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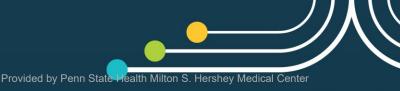




Utilizing PDCA for CLABSI Maintenance Bundle Improvement

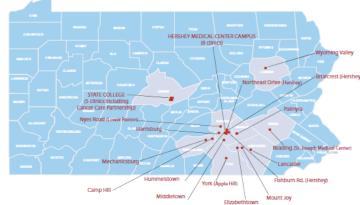
Marcy Miles, BS MT (ASCP), MBA, Manager Quality and Process Excellence Crystal Youngs, BSN, RN, OCN, Penn State Cancer Institute

#SHS2017



Penn State Health Milton S. Hershey Medical Center







Penn State Health Milton S. Hershey Medical Center



Patient Care

Hospital Admissions (adult and pediatric): 28.654

Licensed Beds: 548

Surgical Procedures: 30,028

Emergency Room Visits: 72,493

Outpatient Visits: 1,034,663

Health Care Professionals

Physicians and other providers: 1,100+

Nurses: 2,288

Total Staff - Hospital and College of Medicine: 10.000+

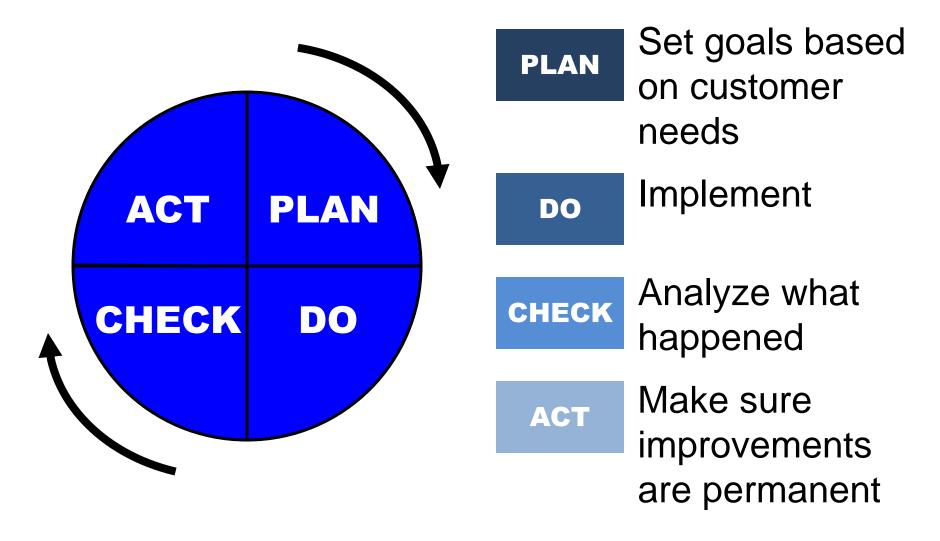
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OUR STRATEGIC IMPERATIVES

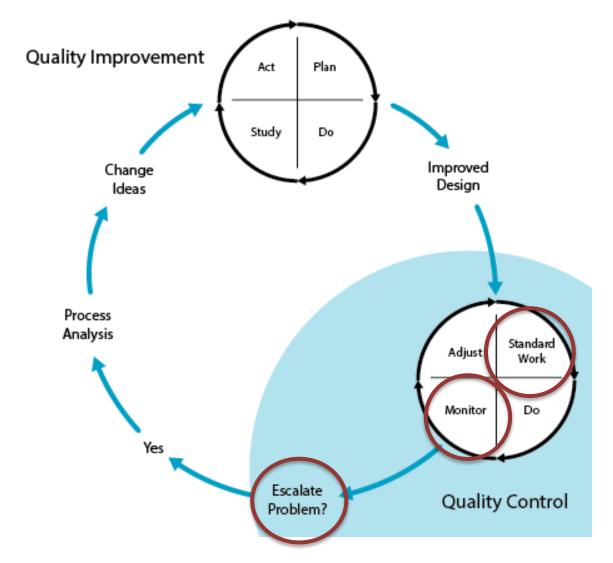


PDCA Cycle

(Source: Quality Improvement Tools & Techniques)
This template designed to help instruct, construct and present an improvement project



