as reported on your last tax return), you must pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.
- **Tell us if you move.** If you are going to move, it's important to tell us right away. Call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
  - **If you move *outside* of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.** (Chapter 1 tells about our service area.) We can help you figure out whether you are moving outside our service area.
  - **If you move *within* our service area, we still need to know** so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
  - If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board). You can find phone numbers and contact information for these organizations in Chapter 2.
- **Call Member Services for help if you have questions or concerns.** We also welcome any suggestions you may have for improving our plan.
  - Phone numbers and calling hours for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.
  - For more information on how to reach us, including our mailing address, please see Chapter 2.

# CHAPTER 9

*What to do if you have a  
problem or complaint  
(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint**  
**(coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

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## BACKGROUND

### SECTION 1 Introduction

#### Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains the processes for handling problems and concerns. The process you use to handle your problem depends on the type of problem you are having:

- For some types of problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other types of problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**.

These processes have been approved by Medicare and Medicaid. To ensure fairness and prompt handling of your problems, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

Which one do you use? The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use.

#### Section 1.2 What about the legal terms?

There are technical legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand.

To keep things simple, this chapter explains the legal rules and procedures using simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says “making a complaint” rather than “filing a grievance,” “coverage decision” rather than “integrated organization determination” or “coverage determination” or “at-risk determination.” It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms for the situation you are in. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more clearly and accurately when you are dealing with your problem and get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

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## **SECTION 2      You can get help from government organizations that are not connected with us**

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<b>Section 2.1      Where to get more information and personalized assistance</b>
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Sometimes it can be confusing to start or follow through the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you do not feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the knowledge you need to take the next step.

### **Get help from an independent government organization**

We are always available to help you. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. You can always contact your **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**. This government program has trained counselors in every state. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this booklet.

### **You can also get help and information from Medicare**

For more information and help in handling a problem, you can also contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get information directly from Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can visit the Medicare website (<https://www.medicare.gov>).

### **You can get help and information from Medicaid**

If you have any questions about your Medicaid benefits, you can call the New York State Department of Health.

Phone: 1-800-541-2831

TTY: 711 (This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking)

Address:      New York State Department of Health  
                 Office of the Commissioner  
                 Empire State Plaza Corning Tower  
                 Albany, NY 11237

Website:      [www.health.ny.gov](http://www.health.ny.gov)

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

You can also contact the New York State Quality Improvement Organization Livanta LLC. Their telephone number is 1-866-815-5440, Monday through Friday from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm. 24 hour voicemail service is available.

Address: Livanta LLC  
BFCC-QIO  
10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202  
Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105

Website: [https://livantaqio.com/en/beneficiary/quality\\_of\\_care](https://livantaqio.com/en/beneficiary/quality_of_care)

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### **SECTION 3 Understanding Medicare and Medicaid complaints and appeals in our plan**

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You have Medicare and get assistance from Medicaid. Information in this chapter applies to all of your Medicare and Medicaid benefits. For most of your benefits, you will use one process for your Medicare benefits and your Medicaid benefits. This is sometimes called an “integrated process” because it integrates Medicare and Medicaid processes.

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### **SECTION 4 Problems with your benefits.**

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<b>Section 4.1</b>	<b>Should you use the process for coverage decisions and appeals? Or do you want to make a complaint?</b>
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If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The chart below will help you find the right section of this chapter for problems or complaints about **benefits covered by Medicare or Medicaid**.

To figure out which part of this chapter will help with your problem or concern about your **Medicare or Medicaid** benefits, use this chart:

**Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?**

(This includes problems about whether particular medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way in which they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.)

**Yes.** My problem is about benefits or coverage.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 5, “A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.”**

**No.** My problem is not about benefits or coverage.

Skip ahead to **Section 11** at the end of this chapter: **“How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns.”**

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<b>SECTION 5</b>	<b>A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals</b>
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<b>Section 5.1</b>	<b>Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture</b>
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The process for asking for coverage decisions and appeals deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage, including problems related to payment. This is the process you use for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

**Asking for coverage decisions**

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services or drugs. We are making a coverage decision whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. For example, your plan network doctor makes a (favorable) coverage decision for you whenever you receive medical care from him or her or if your network doctor refers you to a medical specialist. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.



## **Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

In some cases, we might decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare or Medicaid for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

### **Making an appeal**

If we make a coverage decision and you are not satisfied with this decision, you can “appeal” the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were following all of the rules properly. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or “fast coverage decision” or fast appeal of a coverage decision.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 Appeal, you can go on to a Level 2 Appeal. The Level 2 Appeal is conducted by an independent organization that is not connected to us. (In some situations, your case will be automatically sent to the independent organization for a Level 2 Appeal. If this happens, we will let you know. In other situations, you will need to ask for a Level 2 Appeal.) If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 Appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal.

<b>Section 5.2</b>	<b>How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal</b>
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Would you like some help? Here are resources you may wish to use if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- **You can call us at Member Services** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- **To get free help from an independent organization** that is not connected with our plan, contact your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see Section 2 of this chapter).
- **Your doctor or other health care provider can make a request for you.**
  - For medical care, your doctor or other health care provider can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 Appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
    - If your doctor or other prescriber asks that a service or item you are already getting be continued during your appeal, you may need to appoint your doctor or other prescriber as your representative.
    - To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor must be appointed as your representative.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 or Level 2 Appeal on your behalf. To request any appeal after Level 2, your doctor or other prescriber must be appointed as your representative.
- **You can ask someone to act on your behalf.** If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your “representative” to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
  - There may be someone who is already legally authorized to act as your representative under State law.
  - If you want a friend, relative, your doctor or other health care provider, or other person to be your representative, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. (The form is also available on Medicare’s website at <https://www.cms.hhs.gov/cmsforms/downloads/cms1696.pdf> or on our website at [www.hamaspiK.com](http://www.hamaspiK.com).) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
- **You also have the right to hire a lawyer to act for you.** You may contact your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, **you are not required to hire a lawyer** to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

<b>Section 5.3</b>	<b>Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?</b>
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There are four different types of situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- **Section 6** of this chapter: “Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal”
- **Section 7** of this chapter: “Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal”
- **Section 8** of this chapter: “How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon”
- **Section 9** of this chapter: “How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon” (*Applies to these services only*: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you’re not sure which section you should be using, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also get help or information

from government organizations such as your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (Chapter 2, Section 3, of this booklet has the phone numbers for this program).

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## **SECTION 6      Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal**

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**Have you read Section 5 of this chapter (*A guide to “the basics” of coverage decisions and appeals*)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.**

<b>Section 6.1</b>	<b>This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care</b>
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This section is about your benefits for medical care and services. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. To keep things simple, we generally refer to “medical care coverage” or “medical care” in the rest of this section, instead of repeating “medical care or treatment or services” every time. The term “medical care” includes medical items and services as well as Medicare Part B prescription drugs. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan.
  2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan.
  3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care.
  4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care.
  5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health.
- **NOTE: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read a separate section of this chapter because special rules apply to these types of care. Here’s what to read in those situations:**

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- Chapter 9, Section 8: *How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon.*
- Chapter 9, Section 9: *How to ask us to keep covering home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services if you think your coverage is ending too soon.* This section is about three services only: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.
- For *all other* situations that involve being told that medical care you have been getting will be stopped, use this section (Section 6) as your guide for what to do.

**Which of these situations are you in?**

<b>If:</b>	<b>You can do:</b>
Do you want to find out whether we will cover the medical care or services you want?	You can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. Go to the next section of this chapter, <b>Section 6.2</b> .
Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a medical service in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for?	You can make an <b>appeal</b> . (This means you are asking us to reconsider.) Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.3</b> of this chapter.
Have we told you we will be stopping or reducing a medical service you are already getting?	You may be able to keep those services or items during your appeal Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.3</b> of this chapter.
Do you want to ask us to pay you back for medical care or services you have already received and paid for?	You can send us the bill. Skip ahead to <b>Section 6.5</b> of this chapter.

<b>Section 6.2</b>	<b>Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision (how to ask our plan to authorize or provide the medical care coverage you want)</b>
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Legal Terms
When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an <b>“integrated organization determination.”</b>
Legal Terms
A “fast coverage decision” is called an <b>“integrated expedited determination.”</b>

**Step 1: You ask our plan to make a coverage decision on the medical care you are requesting. If your health requires a quick response, you should ask us to make a “fast coverage decision.” How to request coverage for the medical care you want**

- Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this.
- For the details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called *How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care.*

***Generally, we use the standard deadlines for giving you our decision***

When we give you our decision, we will use the “standard” deadlines unless we have agreed to use the “fast” deadlines. **A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request **for a medical item or service**. If your request is for a **Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we will give you an **answer within 72 hours** after we receive your request.

- For a request for a **medical item or service**, we can take up to **14 more calendar days** if you ask for more time, or if we need information (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) that may benefit you. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 11 of this chapter.)

***If your health requires it, ask us to give you a “fast coverage decision”***

- **A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.**
  - **For a request for a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if we find that some information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers), or if you need time to get information to us for the review. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 11 of this chapter.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- **To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:**
  - You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if you are asking for coverage for medical care *you have not yet received*. (You cannot ask for a fast coverage decision if your request is about payment for medical care you have already received.)
  - You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.
- **If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor’s support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
  - If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
  - This letter will tell you that if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
  - The letter will also tell how you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 11 of this chapter.)

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**Step 2: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.**

***Deadlines for a “fast” coverage decision***

- Generally, for a fast coverage decision on a request for a medical item or service, we will give you our answer **within 72 hours**. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer **within 24 hours**.
  - As explained above, we can take up to 14 more calendar days under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 11 of this chapter.)
  - If we do not give you our answer within 72 hours (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), or 24 hours if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, you have the right to appeal. Section 6.3 below tells how to make an appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a detailed written explanation as to why we said no.

***Deadlines for a “standard” coverage decision***

- Generally, for a standard coverage decision on a request for a medical item or service, we will give you our answer **within 14 calendar days of receiving your request**. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer **within 72 hours** of receiving your request.
  - For a request for a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (“an extended time period”) under certain circumstances. If we decide to take extra days to make the coverage decision, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 11 of this chapter.)
  - If we do not give you our answer within 14 calendar days (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period), or 72 hours if your request is

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

for a Part B prescription drug, you have the right to appeal. Section 6.3 below tells how to make an appeal.

- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

**Step 3: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you decide if you want to make an appeal.**

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider – and perhaps change – this decision by making an appeal. Making an appeal means making another try to get the medical care coverage you want.
- If you decide to make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process (see Section 6.3 below).

**Section 6.3**

**Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal  
(How to ask for a review of a medical care coverage decision made by our plan)**

**Legal Terms**

An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan “**integrated reconsideration.**”

**Step 1: You contact us and make your appeal.** If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a “**fast appeal.**”

***What to do***

- **To start an appeal you, your doctor, or your representative, must contact us.** For details on how to reach us for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.*
- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your standard appeal in writing by submitting a request.** You may also ask for an appeal by calling us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (*How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care*).
  - If you have someone appealing our decision for you other than your doctor, your appeal must include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you. If your doctor or other prescriber is asking that a service or item you are already getting be continued during your appeal, you may need to give your doctor or other prescriber your permission as your representative. (To get the form, call Member Services (phone numbers are



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printed on the back cover of this booklet) and ask for the “Appointment of Representative” form. It is also available on Medicare’s website at <https://www.cms.hhs.gov/cmsforms/downloads/cms1696.pdf> or on our website at [www.hamaspiK.com](http://www.hamaspiK.com). While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.

- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us** at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (*How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care*).
- **You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- **You can ask for a free copy of the information regarding your medical decision and add more information to support your appeal.**
  - You have the right to ask us for a free copy of the information regarding your appeal.
  - If you wish, you and your doctor may give us additional information to support your appeal.

***If your health requires it, ask for a “fast appeal” (you can make a request by calling us)***

Legal Terms
A “fast appeal” is also called an “integrated expedited reconsideration.”

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.”
- The requirements and procedures for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision.” To ask for a fast appeal, follow the instructions for asking for a fast coverage decision. (These instructions are given earlier in this section.)

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a “fast appeal,” we will give you a fast appeal.

*If we told you we were going to stop or reduce services or items that you were already getting, you may be able to keep those services or items during your appeal.*

- If we decided to change or stop coverage for a service, item, or drug that you currently get, we will send you a notice before taking the proposed action.
- If you disagree with the action, you can file a Level 1 Appeal. We will continue covering the service, item, or drug if you ask for a Level 1 Appeal within 10 calendar days of the postmark date on our letter or by the intended effective date of the action, whichever is later.
- If you meet this deadline, you can keep getting the service, item, or drug with no changes while your appeal is pending. You will also keep getting all other services, items, or drugs (that are not the subject of your appeal) with no changes.

**Step 2: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.**

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your request for coverage of medical care. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

***Deadlines for a “fast” appeal***

- When we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to do so.
  - If you ask for more time, or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, we **can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we tell you about this organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will automatically send your appeal to the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office for a Level 2 Appeal.

***Deadlines for a “standard” appeal***

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer on a request for a medical item or service **within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for services you have not yet received. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for a Part B prescription drug you have not yet received. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
  - If you ask for more time or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we decide we need to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 11 of this chapter.)
  - If we do not give you an answer by the applicable deadline above (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days on your request for a medical item or service), we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an independent outside organization will review it. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 30 calendar days, or **within 7 calendar days** if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 Appeal.

**Step 3: If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, your case will automatically be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.**

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to an independent review organization, called the “Integrated Administrative Hearing Office.”** When we do this, it means that your appeal is going on to the next level of the appeals process, which is Level 2.

<b>Section 6.4</b>	<b>Step-by-step: How a Level 2 Appeal is done</b>
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If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Integrated Administrative Hearing Office** reviews our decision for your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

**Step 1: The Integrated Administrative Hearing Office reviews your appeal.**

- **The Integrated Administrative Hearing Office is an independent New York State agency.** It is not connected with us. Medicare and Medicaid oversee its work.
- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” **We will send you a free copy of your case file.**
- You have a right to give the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal. The Integrated Administrative Hearing Office will contact you to schedule a hearing.

