

Ficha técnica

SUSTAPEEK

Características del producto

- Excellent dimensional stability
- Flame retardant and self-extinguishing
- Very low smoke density

Campos de aplicación

- Medical engineering
- Aviation industry
- Electrical industry

	Método de prueba	Unidad	Valor
Propiedades generales			
Densidad	DIN EN ISO 1183-1	g / cm ³	1,31
Absorción de agua	DIN EN ISO 62	%	0,2
Inflamabilidad (Espesor 3 mm / 6 mm)	UL 94		V0 / V0
Propiedades mecánicas			
Límite de elasticidad	DIN EN ISO 527	MPa	110
Alargamiento de rotura	DIN EN ISO 527	%	20
Tensor de coeficiente de elasticidad	DIN EN ISO 527	MPa	4000
Dureza Shore	DIN EN ISO 868	scale D	88
Propiedades térmicas			
Temperatura fundente	ISO 11357-3	°C	343
Conductividad térmica	DIN 52612-1	W / (m * K)	0,25
Capacidad térmica	DIN 52612	kJ / (kg * K)	1,34
Coeficiente lineal de expansión térmica	DIN 53752	10 ⁻⁶ / K	50
Temperatura de servicio o mantenimiento, largo plazo	Average	°C	-60 ... 250
Temperatura de servicio o mantenimiento, corto plazo (max.)	Average	°C	310
Heat deflection temperature	DIN EN ISO 75, Verf. A, HDT	°C	152
Propiedades eléctricas			
Constante dieléctrica	IEC 60250		3,2
Dielectric dissipation factor (50 Hz)	IEC 60250		0,001
Resistencia volumétrica	DIN EN 62631-3-1	Ω * cm	4,9 * 10 ¹⁶
Resistencia a la superficie	DIN EN 62631-3-2	Ω	10 ¹⁸
Fuerza dieléctrica	IEC 60243	kV / mm	20

The short-term maximum application temperature only applies to very low mechanical stress for a few hours. The long-term maximum application temperature is based on the thermal ageing of plastics by oxidation, resulting in a decrease of the mechanical properties. This applies to an exposure to temperatures for at least 5,000 hours causing a 50% loss of the tensile strength from the original value (measured at room temperature). This value says nothing about the mechanical strength of the material at high application temperatures. In case of thick-walled parts, only the surface layer is affected by oxidation from high temperatures. With the addition of antioxidants, a better protection of the surface layer is achieved. In any case, the center area of the material remains unaffected. The minimum application temperature is basically influenced by possible stress factors like impact and/or shock under application. The values stated refer to a minimum degree of impact stress. The electrical properties as stated result from measurements on natural, dry material. With other colours (in particular black) or saturated material, there may be clear differences in the electrical properties. The data stated above are average values ascertained by statistical tests on a regular basis. They are in accordance with DIN EN 15860. They serve as information about our products and are presented as a guide to choose from our range of materials. This, however, does not include an assurance of specific properties or the suitability for particular application purposes that are legally binding. Since the properties also depend on the dimension of the semi-finished products and the degree of crystallization (e.g. nucleating by pigments), the actual values of the properties of a particular product may differ from the indicated values.