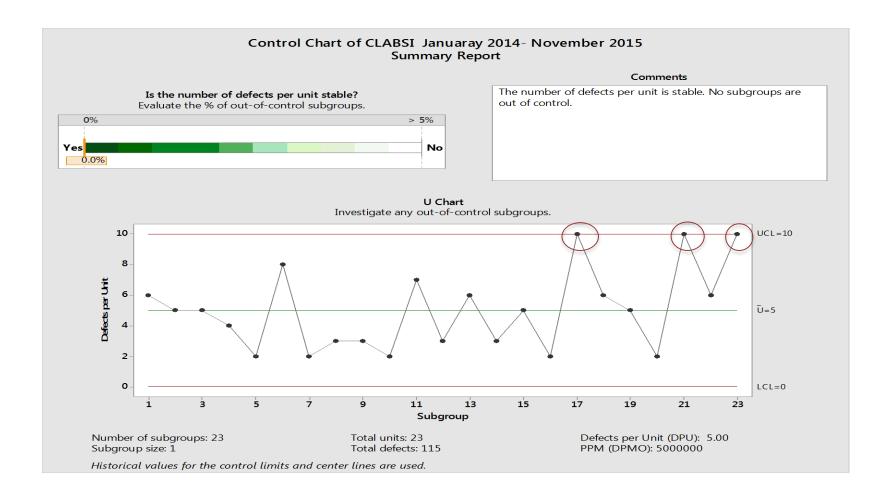
Quality Strategy at a Glance



Scoville R, Little K, Rakover J, Luther K, Mate K. Sustaining Improvement. IHI White Paper. Cambridge, Massachusetts: Institute for Healthcare Improvement; 2016. (Available at ihi.org)

CLABSI - Control Chart

Increasing trend for CLABSI Count



Problem - Sustainability

Hospital Acquired Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infections:

- 2013=86
- 2014= 50
- 2015= 72

Implementation of CLABSI
Best Practices

CLABSI Infection Top Ten Checklist

TOP TEN EVIDENCE BASED INTERVENTIONS

Process Change

Promptly removal of unnecessary central lines

Follow proper insertion practices - appropriate site and sterile barrier precautions

Handle and maintain central lines appropriately - bundle compliance

2% Chlorhexidine bathing/dressings

Staff Education/Patient/Family Education

Hand Hygiene

Empower staff to stop non-emergent insertion if proper procedures are not followed

Real Time Analysis and Feedback

Patient Education on CHG bathing

Blood Culturing Practices

Gemba Walk

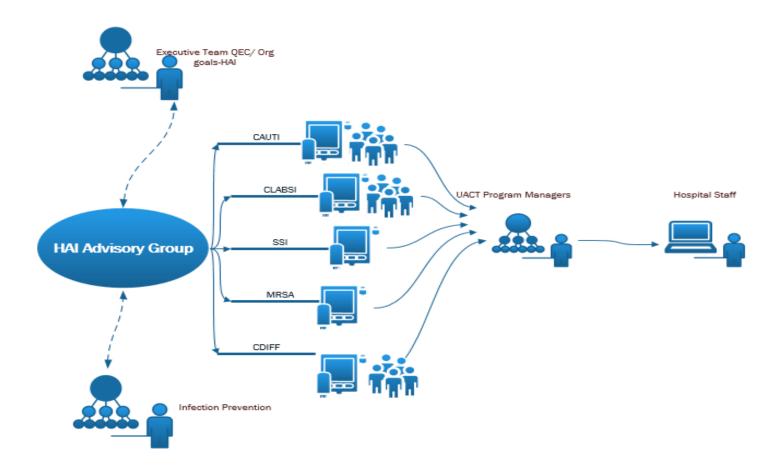
Observation of current state

Acute Care Unit	CLABSI July 2014- June 2015	Daily Rounds	Morning Huddles	Audit Compliance of Bundles	RCA
High Performer	0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Low Performer	6	No	No	No	No