***If you had a “fast” appeal at Level 1, you may automatically have a “fast” appeal at Level 2***

- If you had a fast appeal to our plan at Level 1, you may automatically receive a fast appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 72 hours** of when it receives your appeal. In some cases, if you had a fast appeal to our plan at Level 1 you will not automatically receive a fast appeal at Level 2. You will get a fast appeal if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The Integrated Administrative Hearing Office can’t take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

***If you had a “standard” appeal at Level 1, you will also have a “standard” appeal at Level 2***

- If you had a standard appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically receive a standard appeal at Level 2.
  - If your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **about 60 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 7 calendar days** of when it receives your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**. The Integrated Administrative Hearing Office can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you qualified for continuation of benefits when you filed your Level 1 Appeal, your benefits for the service, item, or drug under appeal will also continue during Level 2. Go to page 175 for information about continuing your benefits during Level 1 Appeals.

**Step 2: The Integrated Administrative Hearing Office gives you their answer.**

The Integrated Administrative Hearing Office will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- **If the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service**, we must:
  - authorize the medical care coverage **within 72 hours** or
  - provide the service **within 14 calendar days** after we receive the Hearing Office's decision for **standard requests** or
  - provide the service **within 72 hours** from the date the plan receives the Hearing Office's decision for **expedited requests**.
- **If the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug**, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug under dispute:
  - **within 72 hours** after we receive the Hearing Office's decision for **standard requests** or
  - **within 24 hours** from the date we receive the Hearing Office's decision for **expedited requests**.
- **If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal**, it means they agree with our plan that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called "upholding the decision." It is also called "turning down your appeal.")
  - If the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office "upholds the decision" you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal.

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**Step 3: Choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are two additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of four levels of appeal).
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The written notice you get after your Level 2 Appeal has the details on how to do this.
- The Medicare Appeals Council handles the Level 3 Appeal. Section 10 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, and 4 of the appeals process.

<b>Section 6.5</b>	<b>What if you are asking us to pay you back for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?</b>
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If you want to ask us for payment for medical care, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: *Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*. Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

**Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us**

If you send us the paperwork that asks for reimbursement, you are asking us to make a coverage decision (for more information about coverage decisions, see Section 5.1 of this chapter). To make this coverage decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service (see Chapter 4: *Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*). We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care (these rules are given in Chapter 3 of this booklet: *Using the plan's coverage for your medical services*).

**We will say yes or no to your request**

- If the medical care you paid for is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost of your medical care within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. Or, if you haven't paid for the services, we will send the payment directly to the provider. When we send the payment, it's the same as saying *yes* to your request for a coverage decision.)
- If the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the services and the reasons why in detail. (When we turn down your request for payment, it's the same as saying *no* to your request for a coverage decision.)

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**What if you ask for payment and we say that we will not pay?**

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

**To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3.** Go to this section for step-by-step instructions. When you are following these instructions, please note:

- If you make an appeal for reimbursement, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal. (If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you already received and paid for yourself, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.)
- If the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office reverses our decision to deny payment, we must send the payment you have requested to you or to the provider within 30 calendar days.
- If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

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**SECTION 7      Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal**

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**Have you read Section 5 of this chapter (*A guide to “the basics” of coverage decisions and appeals*)? If not, you may want to read it before you start this section.**

<b>Section 7.1</b>	<b>This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Part D drug</b>
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Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many prescription drugs. Please refer to our plan’s *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (A “medically accepted indication” is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.)

- **This section is about your Part D drugs only.** To keep things simple, we generally say “drug” in the rest of this section, instead of repeating “covered outpatient prescription drug” or “Part D drug” every time.

## Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

- For details about what we mean by Part D drugs, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, rules and restrictions on coverage, and cost information, see Chapter 5 (*Using our plan's coverage for your Part D prescription drugs*) and Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*).

### Part D coverage decisions and appeals

As discussed in Section 5 of this chapter, a coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs.

Legal Terms
An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a “ <b>coverage determination</b> .”

Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Part D drugs:

- You ask us to make an exception, including:
  - Asking us to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*
  - Asking us to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get)
  - Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier
- You ask us whether a drug is covered for you and whether you meet the requirements for coverage. (For example, when your drug is on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* but we require you to get approval from us before we will cover it for you.)
  - *Please note:* If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, you will get a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.
- You ask us to pay for a prescription drug you already bought. This is a request for a coverage decision about payment.

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal.

Use the chart below to help you determine which part has information for your situation:



**Which of these situations are you in?**

<b>If you are in this situation:</b>	<b>This is what you can do:</b>
Do you need a drug that isn't on our Drug List or need us to waive a rule or restriction on a drug we cover?	You can ask us to make an exception. (This is a type of coverage decision.) Start with <b>Section 7.2</b> of this chapter.
Do you want us to cover a drug on our Drug List and you believe you meet any plan rules or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need?	You can ask us for a coverage decision. Skip ahead to <b>Section 7.4</b> of this chapter.
Do you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you have already received and paid for?	You can ask us to pay you back. (This is a type of coverage decision.) Skip ahead to <b>Section 7.4</b> of this chapter.
Have we already told you that we will not cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want it to be covered or paid for?	You can make an appeal. (This means you are asking us to reconsider.) Skip ahead to <b>Section 7.5</b> of this chapter.

**Section 7.2 What is an exception?**

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an “exception.” An exception is a type of coverage decision. Similar to other types of coverage decisions, if we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. We will then consider your request. Here are two examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

- 1. Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*.** (We call it the “Drug List” for short.)

<b>Legal Terms</b>
Asking for coverage of a drug that is not on the Drug List is sometimes called asking for a <b>“formulary exception.”</b>

- 2. Removing a restriction on our coverage for a covered drug.** There are extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* (for more information, go to Chapter 5 and look for Section 4).

Legal Terms
Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes called asking for a <b>“formulary exception.”</b>

- The extra rules and restrictions on coverage for certain drugs include:
  - *Being required to use the generic version* of a drug instead of the brand name drug.
  - *Getting plan approval in advance* before we will agree to cover the drug for you. (This is sometimes called “prior authorization.”)
  - *Being required to try a different drug first* before we will agree to cover the drug you are asking for. (This is sometimes called “step therapy.”)
  - *Quantity limits*. For some drugs, there are restrictions on the amount of the drug you can have.
- If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.

### Section 7.3

### Important things to know about asking for exceptions

#### Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called “alternative” drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception.

#### We can say yes or no to your request

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request for an exception, you can ask for a review of our decision by making an appeal. Section 7.5 tells how to make an appeal if we say no.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.

<b>Section 7.4</b>	<b>Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception</b>
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**Step 1:** You ask us to make a coverage decision about the drug(s) or payment you need. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask us to make a “fast coverage decision.” You cannot ask for a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.

*What to do*

- **Request the type of coverage decision you want.** Start by calling, writing, or faxing us to make your request. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. For the details, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called *How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs*. Or if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug, go to the section called *Where to send a request that asks us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received*.
- **You or your doctor or someone else who is acting on your behalf** can ask for a coverage decision. Section 5 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.
- **If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug**, start by reading Chapter 7 of this booklet: *Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*. Chapter 7 describes the situations in which you may need to ask for reimbursement. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us to pay you back for our share of the cost of a drug you have paid for.
- **If you are requesting an exception, provide the “supporting statement.”** Your doctor or other prescriber must give us the medical reasons for the drug exception you are requesting. (We call this the “supporting statement.”) Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary. See Sections 6.2 and 6.3 for more information about exception requests.
- **We must accept any written request**, including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form or on our plan’s form, which is available on our website.

*If your health requires it, ask us to give you a “fast coverage decision”*

<b>Legal Terms</b>
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A “fast coverage decision” is called an “expedited coverage determination.”
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**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- When we give you our decision, we will use the “standard” deadlines unless we have agreed to use the “fast” deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor’s statement. A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor’s statement.
- **To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:**
  - You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if you are asking for a *drug you have not yet received*. (You cannot ask for a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you have already bought.)
  - You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.
- **If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a “fast coverage decision,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.**
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own (without your doctor’s or other prescriber’s support), we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision.
  - If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).
  - This letter will tell you that if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give a fast coverage decision.
  - The letter will also tell how you can file a complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. It tells how to file a “fast” complaint, which means you would get our answer to your complaint within 24 hours of receiving the complaint. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, see Section 11 of this chapter.)

**Step 2: We consider your request and we give you our answer.**

***Deadlines for a “fast” coverage decision***

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 24 hours**.
  - Generally, this means within 24 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor’s statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent outside organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

***Deadlines for a "standard" coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received***

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours**.
  - Generally, this means within 72 hours after we receive your request. If you are requesting an exception, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's statement supporting your request. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested –**
  - If we approve your request for coverage, we must **provide the coverage** we have agreed to provide **within 72 hours** after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

***Deadlines for a "standard" coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought***

- We must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

**Step 3: If we say no to your coverage request, you decide if you want to make an appeal.**

- If we say no, you have the right to request an appeal. Requesting an appeal means asking us to reconsider – and possibly change – the decision we made.

<b>Section 7.5</b>	<b>Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal (how to ask for a review of a coverage decision made by our plan)</b>
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Legal Terms
An appeal to the plan about a Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan “redetermination.”

**Step 1: You contact us and make your Level 1 Appeal.** If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a “fast appeal.”

*What to do*

- **To start your appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact us.**
  - For details on how to reach us by phone, fax, or mail, or on our website for any purpose related to your appeal, go to Chapter 2, Section 1, and look for the section called *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs*.
- **If you are asking for a standard appeal, make your appeal by submitting a written request.** You may also ask for an appeal by calling us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1 (*How to contact our plan when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs*).
- **If you are asking for a fast appeal, you may make your appeal in writing or you may call us at the phone number shown in Chapter 2, Section 1** (*How to contact our plan when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs*).
- **We must accept any written request,** including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form, which is available on our website.
- **You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days** from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer to your request for a coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that prevented you from

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.

- **You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information.**
  - You have the right to ask us for a copy of the information regarding your appeal. We are allowed to charge a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
  - If you wish, you and your doctor or other prescriber may give us additional information to support your appeal.

*If your health requires it, ask for a “fast appeal”*

Legal Terms
A “fast appeal” is also called an “expedited redetermination.”

- If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a “fast appeal.”
- The requirements for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as those for getting a “fast coverage decision” in Section 7.4 of this chapter.

**Step 2: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.**

- When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

***Deadlines for a “fast” appeal***

- If we are using the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we receive your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
  - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

***Deadlines for a “standard” appeal***

- If we are using the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer **within 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal for a drug you have not received yet. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so. If you believe your health requires it, you should ask for “fast” appeal.
  - If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Later in this section, we tell about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested –**
  - If we approve a request for coverage, we must **provide the coverage** we have agreed to provide as quickly as your health requires, but **no later than 7 calendar days** after we receive your appeal.
  - If we approve a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we receive your appeal request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how to appeal our decision.
- If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, we must give you our answer **within 14 calendar days** after we receive your request.
  - If we do not give you a decision within 14 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent organization. Later in this section, we talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Appeal Level 2.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested**, we are also required to make payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive your request.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested**, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how to appeal.

**Step 3: If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make *another* appeal.**

- If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal.
- If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process (see below).



<b>Section 7.6</b>	<b>Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal</b>
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If we say no to your appeal, you then choose whether to accept this decision or continue by making another appeal. If you decide to go on to a Level 2 Appeal, the **Independent Review Organization** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

Legal Terms
The formal name for the “Independent Review Organization” is the “ <b>Independent Review Entity.</b> ” It is sometimes called the “ <b>IRE.</b> ”

**Step 1: To make a Level 2 Appeal, you (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the Independent Review Organization and ask for a review of your case.**

- If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, the written notice we send you will include **instructions on how to make a Level 2 Appeal** with the Independent Review Organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization.
- When you make an appeal to the Independent Review Organization, we will send the information we have about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” **You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.** We are allowed to charge you a fee for copying and sending this information to you.
- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.

**Step 2: The Independent Review Organization does a review of your appeal and gives you an answer.**

- **The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with us and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to review our decisions about your Part D benefits with us.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal. The organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

***Deadlines for “fast” appeal at Level 2***

- If your health requires it, ask the Independent Review Organization for a “fast appeal.”

## **Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- If the review organization agrees to give you a “fast appeal,” the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 72 hours** after it receives your appeal request.
- **If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested,** we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization **within 24 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

### ***Deadlines for “standard” appeal at Level 2***

- If you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 7 calendar days** after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have not received yet. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your level 2 appeal within 14 calendar days after it receives your request.
- **If the Independent Review Organization says yes to part or all of what you requested –**
  - If the Independent Review Organization approves a request for coverage, we must **provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the review organization **within 72 hours** after we receive the decision from the review organization.
  - If the Independent Review Organization approves a request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to **send payment to you within 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision from the review organization.

### **What if the review organization says no to your appeal?**

If this organization says no to your appeal, it means the organization agrees with our decision not to approve your request. (This is called “upholding the decision.” It is also called “turning down your appeal.”)

If the Independent Review Organization “upholds the decision” you have the right to a Level 3 appeal. However, to make another appeal at Level 3, the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting must meet a minimum amount. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final. The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

### **Step 3: If the dollar value of the coverage you are requesting meets the requirement, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue with the appeals process, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. If you decide to make a third appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you got after your second appeal.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- The Level 3 Appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 10 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

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## **SECTION 8      How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon**

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When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our coverage for your hospital care, including any limitations on this coverage, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your “**discharge date**.”
- When your discharge date has been decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will let you know.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered. This section tells you how to ask.

<b>Section 8.1      During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights</b>
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During your covered hospital stay, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they are admitted to a hospital. Someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse) must give it to you within two days after you are admitted. If you do not get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

1. **Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don’t understand it.** It tells you about your rights as a hospital patient, including:
  - Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
  - Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay, and know who will pay for it
  - Where to report any concerns you have about quality of your hospital care
  - Your right to appeal your discharge decision if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**Legal Terms**

The written notice from Medicare tells you how you can “**request an immediate review.**” Requesting an immediate review is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time. (Section 8.2 below tells you how you can request an immediate review.)

**2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.**

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 5 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date (your doctor or hospital staff will tell you your discharge date). Signing the notice **does not mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.

**3. Keep your copy** of the signed notice so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) handy if you need it.

- If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
- To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see it online at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html>

**Section 8.2**

**Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date**

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.** Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.
- **Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do.

## **Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).

**During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal.** It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

**Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a “fast review” of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.**

**A “fast review” is also called an “immediate review.”**

### ***What is the Quality Improvement Organization?***

- This organization is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. This organization is paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare.

### ***How can you contact this organization?***

- The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2, Section 4, of this booklet.)

### ***Act quickly:***

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than your planned discharge date**. (Your “planned discharge date” is the date that has been set for you to leave the hospital.)
  - If you meet this deadline, you are allowed to stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without paying for it* while you wait to get the decision on your appeal from the Quality Improvement Organization.
  - If you do *not* meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 8.4.

### ***Ask for a “fast review”:***

- You must ask the Quality Improvement Organization for a **“fast review”** of your discharge. Asking for a “fast review” means you are asking for the organization to use the “fast” deadlines for an appeal instead of using the standard deadlines.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

Legal Terms
A “ <b>fast review</b> ” is also called an “ <b>immediate review</b> ” or an “ <b>expedited review</b> .”

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

*What happens during this review?*

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them “the reviewers” for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don’t have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers informed our plan of your appeal, you will also get a written notice that gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

Legal Terms
This written explanation is called the “ <b>Detailed Notice of Discharge.</b> ” You can get a sample of this notice by calling Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html">https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.html</a>

**Step 3: Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.**

*What happens if the answer is yes?*

- If the review organization says *yes* to your appeal, **we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services. (See Chapter 4 of this booklet.)

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

***What happens if the answer is no?***

- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

**Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.**

- If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to “Level 2” of the appeals process.

<b>Section 8.3</b>	<b>Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date</b>
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If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

**Step 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

- You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stayed in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**Step 3: Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review, the Quality Improvement Organization reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.**

*If the review organization says yes:*

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. **We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

*If the review organization says no:*

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.**

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If the review organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
- Section 10 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

<b>Section 8.4</b>	<b>What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?</b>
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**You can appeal to us instead**

As explained above in Section 8.2, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal of your hospital discharge. (“Quickly” means before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date.) If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*



**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal**

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a “fast review.” A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Legal Terms
A “fast” review (or “fast appeal”) is also called an “expedited appeal.”

**Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”**

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called, *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.*
- **Be sure to ask for a “fast review.”** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the “standard” deadlines.

**Step 2: We do a “fast” review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.**

- During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We will check to see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.
- In this situation, we will use the “fast” deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.

**Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review” (“fast appeal”).**

- **If we say yes to your fast appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date, and will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- **If we say no to your fast appeal,** we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
  - If you stayed in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**Step 4: If we say *no* to your fast appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.**

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the “Integrated Administrative Hearing Office.”** When we do this, it means that you are *automatically* going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

**Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process**

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, an **independent review organization** called the “Integrated Administrative Hearing Office” (IAHO) reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

**Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office.**

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 11 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

**Step 2: The Integrated Administrative Hearing Office does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.**

- **The Integrated Administrative Hearing Office is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with our plan. This organization is chosen by Medicare and Medicaid to handle the job of being the independent review organization. Medicare and Medicaid oversees its work.
- Reviewers at the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- **If this organization says *yes* to your appeal,** then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan’s coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says *no* to your appeal,** it means they agree with us that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
  - The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It

will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal, which is handled by the Medicare Appeals Council.

**Step 3: If the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are two additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of four levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal.
- Section 10 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3 and 4 of the appeals process.

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**SECTION 9      How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon**

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<b>Section 9.1</b>	<b><i>This section is about three services only:</i> <b>Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services</b></b>
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This section is about the following types of care *only*:

- **Home health care services** you are getting
- **Skilled nursing care** you are getting as a patient in a skilled nursing facility. (To learn about requirements for being considered a “skilled nursing facility,” see Chapter 12, *Definitions of important words*.)
- **Rehabilitation care** you are getting as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF). Usually, this means you are getting treatment for an illness or accident, or you are recovering from a major operation. (For more information about this type of facility, see Chapter 12, *Definitions of important words*.)

When you are getting any of these types of care, you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information on your covered services, including your share of the cost and any limitations to coverage that may apply, see Chapter 4 of this booklet: *Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, *we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care*.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision.** This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

<b>Section 9.2</b>	<b>We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending</b>
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- 1. You receive a notice in writing.** At least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care, you will receive a notice.
  - The written notice tells you the date when we will stop covering the care for you.
  - The written notice also tells what you can do if you want to ask our plan to change this decision about when to end your care, and keep covering it for a longer period of time.

<b>Legal Terms</b>
In telling you what you can do, the written notice is telling how you can request a <b>“fast-track appeal.”</b> Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care. (Section 9.3 below tells how you can request a fast-track appeal.)
The written notice is called the <b>“Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.”</b> To get a sample copy, call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.). Or see a copy online at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/MAEDNotices.html">https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/MAEDNotices.html</a>

- 2. You must sign the written notice to show that you received it.**
  - You or someone who is acting on your behalf must sign the notice. (Section 5 tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.)
  - Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. **Signing it does not mean you agree** with the plan that it’s time to stop getting the care.

<b>Section 9.3</b>	<b>Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time</b>
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If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- **Follow the process.** Each step in the first two levels of the appeals process is explained below.
- **Meet the deadlines.** The deadlines are important. Be sure that you understand and follow the deadlines that apply to things you must do. There are also deadlines our plan must follow. (If you think we are not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Section 11 of this chapter tells you how to file a complaint.)
- **Ask for help if you need it.** If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance (see Section 2 of this chapter).

**During a Level 1 Appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal and decides whether to change the decision made by our plan.**

**Step 1: Make your Level 1 Appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for a review. You must act quickly.**

***What is the Quality Improvement Organization?***

- This organization is a group of doctors and other health care experts who are paid by the Federal government. These experts are not part of our plan. They check on the quality of care received by people with Medicare and review plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care.

***How can you contact this organization?***

- The written notice you received tells you how to reach this organization. (Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2, Section 4 of this booklet.)

***What should you ask for?***

- Ask this organization for a “fast-track appeal” (to do an independent review) of whether it is medically appropriate for us to end coverage for your medical services.

***Your deadline for contacting this organization.***

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal *no later than noon of the day after you receive the written notice telling you when we will stop covering your care.*

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization about your appeal, you can make your appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 9.5.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.**

*What happens during this review?*

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (we will call them “the reviewers” for short) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don’t have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers informed us of your appeal, and you will also get a written notice from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

Legal Terms
This notice explanation is called the “Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage.”

**Step 3: Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.**

*What happens if the reviewers say yes to your appeal?*

- If the reviewers say *yes* to your appeal, then **we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.**
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered services (see Chapter 4 of this booklet).

*What happens if the reviewers say no to your appeal?*

- If the reviewers say *no* to your appeal, then **your coverage will end on the date we have told you.** We will stop paying our share of the costs of this care on the date listed on the notice.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

**Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 Appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.**

- This first appeal you make is “Level 1” of the appeals process. If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 Appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make another appeal.
- Making another appeal means you are going on to “Level 2” of the appeals process.

**Section 9.4**

**Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time**

If the Quality Improvement Organization has turned down your appeal and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended, then you can make a Level 2 Appeal. During a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 Appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Here are the steps for Level 2 of the appeal process:

**Step 1: You contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.**

- You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

**Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.**

- Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

**Step 3: Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.**

*What happens if the review organization says yes to your appeal?*

- **We must reimburse you** for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. **We must continue providing coverage** for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

***What happens if the review organization says no?***

- It means they agree with the decision we made to your Level 1 Appeal and will not change it.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

**Step 4: If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If reviewers turn down your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
- Section 10 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

<b>Section 9.5</b>	<b>What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 Appeal?</b>
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**You can appeal to us instead**

As explained above in Section 9.3, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different.*

**Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal**

If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, you can make an appeal to us, asking for a “fast review.” A fast review is an appeal that uses the fast deadlines instead of the standard deadlines.

Here are the steps for a Level 1 Alternate Appeal:

<b>Legal Terms</b>
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A “fast” review (or “fast appeal”) is also called an <b>“expedited appeal.”</b>
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**Step 1: Contact us and ask for a “fast review.”**

- For details on how to contact us, go to Chapter 2, Section 1 and look for the section called *How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care.*



**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- **Be sure to ask for a “fast review.”** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the “fast” deadlines rather than the “standard” deadlines.

**Step 2: We do a “fast” review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.**

- During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan’s coverage for services you were receiving.
- We will use the “fast” deadlines rather than the standard deadlines for giving you the answer to this review.

**Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a “fast review” (“fast appeal”).**

- **If we say yes to your fast appeal,** it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- **If we say no to your fast appeal,** then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

**Step 4: If we say *no* to your fast appeal, your case will *automatically* go on to the next level of the appeals process.**

- To make sure we were following all the rules when we said no to your fast appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the “Independent Review Organization.”** When we do this, it means that you are *automatically* going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

**Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process**

If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Integrated Administrative Hearing Office** reviews the decision we made when we said no to your “fast appeal.” This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office.**

- We are required to send the information for your Level 2 Appeal to the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. The complaint process is different from the appeal process. Section 11 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

**Step 2: The Integrated Administrative Hearing Office does a “fast review” of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.**

- **The Integrated Administrative Hearing Office is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare or Medicaid.** This organization is not connected with our plan. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare and Medicaid to handle the job of being the independent review organization. Medicare and Medicaid oversee its work.
- Reviewers at the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- **If this organization says *yes* to your appeal,** then we must reimburse you (pay you back) for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- **If this organization says *no* to your appeal,** it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
  - The notice you get from the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to a Level 3 Appeal.

**Step 3: If the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are two additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of four levels of appeal. If reviewers say no to your Level 2 Appeal, you can choose whether to accept that decision or whether to go on to Level 3 and make another appeal. At Level 3, your appeal is reviewed by the Medicare Appeals Council an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.
- Section 10 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3 and 4 of the appeals process.

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## **SECTION 10      Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond**

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<b>Section 10.1      Levels of Appeal 3, and 4 for Medical Service Appeals</b>
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This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down. The letter you get from the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office (IAHO) will tell you what to do if you wish to continue the appeals process.

Level 3 of the appeals process is a review by the Medicare Appeals Council. After that, you may have the right to ask a federal court to look at your appeal.

If you need assistance at any stage of the appeals process, you can contact the Independent Consumer Advocacy Network (ICAN). The phone number is 1-844-614-8800.

<b>Section 10.2      Levels of Appeal 3, 4, and 5 for Part D Drug Appeals</b>
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This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 Appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

<b>Level 3 Appeal</b> <b>A judge (called an Administrative Law Judge) or attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.</b>
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- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision.
- **If the answer is no, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

your appeal, the notice you get will tell you what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

**Level 4 Appeal** The Medicare **Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- **If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over.** What you asked for in the appeal has been approved. We must **authorize or provide the drug coverage** that was approved by the Council **within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days** after we receive the decision.
- **If the answer is no, the appeals process *may or may not* be over.**
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you might be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 Appeal. If the rules allow you to go on, the written notice will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

**Level 5 Appeal** A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

- This is the last step of the appeals process.

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## **SECTION 11      How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns**

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If your problem is about decisions related to benefits, coverage, or payment, then this section is *not for you*. Instead, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals. Go to Section 5 of this chapter.

### **Section 11.1      What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?**

This section explains how to use the process for making complaints. The complaint process is used for certain types of problems *only*. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

**If you have any of these kinds of problems, you can “make a complaint”**

<b>Complaint</b>	<b>Example</b>
<b>Quality of your medical care</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?</li> </ul>
<b>Respecting your privacy</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do you believe that someone did not respect your right to privacy or shared information about you that you feel should be confidential?</li> </ul>
<b>Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</li> <li>• Are you unhappy with how our Member Services has treated you?</li> <li>• Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?</li> </ul>
<b>Waiting times</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</li> <li>• Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Member Services or other staff at the plan? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting room, when getting a prescription, or in the exam room.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Cleanliness</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor’s office?</li> </ul>
<b>Information you get from us</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do you believe we have not given you a notice that we are required to give?</li> <li>• Do you think written information we have given you is hard to understand?</li> </ul>

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

Complaint	Example
<b>Timeliness</b> (These types of complaints are all related to the <i>timeliness</i> of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	<p>The process of asking for a coverage decision and making appeals is explained in sections 4-10 of this chapter. If you are asking for a decision or making an appeal, you use that process, not the complaint process.</p> <p>However, if you have already asked us for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you have asked us to give you a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” and we have said we will not, you can make a complaint.</li> <li>• If you believe we are not meeting the deadlines for giving you a coverage decision or an answer to an appeal you have made, you can make a complaint.</li> <li>• When a coverage decision we made is reviewed and we are told that we must cover or reimburse you for certain medical services or drugs, there are deadlines that apply. If you think we are not meeting these deadlines, you can make a complaint.</li> <li>• When we do not give you a decision on time, we are required to forward your case to the Integrated Administrative Hearing Office. If we do not do that within the required deadline, you can make a complaint.</li> </ul>

**Section 11.2**

**The formal name for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance”**

**Legal Terms**

- What this section calls a “**complaint**” is also called a “**grievance.**”
- Another term for “**making a complaint**” is “**filing a grievance.**”
- Another way to say “**using the process for complaints**” is “**using the process for filing a grievance.**”

<b>Section 11.3</b>	<b>Step-by-step: Making a complaint</b>
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**Step 1: Contact us promptly – either by phone or in writing.**

- **Usually, calling Member Services is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know. Please contact our Member Services number at 1-833-426-2774 for additional information. (TTY users should call 711.) Hours are 7 days a week, from 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, October 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021. From April 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021, our Member Service Department will be available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.
- **If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- All complaints are investigated by Hamaspik Medicare Choice to understand and correct the problems that a member identifies.
  - We must notify you of our decision about your grievance as quickly as required based on your health status, but no later than 30 days after receiving your complaint.
  - We may extend the timeframe by up to 14 days if you request the extension or if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest. If we must extend the deadline, we will notify you of this in writing.
  - If we deny your grievance in whole or in part, our written decision will explain why we denied it and will tell you about any dispute resolution options you may have.

**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- **Whether you call or write, you should contact Member Services right away.** You can make the complaint at any time after you had the problem you want to complain about.
- **If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” we will automatically give you a “fast” complaint.** If you have a “fast” complaint, it means we will give you **an answer within 24 hours.**
- **Whether you call or write, you should contact Member Services right away.** The complaint can be made at any time after you had the problem you want to complain about.
- **If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a “fast coverage decision” or a “fast appeal,” we will automatically give you a “fast” complaint.** If you have a “fast” complaint, it means we will give you **an answer within 24 hours.**

Legal Terms
What this section calls a “fast complaint” is also called an “expedited grievance.”

**Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.**

- **If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.
- **Most complaints are answered in 30 calendar days.** If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don’t take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will let you know. Our response will include our reasons for this answer. We must respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

<b>Section 11.4</b>	<b>You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization</b>
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You can make your complaint about the quality of care you received to us by using the step-by-step process outlined above.