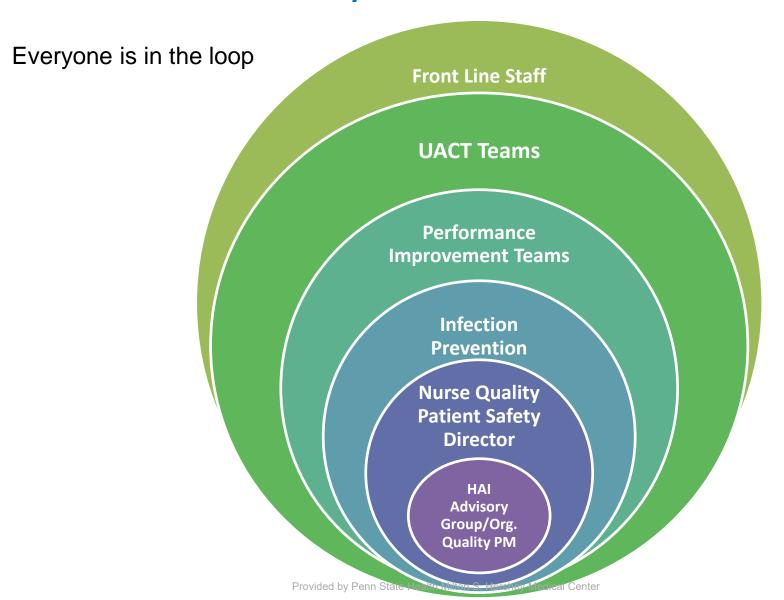
Create the Structure

 Hospital Advisory Group - Provide a consistent approach to reduce the impact of health care associated infections on PSHMC patients





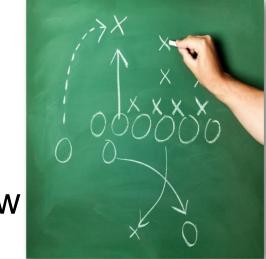
Create a *plan* for Communication





Plan of Attack

- Organizational alignment / Executive Support for escalation
- Unit / Division Road Show
- Standardization of Roles
- Standardization of auditing
- Standard work for After Action Review
- Visual Controls
- Unit level Action Plan from Bundle Compliance findings
- Reward for zero infections





CLABSI Oversight - Wants you!

Accountability

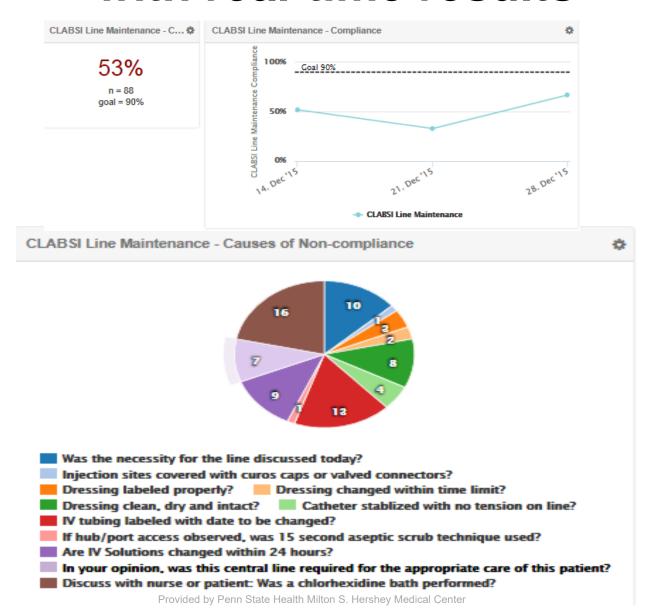
ASKS:

- Audits
- Share data with staff weekly
- Action plan with data findings
- Share lessons learned with CLABSI Oversight Team
- Partnership with units that are successful with the elimination of CLABSI's
- Audits owned by Nurse Manager until unit achieves 90% Bundle Compliance for 3 months and zero CLABSI Events for 3 months





Easy to use auditing solution with real-time results





Outcomes

Metric	Target	Initial Jan. 2016		Mar. 2016	•	May 2016	June 2016
Number of units auditing bundle compliance (mobile app)	19 (units)	7	12	13	17	17	19
Overall bundle compliance for all participating units	90%	52%	65%	70%	75%	84%	87%

67% increase in bundle compliance

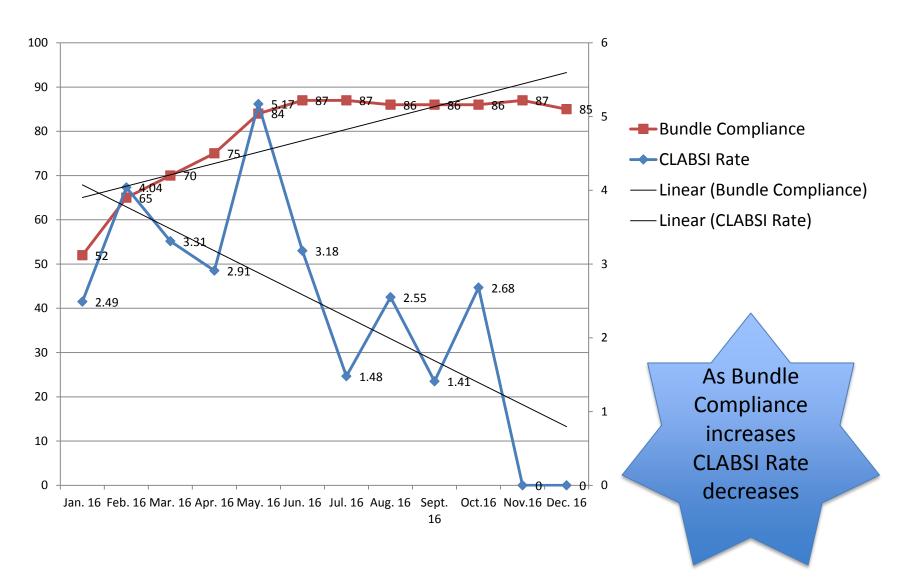


Overall CLABSI Maintenance Bundle Compliance Percentage vs. the number of units with >90% Bundle compliance