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

- **You can make your complaint to the Quality Improvement Organization.** If you prefer, you can make your complaint about the quality of care you received directly to this organization (*without* making the complaint to us).



**Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)**

- The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.
- To find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state, look in Chapter 2, Section 4 of this booklet. If you make a complaint to this organization, we will work with them to resolve your complaint.
- **Or you can make your complaint to both at the same time.** If you wish, you can make your complaint about quality of care to us and also to the Quality Improvement Organization.

<b>Section 11.5</b>	<b>You can also tell Medicare about your complaint</b>
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You can submit a complaint about HamaspiK Medicare Choice directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx>. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the plan is not addressing your issue, please call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

# CHAPTER 10

*Ending your membership in the plan*

## **Chapter 10. Ending your membership in the plan**

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## **SECTION 1      Introduction**

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<b>Section 1.1      This chapter focuses on ending your membership in our plan</b>
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Ending your membership in Hamaspik Medicare Choice may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave.
  - There are only certain times during the year, or certain situations, when you may voluntarily end your membership in the plan. Section 2 tells you when you can end your membership in the plan. Section 2 tells you about the types of plans you can enroll in and when your enrollment in your new coverage will begin.
  - The process for voluntarily ending your membership varies depending on what type of new coverage you are choosing. Section 3 tells you *how* to end your membership in each situation.
- There are also limited situations where you do not choose to leave, but we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, you must continue to get your medical care through our plan until your membership ends.

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## **SECTION 2      When can you end your membership in our plan?**

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You may end your membership in our plan only during certain times of the year, known as enrollment periods. All members have the opportunity to leave the plan during the Annual Enrollment Period and during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period. In certain situations, you may also be eligible to leave the plan at other times of the year.

<b>Section 2.1      You may be able to end your membership because you have Medicare and Medicaid</b>
---

Most people with Medicare can end their membership only during certain times of the year. Because you have Medicaid, you may be able to end your membership in our plan or switch to a different plan one time during each of the following Special Enrollment Periods:

- January to March
- April to June
- July to September

See Chapter 13, *Medicaid Member Handbook*, for more information about disenrollment.

If you joined our plan during one of these periods, you'll have to wait for the next period to end your membership or switch to a different plan. You can't use this Special Enrollment Period to end your membership in our plan between October and December. However, all people with Medicare can make changes from October 15 – December 7 during the Annual Enrollment Period. Section 2.2 tells you more about the Annual Enrollment Period.

- **What type of plan can you switch to?** If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of Medicare plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
  - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan
    - If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without “creditable” prescription drug coverage for a continuous period of 63 days or more, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. (“Creditable” coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage.)

**Note:** If you disenroll from the Medicaid Advantage Plus Plan, you need to select another Medicaid Managed Long Term Care plan, in order to receive long term care services in the community. Contact your State Medicaid Office to learn about your Medicaid plan options (telephone numbers are in Chapter 2, Section 6 of this booklet).

- **When will your membership end?** Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after we receive your request to change your plans. Your enrollment in your new plan will also begin on this day.

<b>Section 2.2</b>	<b>You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period</b>
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You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period (also known as the “Annual Open Enrollment Period”). This is the time when you should review your health and drug coverage and make a decision about your coverage for the upcoming year.

- **When is the Annual Enrollment Period?** This happens from October 15 to December 7.
- **What type of plan can you switch to during the Annual Enrollment Period?** You can choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:

- Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)  
– *or* –
- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan  
– *or* –
- Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

**If you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs:** If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later. (“Creditable” coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 4 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

**When will your membership end? Your membership will end when your new plan’s coverage begins on January 1.**

<b>Section 2.3</b>	<b>You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period</b>
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You have the opportunity to make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**.

- **When is the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period?**  
This happens every year from January 1 to March 31.
- **What type of plan can you switch to during the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period?** During this time, you can:
  - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)
  - Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.
- **When will your membership end?** Your membership will end on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

<b>Section 2.4</b>	<b>In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period</b>
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In certain situations, you may be eligible to end your membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

- **Who is eligible for a Special Enrollment Period?** If any of the following situations apply to you, you may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website ([www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov)):
  - Usually, when you have moved
  - If you have Medicaid
  - If you are eligible for “Extra Help” with paying for your Medicare prescriptions
  - If we violate our contract with you
  - If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital
  - If you enroll in the Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE)

**Note:** Section 2.1 tells you more about the special enrollment period for people with Medicaid.

- **When are Special Enrollment Periods?** The enrollment periods vary depending on your situation.
- **What can you do?** To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. This means you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan. (You can choose a plan that covers prescription drugs or one that does not cover prescription drugs.)  
– *or* –
  - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan  
– *or* –
  - Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

**If you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs:**

If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for a continuous period of 63 days or more, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan

later. (“Creditable” coverage means the coverage is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage.) See Chapter 1, Section 4 for more information about the late enrollment penalty.

- **When will your membership end?** Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

**Note:** Sections 2.1 and 2.2 tell you more about the special enrollment period for people with Medicaid and Extra Help.

<b>Section 2.5</b>	<b>Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?</b>
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If you have any questions or would like more information on when you can end your membership:

- You can **call Member Services** (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- You can find the information in the *Medicare & You 2021* Handbook.
  - Everyone with Medicare receives a copy of *Medicare & You* each fall. Those new to Medicare receive it within a month after first signing up.
  - You can also download a copy from the Medicare website ([www.medicare.gov](http://www.medicare.gov)). Or, you can order a printed copy by calling Medicare at the number below.
- You can contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

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<b>SECTION 3</b>	<b>How do you end your membership in our plan?</b>
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<b>Section 3.1</b>	<b>Usually, you end your membership by enrolling in another plan</b>
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Usually, to end your membership in our plan, you simply enroll in another Medicare plan. However, if you want to switch from our plan to Original Medicare but you have not selected a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, you must ask to be disenrolled from our plan. There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:

- You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).
- --or--
- You can contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.



If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Another Medicare health plan</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. Your new coverage will begin on the first day of the following month. You will automatically be disenrolled from Hamaspik Medicare Choice when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. Your new coverage will begin on the first day of the following month. You will automatically be disenrolled from Hamaspik Medicare Choice when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Original Medicare <i>without</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.</li> <li>○ If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go 63 days or more in a row without creditable prescription drug coverage, you may have to pay a late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Send us a written request to disenroll.</b> Contact Member Services if you need more information on how to do this (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).</li> <li>• You can also contact <b>Medicare</b>, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.</li> <li>• You will be disenrolled from Hamaspik Medicare Choice when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.</li> </ul>

For questions about your New York State Medicaid benefits, contact the New York State Department of Health at 1-800-541-2831. (TTY users, call 711). The hours are 8:30 a.m. to 4:45 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Ask how joining another plan or returning to Original Medicare affects how you get your New York State Medicaid coverage. You will need to enroll in another Managed Long Term Care plan in order to receive long term care services in your home and community.

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## **SECTION 4      Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical services and drugs through our plan**

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<b>Section 4.1      Until your membership ends, you are still a member of our plan</b>
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If you leave Hamaspik Medicare Choice, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare and Medicaid coverage goes into effect. (See Section 2 for information on when your new coverage begins.) During this time, you must continue to get your medical care and prescription drugs through our plan.

- **You should continue to use our network pharmacies to get your prescriptions filled until your membership in our plan ends.** Usually, your prescription drugs are only covered if they are filled at a network pharmacy including through our mail-order pharmacy services.
- **If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will usually be covered by our plan until you are discharged** (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

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## **SECTION 5      Hamaspik Medicare Choice must end your membership in the plan in certain situations**

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<b>Section 5.1      When must we end your membership in the plan?</b>
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**Hamaspik Medicare Choice must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:**

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B
- If you are no longer eligible for Medicaid. As stated in Chapter 1, Section 2.1, our plan is for people who are eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid. If you no longer qualify for Medicaid, you will be required to disenroll from Hamaspik Medicare Choice.
- If you move out of our service area
- If you are away from our service area for more than thirty (30) days.

**Note:** If you move or take a long trip, please call Member Services to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area. (Phone numbers for Member Services are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

- If you move to an Office of Mental Health (OMH), Office of Mental Retardation or Developmental Disabilities (OPWDD) or Office of Alcohol and Substance Abuse Services (OASAS) residential program for forty-five (45) consecutive days or longer, or
- If you clinically require nursing home care but are not eligible for such care under the Medicaid Program's institutional eligibility rules, or
- If you are not eligible for State Medicaid Advantage Plus (MAP), because you no longer have a functional or clinical need for community-based long term care services
- If you are not a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States
- If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
  - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you are required to pay the extra Part D amount because of your income and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan.

In addition, you may be disenrolled from Hamaspik Medicare Choice in the following circumstances:

- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare and Medicaid first.)
- If you fail to complete or submit any consent form or other document that is needed to obtain services for you.
- If you fail to pay or make satisfactory arrangements to pay the amount, as determined by the LDSS, owed as your Medicaid spenddown/surplus, within 30 days of the date that it is due. If this occurs, we will attempt to work with you to collect the amount that is due, and we will advise you in writing at least 30 days in advance of your prospective disenrollment.

### **Where can you get more information?**

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership:

- You can call **Member Services** for more information (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet).

<b>Section 5.2</b>	<b>We <u>cannot</u> ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health</b>
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Hamaspik Medicare Choice is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health.

**What should you do if this happens?**

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

<b>Section 5.3</b>	<b>You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan</b>
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If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also look in Chapter 9, Section 11 for information about how to make a complaint.

# CHAPTER 11

## *Legal notices*

**Chapter 11. Legal notices**

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## **SECTION 1      Notice about governing law**

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Many laws apply to this *Evidence of Coverage* and some additional provisions may apply because they are required by law. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document. The principal law that applies to this document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in.

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## **SECTION 2      Notice about nondiscrimination**

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Our plan must obey laws that protect you from discrimination or unfair treatment. **We don't discriminate** based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call us at Member Services (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

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## **SECTION 3      Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights**

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We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, HamaspiK Medicare Choice, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.







## **Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

**Complaint** — The formal name for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance.” The complaint process is used for certain types of problems *only*. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. See also “Grievance,” in this list of definitions. Please see Chapter 9 for a reference to Complaints.

**Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)** – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, and provides a variety of services including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services. Please see Chapter 2 for a reference to CORF.

**Copayment (or “copay”)** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor’s visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount, rather than a percentage. For example, you might pay \$10 or \$20 for a doctor’s visit or prescription drug. Chapter 4 for a reference to Copayment.

**Cost Sharing** – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed “copayment” amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any “coinsurance” amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received. A “daily cost-sharing rate” may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month’s supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. Please see Chapter xx for a reference to Cost-Sharing.

**Cost-Sharing Tier** – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

**Coverage Determination** – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn’t covered under your plan, that isn’t a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

**Covered Drugs** – The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan. Please see Chapter 9 for a reference to Covered Drugs.

**Covered Services** – The general term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to Covered Services.

**Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage** – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare’s standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage.

## **Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

**Custodial Care** – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care is personal care that can be provided by people who don't have professional skills or training, such as help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care. Please see Chapter 4 for a reference to Custodial Care.

**Daily cost-sharing rate** – A “daily cost-sharing rate” may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your “daily cost-sharing rate” is \$1 per day. This means you pay \$1 for each day's supply when you fill your prescription.

**Deductible** – The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan begins to pay. Please see Chapter 4 for a reference to Deductible.

**Disenroll or Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

**Dispensing Fee** – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription. The dispensing fee covers costs such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

**Dual Eligible Individual** – A person who qualifies for Medicare and Medicaid coverage. Please see Chapter 2 for a reference to a Dual Eligible Individual.

**Durable Medical Equipment (DME)** – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to Durable Medical Equipment.

**Emergency** – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life, loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse. Please see Chapter 3 for a reference to Emergency.

**Emergency Care** – Covered services that are: (1) rendered by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and (2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition. Please see Chapter 3 for a reference to Emergency.

**Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information** – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan. Please see Chapter 1 a for a reference to Evidence of Coverage.

## **Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

**Exception** – A type of coverage decision that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on your plan sponsor’s formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at a lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if your plan sponsor requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, or the plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception). Please see Chapter 9 for a reference to Exception.

**Extra Help** – A Medicare program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance. Please see Chapter 2 for a reference to Extra Help.

**Generic Drug** – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a “generic” drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less. Please see Chapter 5 for a reference to Generic Drug.

**Home Health Aide** – A home health aide provides services that don’t need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides do not have a nursing license or provide therapy. Please see Chapter 4 for a reference to Home Health Aide.

**Hospice** – A member who has 6 months or less to live has the right to elect hospice. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer. The hospice will provide special treatment for your state. Please see Chapter 3 for a reference to Hospice.

**Hospital Inpatient Stay** – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an “outpatient.”

**Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)** –If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you’ll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to IRMAA.

**Initial Coverage Limit** – The maximum limit of coverage under the Initial Coverage Stage. Please see Chapter 5 for a reference to the Initial Coverage Limit.

**Initial Coverage Stage** – This is the stage before your total drug costs including amounts you have paid and what your plan has paid on your behalf OR out-of-pocket costs for the year have reached \$6,550. Please see Chapter 6 for a reference to the Initial Coverage Stage.

**Initial Enrollment Period** – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. For example, if you’re eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months

## **Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

**Institutional Special Needs Plan (SNP)** – A Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals who continuously reside or are expected to continuously reside for 90 days or longer in a long-term care (LTC) facility. These LTC facilities may include a skilled nursing facility (SNF); nursing facility (NF); (SNF/NF); an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded (ICF/MR); and/or an inpatient psychiatric facility. An institutional Special Needs Plan to serve Medicare residents of LTC facilities must have a contractual arrangement with (or own and operate) the specific LTC facility(ies).

**Institutional Equivalent Special Needs Plan (SNP)** – An institutional Special Needs Plan that enrolls eligible individuals living in the community but requiring an institutional level of care based on the State assessment. The assessment must be performed using the same respective State level of care assessment tool and administered by an entity other than the organization offering the plan. This type of Special Needs Plan may restrict enrollment to individuals that reside in a contracted assisted living facility (ALF) if necessary to ensure uniform delivery of specialized care.

**List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or “Drug List”)** – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The list includes both brand name and generic drugs. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to the List of Covered Drugs.

**Low Income Subsidy (LIS)** – See “Extra Help.”

**Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount** – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and prescription drugs do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount. (Note: Because our members also get assistance from Medicaid, very few members ever reach this out-of-pocket maximum.) See Chapter 4, Section 1, 1.2 for information about your maximum out-of-pocket amount. Please see Chapter 3 for a reference to the Maximum Out-of-Pocket.

**Medicaid (or Medical Assistance)** – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid. See Chapter 2, Section 6 for information about how to contact Medicaid in your state.

**Medically Accepted Indication** – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books. See Chapter 5, Section 3 for more information about a medically accepted indication.

**Medically Necessary** – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice. Please see Chapter 3 for a reference to Medical Necessary.

## **Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

**Medicare** – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare or a Medicare Advantage Plan. Please see Chapter 2 for a reference to Medicare.

**Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** – A set time each year when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan, or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is from January 1 until March 31, and is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

**Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan** – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an HMO, PPO, a Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. When you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, Medicare services are covered through the plan, and are not paid for under Original Medicare. In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called **Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage**. Everyone who has Medicare Part A and Part B is eligible to join any Medicare Advantage health plan that is offered in their area. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to Medicare Advantage Plan.

**Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program** – A program that provides discounts on most covered Part D brand name drugs to Part D members who have reached the Coverage Gap Stage and who are not already receiving “Extra Help.” Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and certain drug manufacturers. For this reason, most, but not all, brand name drugs are discounted. Please see Chapter 2 for a reference to Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program. Please see Chapter 2 for a reference to Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program.

**Medicare-Covered Services** – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to Medicare-Covered Services.

**Medicare Health Plan** – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

**Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D)** – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B. Please see Chapter 10 for a reference to Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D).

## **Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

**“Medigap” (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy** – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill “gaps” in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.) Please see Chapter 2 for a reference to Medigap.

**Member (Member of our Plan, or “Plan Member”)** – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to Member.

**Member Services** – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. See Chapter 2 for information about how to contact Member Services. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to Member Services.

**Network Pharmacy** – A network pharmacy is a pharmacy where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. We call them “network pharmacies” because they contract with our plan. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies. Please see Chapter 5 for a reference to Network Pharmacy.

**Network Provider** – “Provider” is the general term we use for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. We call them “**network providers**” when they have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Our plan pays network providers based on the agreements it has with the providers or if the providers agree to provide you with plan-covered services. Network providers may also be referred to as “plan providers.” Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to Network Provider.

**Organization Determination** – The Medicare Advantage plan has made an organization determination when it makes a decision about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called “coverage decisions” in this booklet. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision. Chapter 9 explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

**Original Medicare** (“Traditional Medicare” or “Fee-for-service” Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan like Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to Original Medicare.

**Out-of-Network Pharmacy** – A pharmacy that doesn’t have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. As explained in this Evidence of Coverage, most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan

## **Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

unless certain conditions apply. Please see Chapter 5 for a reference to an Out-of-Network Pharmacy.

**Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility** – A provider or facility with which we have not arranged to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan or are not under contract to deliver covered services to you. Using out-of-network providers or facilities is explained in this booklet in Chapter 3.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** – See the definition for “cost sharing” above. A member’s cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member’s “out-of-pocket” cost requirement. Please see Chapter 4 for a reference to Emergency.

**Part C** – see “**Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.**”

**Part D** – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program. (For ease of reference, we will refer to the prescription drug benefit program as Part D.) Please see Chapter 5 for a reference to Part D.

**Part D Drugs** – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. (See your formulary for a specific list of covered drugs.) Certain categories of drugs were specifically excluded by Congress from being covered as Part D drugs. Please see Chapter 5 for a reference to Emergency.

**Part D Late Enrollment Penalty** – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more after you are first eligible to join a Part D plan. You pay this higher amount as long as you have a Medicare drug plan. There are some exceptions. For example, if you receive “Extra Help” from Medicare to pay your prescription drug plan costs, you will not pay a late enrollment penalty. If you lose Extra Help, you may be subject to the late enrollment penalty if you go 63 days or more in a row without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage.

**Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan** – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

**Premium** – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to premium.

**Primary Care Physician (PCP)** – Your primary care provider is the doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. He or she makes sure you get the care you need to keep you healthy. He or she also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care



## **Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

and refer you to them. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider. See Chapter 3, Section 2.1 for information about Primary Care Physicians.

**Prior Authorization** – Approval in advance to get services or certain drugs that may or may not be on our formulary. Some in-network medical services are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets “prior authorization” from our plan. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Some drugs are covered only if your doctor or other network provider gets “prior authorization” from us. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary. Please see Chapter 3 for a reference to Prior Authorization.

**Prosthetics and Orthotics** – These are medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider. Covered items include, but are not limited to, arm, back, and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy. Please see Chapter 4 for a reference to Prosthetics and Orthotics.

**Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)** – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. See Chapter 2, Section 4 for information about how to contact the QIO for your state.

**Quantity Limits** – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time. Please see Chapter 5 for a reference to Quantity Limits.

**Rehabilitation Services** – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy. Please see Chapter 4 for a reference to Emergency.

**Service Area** – A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it’s also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan may disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan’s service area. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to Service Area.

**Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care** – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor. Please see Chapter 4 for a reference to Skilled Nursing Facility.

**Special Needs Plan** – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions. Please see Chapter 1 for a reference to Special Needs Plan.

**Chapter 12. Definitions of important words**

**Step Therapy** – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed. Please see Chapter 4 for a reference to Step Therapy.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

**Urgently Needed Services** – Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care. Urgently needed services may be furnished by network providers or by out-of-network providers when network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. Please see Chapter 3 for a reference to Urgently Needed Services.

# CHAPTER 13

## *Your Medicaid Advantage Plus Member Handbook*

## **Chapter 13. Welcome to Hamaspik Medicare Choice Medicaid Advantage Plus (MAP)**

Welcome to Hamaspik Medicare Choice Program (HMO D-SNP). In addition to being your Medicare Advantage Plan, Hamaspik Medicare Choice is a “Medicaid Advantage Plus” (MAP) plan. Hamaspik Medicare Choice is especially designed for people who have Medicare and Medicaid and who need health and long-term care services like home care and personal care to stay in their homes and communities as long as possible.

This handbook chapter tells you about the Medicaid benefits Hamaspik Medicare Choice covers since you are enrolled in the Hamaspik Medicare Choice Program. It also tells you how to request a service, file a complaint or disenroll from Hamaspik Medicare Choice. The benefits described in this handbook are in addition to the Medicare benefits described in the Hamaspik Medicare Choice Evidence of Coverage. Review this handbook with the Hamaspik Medicare Choice Evidence of Coverage (Chapters 1 through 12 of this booklet). You need both to learn what services are covered, and how to get services.

### **HELP FROM MEMBER SERVICES**

You can call us at the Member Services number below. There is someone to help you at Member Services.

**Call: 1-833-426-2774      TTY Users: 711**

Member services staff are available seven days a week from October 1, 2020 through March 31, 2021, 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. From April 1, 2020 through September 2021, staff are available Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m.

If you need help at other times, you can also call us at this number. We offer free translation services for members who do not speak language and assistance for members who are visually impaired. You can also call Member Services if you would like a document in a different language such as Spanish or Braille.

### **ELIGIBILITY FOR ENROLLMENT IN HAMASPIK MEDICARE CHOICE**

Hamaspik Medicare Choice is a program for people who have both Medicare and Medicaid. You are eligible to join Program if you are enrolled in Hamaspik Medicare Choice for Medicare coverage and:

- 1) Are age 18 and older
- 2) Reside in the plan’s service area, which includes the following counties in New York: Bronx, Dutchess, Kings (Brooklyn), Nassau, New York (Manhattan), Orange, Putnam, Queens, Richmond (Staten Island), Rockland, Sullivan, Ulster and Westchester

**Chapter 13. Welcome to Hamaspik Medicare Choice Medicare Advantage Plus (MAP)**

- 3) Have a chronic illness of disability that makes you eligible for services usually provided in a nursing home
- 4) Are able to return or remain in your home and community, without jeopardy to your health and safety, at the time you join the plan
- 5) Require care management and are expected to need one or more of the following services for more than 120 days from the date that you join our plan:
  - Nursing services in the home
  - Therapies in the home
  - Home health aide services
  - Personal care services in the home
  - Adult day health care, or
  - Private Duty Nursing
  - Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS)

An Applicant who is a hospital inpatient or is an inpatient or resident of a facility licensed by the State Office of Mental Health (OMH), the Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services (OASAS) or the State Office For People With Developmental Disability (OPWDD) or is enrolled in another managed care plan capitated by Medicaid, a Home and Community-Based Services waiver program, a Comprehensive Medicaid Case Management Program (CMCM) or OPWDD Day Treatment Program or is receiving services from a hospice may be enrolled with the Contractor upon discharge or termination from the inpatient hospital, facility licensed by the OMH, OASAS or OPWDD, other managed care plan, hospice, Home and Community-Based Services waiver program, CMCM or OPWDD Day Treatment Program.

Enrollment in the Program is voluntary. The coverage explained in this Handbook becomes effective on the effective date of your enrollment in Hamaspik Medicare Choice.

To enroll in Hamaspik Medicare Choice, your eligibility must first be determined by a State enrollment nurse from the Conflict Free Evaluation and Enrollment Center (also known as CFEEC). The CFEEC sends a nurse to your home to evaluate whether you need long term care services such as home care. Based on this evaluation, the nurse determines if you can join a Medicaid Long Term Care plan, and will explain your options to you. The CFEEC is a program of New York State Medicaid.

If you are eligible to enroll, and interested in Hamaspik Medicare Choice, a Nurse Assessor from our Program will come to your home at a time that is convenient for you. If you wish, you may also have a family member or other caregiver with you during the appointment. The Nurse will conduct an assessment in order to confirm that you are eligible to enroll and to develop your plan of care.

If you are eligible and wish to enroll in the Program, you will be asked to sign a Medicaid enrollment form. The Nurse will also connect you to a Medicare enrollment specialist to complete the Medicare portion of the enrollment process. Once you complete the Medicaid and Medicare enrollments, Hamaspik Medicare Choice will submit them to Medicaid and Medicare. In most cases, your enrollment will be effective on the first day of the next month.

**Chapter 13. Welcome to Hamaspik Medicare Choice Medicare Advantage Plus (MAP)**

Hamaspik Medicare Choice may recommend denial of your enrollment within ten (10) calendar days of receiving an enrollment request, if we determine that you are not eligible, based on the criteria listed above, or if you do not provide the information that is needed in order to process your enrollment. If denial of your enrollment is recommended, it must be approved by Medicaid, and we will send you a notice that includes an explanation of the reason for denial. You will have an opportunity to appeal the denial. Please contact Member Services if you need more information. Note that Hamaspik Medicare Choice will not discriminate in the enrollment process based on your health status, any change in your health status, the services that you need, or the cost of your covered services.

If you enroll and then change your mind, you can withdraw your enrollment. Please contact Member Services to let us know. If you want to withdraw your enrollment, you must let us know by noon on the 20th of the month before the effective date.

Please see Chapter 1 of your Medicare Evidence of Coverage for information about your Plan ID card.

Network providers will be paid in full directly by Hamaspik Medicare Choice for each service authorized and provided to you, with no co-pay or cost to you. If you receive a bill for covered services authorized by Hamaspik Medicare Choice, you are not responsible to pay the bill. Please contact your Care Manager. You may be responsible for payment of covered services that were not authorized by Hamaspik Medicare Choice, or for covered services that are obtained by providers outside of the Hamaspik Medicare Choice network.

**Hamaspik Medicare Choice Transitional Care Procedures**

In some cases, new enrollees may continue an ongoing course of treatment for a transitional period of up to 90 days when you first enroll in Hamaspik Medicare Choice. Please discuss this with your Enrollment Nurse or Care Manager when you enroll in the Plan. If you are eligible for transitional care, you can continue to see a non-network health care provider, if the provider (1) accepts payment from Hamaspik Medicare Choice; (2) agrees to follow the Hamaspik

Medicare Choice policies and procedures; and (3) provides medical information about your care to the Plan.

You are also eligible for transitional care if you are in an ongoing course of treatment and your provider ends their contract with Hamaspik Medicare Choice. In this case, you can continue to receive care from this provider for up to 90 days, if the provider (1) accepts payment from Hamaspik Medicare Choice; (2) agrees to follow the Hamaspik Medicare Choice policies and procedures; and (3) provides medical information about your care to the Plan.

### **Monthly Spenddown**

If Medicaid determines that you are required to pay a spenddown as a condition of your eligibility, they will give this information to Hamaspik Medicare Choice. We will send you an invoice for this amount every month, and you must pay your Spenddown to Hamaspik Medicare Choice in order to remain enrolled in the Program. If you have questions about your Spenddown payments, please call Member Services. If you fail to make these payments, you may be disenrolled from the Program.

### **Money Follows the Person (MFP) Program / Open Doors**

This section will explain the services and supports that are available through *Money Follows the Person (MFP)/Open Doors*. *MFP/Open Doors* is a program that can help you move from a nursing home back into your home or residence in the community. You may qualify for MFP if

- You have lived in a nursing home for three months or longer, and
- You have health needs that can be met through services in their community

*MFP/Open Doors* has people, called Transition Specialists and Peers, who can meet with you in the nursing home and talk with you about moving back to the community. Transition Specialists and Peers are different from Care Managers and Discharge Planners. They can help you by:

- Giving you information about services and supports that are available to you in the community
- Finding services offered in the community to help you be independent
- Visiting or calling you after you move, in order to make sure that you have what you need at home

For more information about *MFP/Open Doors*, or to set up a visit from a Transition Specialist or Peer, please call the New York Association on Independent Living at 1-844-545-7108, or email [mfp@health.ny.gov](mailto:mfp@health.ny.gov). You can also visit *MFP/Open Doors* on the web at:

[www.health.ny.gov/mfp](http://www.health.ny.gov/mfp) or [www.ilny.org](http://www.ilny.org)

## **SERVICES COVERED BY THE HAMASPIK MEDICARE CHOICE PROGRAM**

### **Deductibles and Copayments on Medicare Covered Services**

Many of the services that you receive, including inpatient and outpatient hospital services, doctor's visits, emergency services and laboratory tests are covered by Medicare and are described in the Hamaspik Medicare Choice Medicare Evidence of Coverage. Chapter 3 of the Hamaspik Medicare Choice Evidence of Coverage explain the rules for using plan providers and getting care in a medical emergency or if urgent care is needed. Some services have deductibles and copayments. These amounts are shown in the Benefit Chart in Chapter 4 of the Hamaspik Medicare Choice Evidence of Coverage under the column, "What you must pay when you get

### **Chapter 13. Welcome to HamaspiK Medicare Choice Medicare Advantage Plus (MAP)**

these covered services”. Because you have joined HamaspiK Medicare Choice, and you have Medicaid, HamaspiK Medicare Choice will pay these amounts.

You do not have to pay these deductibles and co-payments except for those that apply to chiropractic care and pharmacy items, unless you are Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB). If there is a monthly premium for benefits (see Chapter 8 of the HamaspiK Medicare Choice Evidence of Coverage), you will not have to pay that premium since you have Medicaid. We will also cover many services that are not covered by Medicare but are covered by Medicaid. The sections below explain what is covered.

#### **Care Management Services**

As a member of our plan, you will get Care Management Services. Our plan will provide you with a care manager who is a health care professional – a nurse or a social worker. Your care manager will work with you and your doctor to decide the services you need and develop a care plan. Your care manager will also arrange appointments for any services you need and arrange for transportation to those services. Your care manager will call you at least once a month to discuss your health care needs and your services. You will also receive a home visit once every six months, so we can assess your ongoing needs and update your plan of care. If you have questions about your health needs or your services, please do not hesitate to call your care manager. You can reach them by calling 1-833-426-2774. TTY users, call 711.

#### **Additional Covered Services**

Because you have Medicaid and qualify for HamaspiK Medicare Choice, our plan will arrange and pay for the extra health and social services described below. You may get these services as long as they are medically necessary – that is, they are needed to prevent or treat your illness or disability. Your care manager will help identify the services and providers you need, and the services will be outlined in your plan of care. In some cases, you may need a referral or an order from your doctor to get these services. You must get these services from the providers who are in the HamaspiK Medicare Choice network.

- **Personal Care**

Your personal care aide provides assistance with bathing, eating, dressing, toileting, and a range of household chores. The services are provided by a certified aide who works for a home care agency, and will be based on “doctors orders” from your physician.

- **Consumer Directed Personal Assistance Services (CDPAS)**

If you choose to receive CDPAS services, you will be able to hire and supervise your own worker to provide assistance with your daily needs. Your worker could be a family member, friend, or another person who you select. In order to choose this service, your doctor will have to certify that you are able to supervise your worker. Your worker will have to register with an agency in order to submit timesheets and receive paychecks. Please talk to your care manager if you are interested in CDPAS services.



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- **Home Health Care Services Not Covered by Medicare**

You may need additional nursing, medical social services, occupational, physical and speech therapies that are not covered by Medicare. If you need these services, they will be provided by a home care agency based on “doctors orders” from your physician.

- **Private Duty Nursing**

A private duty nurse may provide care in your home if you need this level of care. If you need these services, they will be provided by a home care agency based on “doctors orders” from your physician.

- **Nutrition**

A nutritionist may work with you to help you understand and improve your nutritional needs. If you need these services, they will be provided by a home care agency based on “doctors orders” from your physician.

- **Home Delivered Meals and/or meals in a group setting such as a day care**

You may choose to receive home delivered meals, or meals in a day care program as a substitute for some personal care services or CDPAS services.

- **Social Day Care**

Social day care programs provide a structured program in a community setting to help you socialize with other Members, and provide you with some personal care and nutrition services in a safe setting.

- **Adult Day Health Care**

Adult day care programs provide a structured program in a community setting to help you socialize with other Members. Adult day health care programs include nursing, rehabilitation therapies, social workers, personal care, assistance with medications, and nutrition services in a safe setting.

- **Non-Emergency Transportation**

Transportation to your medical appointments and other health services are covered by the program. Services are available by car service or ambulette or public transportation. Please call member services at least 48 hours before your appointment to arrange for your transportation.

- **Durable Medical Equipment (DME)**

Durable medical equipment, includes devices and equipment that can be repeated used for a protracted period of time and are primarily and customarily used for medical purposes.

- **Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Orthopedic Footwear**

Prosthetic devices are used to replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement if needed.

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Orthotic appliances (such as a brace or splint) are used for supporting, immobilizing, or treating muscles, joints, or bones that are weak, deformed, or injured. They are used over a period of time, and are usually fitted, designed or fashioned for a particular individual's use.

Orthopedic footwear includes shoes that are specifically designed to support or accommodate the mechanics and structure of the foot, ankle and leg.

- **Medical and Surgical Supplies, Parenteral Formula, Enteral Formula, Nutritional Supplements and Hearing Aid Batteries**

You are covered for these items, which will be delivered to your home. These services must be ordered by your doctor in most cases (except for hearing aid batteries).

- **Social/Environmental Supports**

Other services (such as chore services, home modifications or respite care) are also available based on your needs. These services are customized based on your individual needs.

- **Personal Emergency Response System (PERS)**

PERS are electronic devices that can be installed in your home, or worn on a pendant. A PERS device allows you to call for help in an emergency.

- **Nursing Home Care not covered by Medicare**

Long term care services provided in a nursing home are covered by the Program if you are no longer able to remain safely at home. If you need these services, they must be ordered by your physician.

- **Outpatient Rehabilitation**

Physical therapy, occupational therapy and speech/language therapy are available in an outpatient rehabilitation program. These services must be ordered by your doctor.

- **Dental Care**

Your Medicaid covered dental services include check-ups and cleanings twice a year, needed restorative dental care, and dentures. Additional services (such as root canals and implants) may be provided if needed for medical reasons.

- **Optometry and Vision Benefits**

Services provided by optometrists, ophthalmologists and ophthalmic dispensers. Services include examinations for diagnosis and treatment of visual defects and eye disease, as well as routine eye exams. Coverage includes eyeglasses, medically necessary contact lenses and poly-carbonate lenses, artificial eyes, low vision aids, and low vision services. Coverage also includes the repair or replacement of parts.

Note: Routine eye exams are limited to one every two (2) years unless otherwise justified as medically necessary. Eyeglasses are also limited to every two (2) years, unless medically necessary or unless the glasses are lost, damaged or destroyed.

- **Audiology and Hearing Aids**

Services and products are covered for a disability caused by the loss or impairment of hearing. Services include: audiology services (examinations and testing, hearing aid evaluations and hearing aid prescriptions); hearing aid selection, fitting, and hearing aid checks following dispensing; hearing aid products (hearing aids, earmolds, and special fittings); and hearing aid repairs and replacement.

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### **○ Inpatient Mental Health Care Over the 190-day Lifetime Medicare Limit**

You are eligible for inpatient mental health care beyond the 190 day lifetime limit of your Medicare coverage. Please see the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of your Medicare Evidence of Coverage for instructions to obtain these services.

### **Limitations:**

- Enteral formula and nutritional supplements are limited to individuals who cannot obtain nutrition through any other means, and to the following conditions: 1) tube-fed individuals who cannot chew or swallow food and must obtain nutrition through formula via tube; and 2) individuals with rare inborn metabolic disorders requiring specific medical formulas to provide essential nutrients not available through any other means.
- Coverage of certain inherited disease of amino acid and organic acid metabolism shall include modified solid food products that are low-protein or which contain modified protein.
- Nursing Home Care is covered for individuals who are considered a permanent placement provided you are eligible for institutional Medicaid coverage.

### **Getting Care Outside the Service Area**

If you are planning to travel outside the Hamaspik Medicare Choice service area, you may be eligible for coverage of your services. Please discuss your travel plans with your care manager to arrange for coverage.

You are also eligible for emergency and urgent care services outside of the Hamaspik Medicare Choice service area, including if you travel outside the United States. Please see Chapter 4 of the Medicare *Evidence of Coverage* for more information, or contact Member Services.

## **Emergency Services**

An emergency is a sudden, unexpected, or impending situation that may cause injury, loss of life, and/or interference with your normal activities, which requires immediate attention and medical treatment. If you believe you are having an emergency, please call 911 immediately. You do not need any authorization from Hamaspik Medicare Choice in order to obtain emergency care. Please see Chapter 4 of the Medicare *Evidence of Coverage* for more information about your emergency services and urgent care services.

Once your emergency has been stabilized, please contact Hamaspik Medicare Choice, or ask a family member to call on your behalf. Your care manager will work with you to assess your needs, and make sure that your plan of care is updated if necessary, in order to provide your ongoing services

### **MEDICAID SERVICES NOT COVERED BY HAMASPIK MEDICARE CHOICE**

There are some Medicaid services that Hamaspik Medicare Choice does not cover. You can get these services from any provider who takes Medicaid by using your Medicaid Benefit Card. Call Member Services at (1-833-426-2774) if you have a question about whether a benefit is covered by Hamaspik Medicare Choice or Medicaid. (TTY users, call 711.)

Some of the services covered by Medicaid using your Medicaid Benefit Card include:

- **Pharmacy**  
Most prescription drugs are covered by Hamaspik Medicare Choice Medicare Part D as described in section 6 of the Hamaspik Medicare Choice Medicare Evidence of Coverage (EOC). Regular Medicaid will cover some drugs not covered by Medicare.
- **Certain Mental Health Services, including:**
  - Intensive Psychiatric Rehabilitation Treatment
  - Day Treatment
  - Case Management for Seriously and Persistently Mentally Ill (sponsored by state or local mental health units)
  - Partial Hospital Care not covered by Medicare
  - Rehabilitation Services to those in community homes or in family-based treatment
  - Continuing Day Treatment
  - Assertive Community Treatment
  - Personalized Recovery Oriented Services
- **Certain Services for People with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities, including:**
  - Long-term Therapies
  - Day Treatment
  - Medicaid Service Coordination
  - Partial Hospital Care not covered by Medicare
  - Services received under the Home and Community Based Services Waiver
- **Other Medicaid Services, including:**
  - Methadone Treatment
  - Comprehensive Medicaid Case Management
  - Directly Observed Therapy for Tuberculosis (TB)
  - Health Home Case Management

### **Family Planning Services**

Members may go to any Medicaid doctor or clinic that provides family planning care. You do not need a referral from your Primary Care Provider (PCP).

**SERVICES NOT COVERED BY HAMASPIK MEDICARE CHOICE OR MEDICAID**

You must pay for services that are not covered by Hamaspik Medicare Choice or by Medicaid, if your provider tells you in advance that these services are not covered, AND you agree to pay for them. These are listed in Chapter 4 of your *Evidence of Coverage*. Examples of services not covered by Hamaspik Medicare Choice or Medicaid are:

- Cosmetic surgery if not medically needed
- Personal and Comfort items
- Infertility Treatment
- Services of a Provider that is not part of the plan (unless Hamaspik Medicare Choice sends you to that provider)

If you have any questions, call Member Services at 1-833-426-2774. (TTY users, call 711.)

**Service Authorization Requests (also known as Coverage Decision Requests)**

Information in this section applies to all of your Medicare and most of your Medicaid benefits. This information does not apply to your Medicare Part D prescription drug benefits.

When you ask for approval of a treatment or service, it is called a **service authorization request (also known as a coverage decision request)**. To get a service authorization request, please speak to your Care Manager, or contact Member Services, at 1-833-426-2774. (TTY users call 711.)

Your doctor can assist you in filing a service authorization request, and may be asked to provide information about your health needs in order for us to make a decision about your authorization.

You may also send your request in writing to:

Hamaspik Medicare Choice  
ATTN: Utilization Management  
58 Route 59, Suite #!  
Monsey, NY 10952

We will review your request, and let you know our decision. If your request is approved, we will authorize services in a certain amount and for a specific period of time. This is called an **authorization period**.

### **Prior Authorization**

Some covered services require **prior authorization** (approval in advance) from HamaspiK Medicare Choice before you get them. You or someone you trust can ask for prior authorization. See Chapter 4 of your Medicare Evidence of Coverage for information about the services that require prior authorization. (The Benefits Table in this chapter indicates this with a “\*”).

### **Concurrent Review**

You can also ask HamaspiK Medicare Select to get more of a service than you are getting now. This is called **concurrent review**.

### **Retrospective Review**

Sometimes we will do a review on the care you are getting to see if you still need the care. We may also review other treatments and services you already got. This is called **retrospective review**. We will tell you if we do these reviews.

### **What happens after we get your service authorization request**

The health plan has a review team to be sure you get the services we promise. Doctors and nurses are on the review team. Their job is to be sure the treatment or service you asked for is medically needed and right for you. They do this by checking your treatment plan against acceptable medical standards.

We may decide to deny a service authorization request or to approve it for an amount that is less than you asked for. A qualified health care professional will make these decisions. If we decide that the service you asked for is not medically necessary, a clinical peer reviewer will make the decision. A clinical peer reviewer may be a doctor, a nurse, or a health care professional who typically provides the care you asked for. You can ask for the specific medical standards, called **clinical review criteria**, used to make the decision about medical necessity.

After we get your request, we will review it under either a **standard** or a **fast track** process. You or your provider can ask for a fast track review if you or your provider believes that a delay will cause serious harm to your health. If we deny your request for a fast track review, we will tell you and handle your request under the standard review process. In all cases, we will review your request as fast as your medical condition requires us to do so, but no later than mentioned below. More information on the fast track process is below.

We will tell you and your provider both by phone and in writing if we approve or deny your request. We will also tell you the reason for the decision. We will explain what options you have if you don't agree with our decision.

### **Standard Process**

Generally, we use the **standard timeframe** for giving you our decision about your request for a medical item or service unless we have agreed to use the fast track deadlines.

- A standard review for a prior authorization request means we will give you an answer within 3 work days of when we have all the information we need, but no later than **14 calendar days** after we get your request. If your case is a **concurrent review** where you are asking for a change to a service you are already getting, we will make a decision within 1 work day of when we have all the information we need, but will give you an answer no later than 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- **We can take up to 14 more calendar days** if you ask for more time or if we need information (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) that may benefit you. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing what information is needed and why the delay is in your best interest. We will make a decision as quickly as we can when we receive the necessary information, but no later than 14 days from the day we asked for more information.
- If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a **“fast complaint.”** When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for service authorizations and appeals. For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see Section 5: What To Do If You Have A Complaint About Our Plan.)

If we do not give you our answer within 14 calendar days (or by the end of the extra days if we take them), you can file an appeal.

- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we will authorize the service or give you the item that you asked for.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for**, we will send you a written notice that explains why we said no. Section 2: Level 1 Appeals (also known as Level 1) later in this chapter tells how to make an appeal.

### **Fast Track Process**

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a **“fast service authorization.”**

- A fast review of a prior authorization request means we will give you an answer within 1 work day of when we have all the information we need but no later than **72 hours** from when you made your request to us.
- We can take **up to 14 more calendar days** if we find that some information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) or if you need time to get information to us for the review. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing what information is needed and why the delay is in your best interest. We will make a decision as quickly as we can when we receive the



necessary information, but no later than 14 days from the day we asked for more information.

- If you believe we should not take extra days, **you can file a “fast complaint”** (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see the Section “What To Do If You Have A Complaint About Our Plan”, below, for more information.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- If we do not give you our answer within 72 hours (or if there is an extended time period, by the end of that period) you can file an appeal. See “Level 1 Appeals”, below for how to make an appeal.

To get a fast service authorization, you must meet two requirements:

1. You are asking for coverage for medical care you have not gotten yet. (You cannot get a fast service authorization if your request is about payment for medical care you already got.)
2. Using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your life or health, or hurt your ability to function.

**If your provider tells us that your health requires a “fast service authorization,” we will automatically agree to give you a fast service authorization.**

If you ask for a fast service authorization on your own, without your provider’s support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast service authorization.

If we decide that your medical condition does not meet the requirements for a fast service authorization, we will send you a letter that says so (and we will use the standard deadlines instead).

- This letter will tell you that if your provider asks for the fast service authorization, we will automatically give a fast service authorization.
- The letter will also tell how you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to give you a standard service authorization instead of the fast service authorization you asked for. (For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see the section: “What To Do If You Have A Complaint About Our Plan” later in this chapter.)

**If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for,** we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we got your request. If we extended the time needed to make our service authorization on your request for a medical item or service, we will give you our answer by the end of that extended period.

**If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for,** we will send you a detailed written explanation as to why we said no. If you are not satisfied with our answer, you have the right to file an appeal with us. See the “Level 1 Appeals” section below for more information.

If you do not hear from us on time, it is the same as if we denied your service authorization request. If this happens, you have the right to file an appeal with us. See Section 2: Level 1 Appeals, below for more information.

**If we are changing a service you are already getting**

- In most cases, if we make a decision to reduce, suspend or stop a service we have already approved that you are now getting, we must tell you at least 15 days before we change the service.
- If we are checking care that you got in the past, we will make a decision about paying for it within 30 days of getting necessary information for the retrospective review. If we deny payment for a service, we will send a notice to you and your provider the day we deny the payment. **You will not have to pay for any care you got that the plan or Medicaid covered even if we later deny payment to the provider.**

You may also have special **Medicare rights if your coverage for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services is ending.** For more information about these rights, refer to Chapter 9 of the Hamaspik Medicare Choice *Evidence of Coverage*.

**What To Do If You Want To Appeal A Decision About Your Care**

If we say no to your request for coverage for a medical item or service, you decide if you want to make an appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to make an appeal and ask us to reconsider this decision. Making an appeal means trying again to get the medical care coverage you want.
- If you decide to make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process (see below).
- Hamaspik Medicare Choice can also explain the complaints and appeals processes available to you depending on your complaint. You can call Member Services at 833-426-2774 to get more information on your rights and the options available to you. TTY users, call 711.

**At any time in the process you or someone you trust can also file a complaint about the review time with the New York State Department of Health by calling 1-866-712-7197.**

**Level 1 Appeals (also known as a Plan Level Appeal)**

Information in this section applies to all of your Medicare and most of your Medicaid benefits. This information does not apply to your Medicare Part D prescription drug benefits.

There are some treatments and services that you need approval for before you get them or to be able to keep getting them. This is called prior authorization. Asking for approval of a treatment or service is called a service authorization request. We describe this process earlier in Section 1 of this chapter. If we decide to deny a service authorization request or to approve it for an amount that is less than asked for, you will receive a notice called an Integrated Coverage Determination Notice.

If you receive an Integrated Coverage Determination Notice and disagree with our decision, you have the right to make an appeal. Making an appeal means trying to get the medical item or service you want by asking us to review your request again.

**You can file a Level 1 Appeal:**

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal, or a Plan Appeal. In this appeal, we review the decision we made to see if we properly followed all the rules. Different reviewers handle your appeal than the ones who made the original unfavorable decision. When we complete the review, we will give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss below, you can request a fast appeal.

**Steps to file a Level 1 Appeal:**

- If you are not satisfied with our decision, you have **60 days** from the date on the Integrated Coverage Determination Notice to file an appeal. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to file your appeal. Examples of good cause for missing the deadline may include if you had a serious illness that kept you from contacting us or if we gave you incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for asking for an appeal.
- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care you have not gotten yet, you and/or your provider will need to decide if you need a **“fast appeal.”**
  - The requirements and procedures for getting a “fast appeal” are the same as for getting a “fast track service authorization.” To ask for a fast appeal, follow the instructions for asking for a fast track service authorization. (These instructions are given in Section 1, in the Fast Track Process section.)
  - If your provider tells us that your health requires a “fast appeal,” we will give you a fast appeal.
  - If your case was a **concurrent review** where we were reviewing a service you are already getting, you will automatically get a fast appeal.
- You can file an appeal yourself or ask someone you trust to file the Level 1 Appeal for you. You can call Member Services at 833-426-2774, if you need help filing a Level 1 Appeal. (TTY users, call 711.)
  - Only someone you name in writing can represent you during your appeal. If you want a friend, relative, or other person to be your representative during your appeal, you can complete the Appeal Request Form that was attached to the Integrated Coverage Determination Notice, complete an “Appointment of Representative” form, or write and sign a letter naming your representative.

To get an “Appointment of Representative” form, call Member Services and ask for the form. You can also get the form on the Medicare website at

<https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf>, or on our website at [www.hamaspik.co](http://www.hamaspik.co)

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The form gives the person permission to act for you. You must give us a copy of the signed form; OR

You can write a letter and send it to us. (Your or the person named in the letter as your representative can send us the letter.)

- We will not treat you any differently or act badly toward you because you file a Level 1 Appeal.
- You can make the Level 1 Appeal by phone or in writing.

### **Continuing your service or item while appealing a decision about your care**

If we told you we were going to stop, suspend, or reduce services or items that you were already getting, you may be able to keep those services or items during your appeal.

- If we decided to change or stop coverage for a service or item that you currently get, we will send you a notice before taking action.
- If you disagree with the action, you can file a Level 1 Appeal.
- We will continue covering the service or item if you ask for a Level 1 Appeal within 10 calendar days of the date on the Integrated Coverage Determination Notice or by the intended effective date of the action, whichever is later.
- If you meet this deadline, you can keep getting the service or item with no changes while your Level 1 Appeal is pending. You will also keep getting all other services or items (that are not the subject of your appeal) with no changes.
- **Note:** If your provider is asking that we continue a service or item you are already getting during your appeal, you may need to name your provider as your representative.

### **What happens after we get your Level 1 Appeal**

- Within 15 days, we will send you a letter to let you know we are working on your Level 1 Appeal. We will let you know if we need additional information to make our decision.
- We will send you a copy of your case file, free of charge, which includes a copy of the medical records and any other information and records we will use to make the appeal decision. If your Level 1 Appeal is fast tracked, there may be a short time to review this information.
- Qualified health professionals who did not make the first decision will decide appeals of clinical matters. At least one will be a clinical peer reviewer.
- Non-clinical decisions will be handled by persons who work at a higher level than the people who worked on your first decision.
- You can also provide information to be used in making the decision in person or in writing. Call us at 833-426-2774 if you are not sure what information to give us. (TTY users, call 711.)

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- We will give you the reasons for our decision and our clinical rationale, if it applies. If we deny your request or approve it for an amount that is less than you asked for we will send you a notice called an Appeal Decision Notice. If we say no to your Level 1 Appeal, we will **automatically** send your case on to the next level of the appeals process.

### Timeframes for a “standard” appeal

- If we are using the standard appeal timeframes, we must give you our answer on a request **within 30 calendar days** after we get your appeal if your appeal is about coverage for services you have not gotten yet.
- We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
- However, if you ask for more time or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more calendar days**. If we decide we need to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing what information is needed and why the delay is in your best interest. We will make a decision as quickly as we can when we receive the necessary information, but no later than 14 days from the day we asked for more information.
  - If you believe we should **not** take extra days, you can file a “fast complaint” about our decision to take extra days. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours.
  - For more information about the process for making complaints, including fast complaints, see the section “What To Do If You Have A Complaint About Our Plan,” below, for more information.
- If we do not give you an answer by the applicable deadline above (or by the end of the extra days we took on your request for a medical item or service), we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process.
  - An independent outside organization will review it.
  - We talk about this review organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process in the section “Level 2 Appeals” below.
- **If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours of when we make our decision.
- **If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for**, to make sure we followed all the rules when we said no to your appeal, **we are required to send your appeal to the next level of appeal**. When we do this, it means that your appeal is going on to the next level of the appeals process, which is Level 2.

### Timeframes for a “fast” appeal

- When we are using the fast timeframes, we must give you our answer **within 72 hours after we get your appeal**. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to do so.

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- If you ask for more time or if we need to gather more information that may benefit you, we **can take up to 14 more calendar days**. If we decide to take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing what information is needed and why the delay is in your best interest. We will make a decision as quickly as we can when we receive the necessary information, but no later than 14 days from the day we asked for more information.
- If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extra days we took), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process which is discussed below in the section “Level 2 Appeals.”

**If our answer is yes to part or all of what you asked for**, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we get your appeal.

**If our answer is no to part or all of what you asked for**, we will automatically send your appeal to an independent review organization for a Level 2 Appeal. You or someone you trust can also file a complaint with the plan if you don’t agree with our decision to take more time to review your action appeal.

- During the Level 2 Appeal, an independent review organization, called the “**Integrated Administrative Hearing Office**” or “**Hearing Office**,” reviews our decision on your first appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.
- We tell you about this organization and explain what happens at Level 2 of the appeals process later in Section 3: Level 2 Appeals.

**At any time in the process you or someone you trust can also file a complaint about the review time with the New York State Department of Health by calling 1-866-712-7197.**

### **Level 2 Appeals**

Information in this section applies to **all** of your Medicare and most of your Medicaid benefits. This information does not apply to your Medicare Part D prescription drug benefits.

If we say **No** to your Level 1 Appeal, your case will **automatically** be sent on to the next level of the appeals process. During the Level 2 Appeal, the **Hearing Office** reviews our decision for your Level 1 appeal. This organization decides whether the decision we made should be changed.

- **The Hearing Office is an independent New York State agency.** It is not connected with us. Medicare and Medicaid oversee its work.
- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your “case file.” **You have the right to ask us for a free copy of your case file.**
- You have a right to give the Hearing Office additional information to support your appeal.

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- Reviewers at the Hearing Office will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal. The Hearing Office will contact you to schedule a hearing.
- If you had a fast appeal to our plan at Level 1 because your health could be seriously harmed by waiting for a decision under a standard timeframe, you will automatically get a fast appeal at Level 2. The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 72 hours** of when it gets your appeal.
- If the Hearing Office needs to gather more information that may benefit you, **it can take up to 14 more calendar days**.

**If you had a “standard” appeal at Level 1, you will also have a “standard” appeal at Level 2**

- If you had a standard appeal to our plan at Level 1, you will automatically get a standard appeal at Level 2.
- The review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal **within 90 calendar days** of when it gets your appeal.
- If the Hearing Office needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days.

**If you qualified for continuation of benefits when you filed your Level 1 Appeal, your benefits for the service, item, or drug under appeal will also continue during Level 2. Go to page 252 for information about continuing your benefits during Level 1 Appeals.**

**The Hearing Office will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.**

- If the Hearing Office says **yes** to part or all your request, we must authorize the service or give you the item **within one business day of when we get the Hearing Office’s decision**.
- If the Hearing Office says **no** to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with our plan that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called “upholding the decision” or “turning down your appeal.”)

**If the Hearing Office says no to part or all of your appeal, you can choose whether you want to take your appeal further.**

- There are two additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of four levels of appeal).
- If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down, you must decide whether you want to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The written notice you got after your Level 2 Appeal has the details on how to do this.
- The Medicare Appeals Council handles the Level 3 Appeal. After that, you may have the right to ask a federal court to look at your appeal.

- The decision you get from the Medicare Appeals Council related to **Medicaid** benefits will be **final**.

**At any time in the process you or someone you trust can also file a complaint about the review time with the New York State Department of Health by calling 1-866-712-7197.**

### **External Appeals for Medicaid Only**

You or your doctor can ask for an External Appeal for **Medicaid covered benefits only**.

You can ask New York State for an independent **external appeal** if our plan decides to deny coverage for a medical service you and your doctor asked for because it is:

- not medically necessary or
- experimental or investigational or
- not different from care you can get in the plan's network or
- available from a participating provider who has correct training and experience to meet your needs.

This is called an External Appeal because reviewers who do not work for the health plan or the state make the decision. These reviewers are qualified people approved by New York State. The service must be in the plan's benefit package or be an experimental treatment. You do not have to pay for an external appeal.

**Before** you appeal to the state:

- You must file a Level 1 appeal with the plan and get the plan's Final Adverse Determination; **or**
- You may ask for an expedited External Appeal at the same time if you have not gotten the service and you ask for a fast appeal. (Your doctor will have to say an expedited Appeal is necessary); **or**
- You and the plan may agree to skip the plan's appeals process and go directly to External Appeal; **or**
- You can prove the plan did not follow the rules correctly when processing your Level 1 appeal.

You have **4 months** after you get the plan's Final Adverse Determination to ask for an External Appeal. If you and the plan agreed to skip the plan's appeals process, then you must ask for the External Appeal within 4 months of when you made that agreement.

To ask for an External Appeal, fill out an application and send it to the Department of Financial Services.

- You can call Member Services at 833-426-2774, if you need help filing an appeal. (TTY users, call 711.)
- You and your doctors will have to give information about your medical problem.
- The External Appeal application says what information will be needed



Here are some ways to get an application:

- Call the Department of Financial Services, 1-800-400-8882
- Go to the Department of Financial Services' website at [www.dfs.ny.gov](http://www.dfs.ny.gov).
- Contact the health plan at 833-426-2774. (TTY users, call 711.)

The reviewer will decide your External Appeal in 30 days. If the External Appeal reviewer asks for more information, more time (up to five work days) may be needed. The reviewer will tell you and the plan the final decision within two days after making the decision.

You can get a faster decision if your doctor says that a delay will cause serious harm to your health. This is called an **expedited External Appeal**. The External Appeal reviewer will decide an expedited appeal in 72 hours or less. The reviewer will tell you and the plan the decision right away by phone or fax. Later, the reviewer will send a letter that tells you the decision.

**At any time in the process, you or someone you trust can also file a complaint about the review time with the New York State Department of Health by calling 1-866-712-7197.**

### **What To Do If You Have A Complaint About Our Plan**

Information in this section applies to **all** of your Medicare and Medicaid benefits. This information does not apply to your Medicare Part D prescription drug benefits.

We hope our plan serves you well. If you have a problem with the care or treatment you get from our staff or providers or if you do not like the quality of care or services you get from us, call Member Services at 833-426-2774, or write to Member Services. **The formal name for “making a complaint” is “filing a grievance.”**

You can ask someone you trust to file the complaint for you. If you need our help because of a hearing or vision impairment or if you need translation services, we can help you. We will not make things hard for you or take any action against you for filing a complaint.

#### **How to File a Complaint:**

- **Usually, calling Member Services is the first step.** If there is anything else you need to do, Member Services will let you know. You can call Member Services at 833-426-2774, to file your complaint. (TTY users, call 711.) Member Services staff are available 7 days a week, from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. from October 1st through March 31st. From April 1st through September 30th, staff are available Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

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- If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), **you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us.** If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- Be sure to provide as much information as possible about your complaint, so we can investigate. This includes but may not be limited to the date when the issue occurred, the name of the provider or individual who was involved, and any other information.
- **Whether you call or write, you should contact Member Services right away.** You can make the complaint at any time after you had the problem you want to complain about.

### What happens next:

- **If possible, we will answer you right away.** If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer and resolve the problem on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.
- **We answer most complaints in 30 calendar days.**
- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a “fast service authorization” or a “fast appeal,” **we will automatically give you a “fast” complaint.** If you have a “fast” complaint, it means we will give you **an answer within 24 hours.**
- If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- However, if you have already asked us for a service authorization or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can also make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples of when you can make a complaint:
  - If you asked us to give you a “fast service authorization” or a “fast appeal” and we said we will not.
  - If you believe we are not meeting the deadlines for giving you a service authorization or an answer to an appeal you made.
  - When a service authorization we made is reviewed and we are told that we must cover or reimburse you for certain medical services or drugs within certain deadlines and you think we are not meeting the deadlines.
  - When we do not give you a decision on time and we do not forward your case to the Hearing Office by the required deadline.
- **If we do not agree** with some or all of your complaint or don’t take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will let you know. Our response will include our reasons for this answer. We must respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

## **Complaint Appeals**

If you disagree with a decision we made about your complaint about your Medicaid benefits, you or someone you trust can file a **complaint appeal** with the plan.

### **How to make a complaint appeal:**

- If you are not satisfied with what we decide, you have at least 60 work days after hearing from us to file a complaint appeal;
- You can do this yourself or ask someone you trust to file the complaint appeal for you;
- You must make the complaint appeal in writing.
  - If you make an appeal by phone, you must follow it up in writing.
  - After your call, we will send you a form that summarizes your phone appeal.
  - If you agree with our summary, you must sign and return the form to us. You can make any needed changes before sending the form back to us.

### **What happens after we get your complaint appeal:**

After we get your complaint appeal, we will send you a letter within 15 work days. The letter will tell you:

- Who is working on your complaint appeal;
- How to contact this person;
- If we need more information.

One or more qualified people will review your complaint appeal. These reviewers are at a higher level than the reviewers who made the first decision about your complaint.

If your complaint appeal involves clinical matters, one or more qualified health professionals will review your case. At least one of them will be a clinical peer reviewer who was not involved in making the first decision about your complaint.

We will let you know our decision within 30 work days from the time we have all information needed. If a delay would risk your health, you will get our decision in 2 work days of when we have all the information we need to decide the appeal. We will give you the reasons for our decision and our clinical rationale, if it applies.

**If you are still not satisfied, you or someone on your behalf can file a complaint at any time with the New York State Department of Health at 1-866 712-7197.**

### **Participant Ombudsman**

The Participant Ombudsman, called the Independent Consumer Advocacy Network (ICAN), is an independent organization that provides free ombudsman services to long term care recipients in the state of New York. You can get free independent advice about your coverage, complaints, and appeal options. They can help you manage the appeal process.

They can also provide support before you enroll in a MAP plan like Hamaspik Medicare Choice. This support includes unbiased health plan choice counseling and general program related information.

Contact ICAN to learn more about their services:

- Phone: 1-844-614-8800 (TTY users, please call: 711)
- Web: [www.icannys.org](http://www.icannys.org)
- Email: [ican@cssny.org](mailto:ican@cssny.org)

## **DISENROLLMENT FROM HAMASPIK MEDICARE CHOICE**

### **You Can Choose to Disenroll**

You can ask to leave the Hamaspik Medicare Choice Program at any time for any reason. To request disenrollment, call Member Services at call 1-833-426-2774. (TTY Users, call 711.) It could take up to six weeks to process, depending on when your request is received.

You may disenroll to regular Medicaid or join another health plan as long as you qualify. If you continue to require Community Based Long Term Care (CBLTC) services, like personal care, you must join another MLTC plan or Home and Community Based Waiver program, in order to receive CBLTC services.

### **You Will Have to Leave Hamaspik Medicare Choice if You:**

- No longer are in Hamaspik Medicare Choice for your Medicare coverage
- Lose your Medicare Part A or Part B coverage
- Lose you Medicaid coverage
- Are out of the plan's service area for more than 30 consecutive days
- Permanently move out of the Hamaspik Medicare Choice service area
- No longer require a nursing home level of care
- Need nursing home care, but are not eligible for institutional Medicaid
- No longer require long term care services delivered in your home or the community
- Are incarcerated
- Join a Home and Community Based Services Waiver program, or are enrolled in a program or become a resident in a facility that is under the direction of the Office of Mental Health, Office for People With Developmental Disabilities, or Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services.

### **We Can Ask You to Leave the Plan**

**Please note that we will never require you to disenroll due to your health status, changes in your health status, or the costs for your health care.**

We will ask that you leave Hamaspik Medicare Choice if:

- You or a family member or caregiver behaves in a way that prevents the plan from providing the care you need.
- You knowingly provide false information or behave in a deceptive or fraudulent way.
- You fail to complete or submit any consent form or other document that is needed to obtain services for you.
- Fail to pay or make arrangements to pay money owed to the plan (spenddown, surplus, or NAMI).

If we are planning to process your Involuntary Disenrollment, we will let you know by telephone and in writing. In some cases, you may be able to correct the situation that is causing your disenrollment and remain in the Program. We will continue to provide your

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services until your disenrollment has been processed by Medicare and Medicaid, and we will work with you to be sure that you can receive the services that you need after your enrollment in Hamaspik Medicare Choice has ended.

When your disenrollment has been processed, we will provide you with a written confirmation notice, and Medicaid will also send you a notice. You have the right to request a fair hearing for an involuntary disenrollment. The notice that you receive from Medicaid will provide you with instructions for requesting a fair hearing.

#### **Re-Enrollment in Hamaspik Medicare Choice**

If you voluntarily disenroll, you will be allowed to re-enroll in the program if you meet our eligibility criteria for enrollment.

If you are involuntarily disenrolled, you will need to complete the enrollment process again. Please see **pages 240-242** of this section for a description of the enrollment process.

### **CULTURAL AND LINGUISTIC COMPETENCY**

Hamaspik Medicare Choice honors your beliefs and is sensitive to cultural diversity. We respect your culture and cultural identity and work to eliminate cultural disparities. We maintain an inclusive culturally competent provider network and promote and ensure delivery of services in a culturally appropriate manner to all enrollees. This includes but is not limited to those with limited English skills, diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds, and diverse faith communities.

### **YOUR RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

**As a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice, you have the right to:**

- Receive medically necessary care.
- Obtain your care and services in a timely way.
- Be treated with respect and dignity.
- Receive care without regard to sex, race, health status, color, age, national origin, sexual orientation, marital status or religion.
- Privacy about your medical records and your confidential information.
- Get information about available treatment options and alternatives presented in a manner that you understand.
- Get information in a language you understand. You can receive verbal translation services free of charge.
- Get information necessary to give informed consent before the start of treatment,
- Obtain a copy of your medical records, and ask that the records be amended or corrected.
- Take part in decisions about your health care, including the right to refuse treatment.
- Be told where, when and how to get the services you need from us, including how you can get covered benefits from out-of-network providers if they are not available in our

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network

- Be free from any form of restraint or seclusion used as a means of coercion, discipline, convenience or retaliation.
- Complain to the New York State Department of Health or your Local Department of Social Services and the right to use the New York State Fair Hearing System and/or New York State External Appeal, where appropriate.
- Appoint someone to speak for you on your behalf about your care and treatment.
- Your exercise of any of your rights will not adversely affect the way you will be treated.

You also have the right to seek assistance from the Participant Ombudsman program. This program is called the Independent Consumer Advocacy Network (ICAN). Their help is free, confidential and independent from Hamaspik Medicare Choice Medicare, and Medicaid. You can contact ICAN at 844-614-8800. (TTY users, call 711).

**As a member of Hamaspik Medicare Choice, you have the responsibility to:**

- Receive covered services through network providers for your covered services;
- Obtain prior authorization for covered services, except for preapproved services.
  - Please see page 249 of this chapter, and Chapter 4 of your Medicare *Evidence of Coverage* for information about the services that require prior authorization.
- Share complete and accurate health information with your health care providers.
- Inform your Care Manager or other Hamaspik Medicare Choice staff of any change in your health.
- Let us know if you do not understand or are unable to follow instructions.
- Cooperate with and be respectful to Hamaspik Medicare Choice staff and your providers.
- Not discriminate against Hamaspik Medicare Choice staff and your providers, on the basis of race, color, national origin, mental or physical ability, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation or marital status.
- Notify Hamaspik Medicare Choice in advance whenever you will not be home to receive services or care that has been arranged for you.
- Inform Hamaspik Medicare Choice, if you are permanently moving out of the service area or will be absent from the service area.
- Take responsibility for your actions if you refuse treatment or do not follow your provider's instructions
- Pay your financial obligations, if any.

## **ADVANCED DIRECTIVES**

Advance Directives are written instructions regarding your health care. Advance directives allow you to make your choices known, and to appoint someone you trust to carry out your choices or make decisions for you, if you are unable to do so. These documents can provide instructions on what care you wish to be given under certain circumstances, and they can authorize a particular family member or trusted individual to make decisions on your behalf. It is your right to establish advance directives as you wish. Hamaspik Medicare Choice will support your right to participate in health care decision making. We encourage you, your family members, and your health care practitioners to discuss the values and preferences that should guide your health care decision making if you are ever unable to express your wishes. There are several forms of advance directives that you may consider:

- Health Care Proxy, is a document that names someone you trust as your “proxy” or agent, to express your wishes and make health care decisions for you if you are unable to speak for yourself or unable to do so yourself.
- Living Will, is a written statement detailing a person's desires regarding their medical treatment, in circumstances in which you are no longer able to express informed consent.
- Non-hospital Order Not to Resuscitate (DNR Order), is written by your physician, and it instructs health care providers not to do cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) if your breathing stops or if your heart stops beating.
- Medical Order for Life-Sustaining Treatment (MOLST), is another form of a DNR Order, used in New York and several other states.

Hamaspik Medicare Choice respects your right to make choices about your care, and your care manager can help you protect those rights. Upon request, your care manager will provide the necessary documents and guidance to allow you to develop an appropriate plan. Your care manager will ask if you have executed an advance directive, and we will note this in your member record. If you have advanced directives, you will be asked to provide a copy, and this will also be filed in your record. If you authorize us to do so, Hamaspik Medicare Choice may also provide copies of the advance directive on file to designated health care professionals. By sharing these documents with us, we can help to ensure that your providers honor your decisions.

## **We Want Your Feedback**

At Hamaspik Medicare Choice, we are constantly looking for ways to improve our services and meet the needs of our members. If you have any suggestions about our policies, services, or providers, that could help us make our program better, please let us know. You can talk to your care manager about your suggestions or call Member Services at call (833) 426-2774. (TTY users, call 711.) We want to hear from you!



### **INFORMATION UPON REQUEST**

The following information is available upon request. Please contact member services for the following:

- Information about the structure and operation of Hamaspik Medicare Choice.
- List of names, business addresses and official positions of the members of the board of directors, officers, controlling persons, owners, or partners of the Plan.
- Copy of the Hamaspik most recent annual certified financial statements, including a balance sheet and summary of receipts and disbursements, prepared by Certified Public Accountant.
- Procedures for protecting the confidentiality of medical records and other enrollee information.
- Written description of the organizational arrangements and ongoing procedures for the quality assurance and improvement program.
- Description of the procedures followed by Hamaspik Medicare Choice in making decisions about the experimental or investigational nature of individual drugs, medical devices, or treatments in clinical trials.
- Specific written clinical review criteria relating to a particular condition or disease; and where appropriate, other clinical information which the plan might consider in its utilization review process.
- Written application procedures and minimum qualification requirements for health care providers.

## Hamaspik Medicare Choice Member Services

Method	Member Services – Contact Information
<b>CALL</b>	<p>1-833-426-2774</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p> <p>Our Member Service Department is available 7 days a week, from 8:00 am to 8:00 pm, October 1, 2019 through March 31, 2020.</p> <p>From April 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020, our Member Service Department will be available Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.</p> <p>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p> <p>Member Services also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.</p>
<b>TTY</b>	<p>711 (New York Relay)</p> <p>This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.</p> <p>Calls to this number are free.</p>
<b>WRITE</b>	<p>Hamaspik Medicare Choice 58 Route 59, Suite 1 Monsey, NY 10952</p> <p>You can also email us at <a href="mailto:info@hamaspik.com">info@hamaspik.com</a>.</p>
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<p><a href="http://www.hamaspik.com">www.hamaspik.com</a></p>

## **New York State Health Insurance Assistance Program**

The New York State Health Insurance Assistance Program is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

<b>Method</b>	<b>Contact Information</b>
<b>CALL</b>	1-800-701-0501
<b>TTY</b>	711 (New York Relay) Calls to this number are free. This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
<b>WRITE</b>	New York State Office for the Aging 2 Empire State Plaza Albany, New York 12223-1251
<b>WEBSITE</b>	<a href="http://www.aging.ny.gov/">http://www.aging.ny.gov/</a>

### **PRA Disclosure Statement**

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.