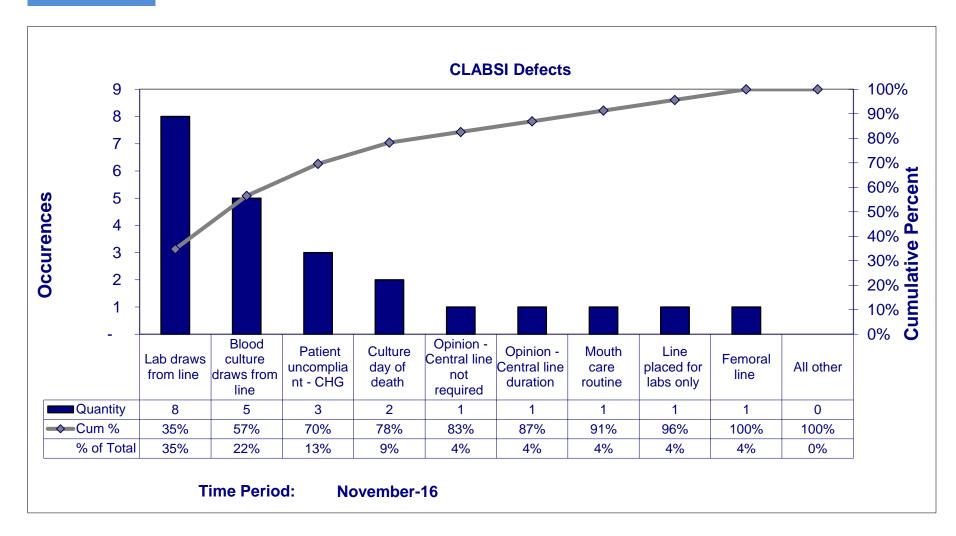




CLABSI Rate vs. Bundle Compliance for Cancer Institute- CY 2016



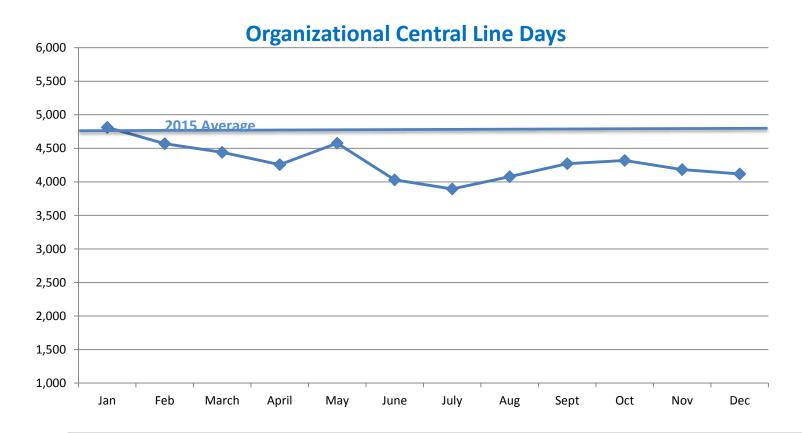




Defects Identified from CLABSI After Action Reviews



9% Reduction in Central Line Days



Average Line days were reduced from 4,723 in 2015 to 4,296 in 2016

Penn State Cancer Institute

- Hematology / Oncology
 - Blood Cancers/Solid Tumor Cancers
- Bone Marrow Transplant
 - Allogenic and Autologous Stem Cell Transplants
- 39 Bed Unit
 - 15 designated for Bone Marrow Transplant
 - 2 Palliative Care rooms

Asks and Outcomes

Asks

- Leadership Audits
 - 40-50 a month
 - 90% or greater compliance to bundle

Outcomes

- Increase in RN/MD rounds
- Decrease in line days
- Better understanding of CVAD Bundle
- Increase Patient Satisfaction
- 2 Months CLABSI Free

ACT

Control Plan

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What	Who	When	Status
Weekly unit bundle	Audit		
compliance data sent to	Vendor/Quality		
nurse manager	Dept.	Weekly	
Bi-monthly report card sent	Nurse -Quality		
to all members of HAI	and Patient		
infection program	Safety	Bi-Monthly	
Report out of After Action	Unit Nurse		
Review for CLABSI	Manager /		
infection	designee	Monthly	
HAI Advisory Group			
Meeting	Quality Coach	Monthly	
CLABSI Performance			
Improvement Team	Nurse/Physician		
Meeting	Leads	Monthly	
Leadership Rounds	CNO, CMO	Weekly	
CLABSI Maintenance			
Bundle Audits	Nurse Manager	Daily	



Organizational Alignment

Safety Domain FY17 Tactics

Domain	Baseline	Baseline Time frame	Metric	Measurement Period	Target
Safety	CAUTI 24 CLABSI 74 C-DIFF 149	Baselines are from FY15	Infection Composite: Number of Infection Types that meet their individual targets for CAUTI, CLABSI, and C-DIFF Infections Individual targets CAUTI: < 25 CLABSI: < 61 C-DIFF: < 127	7/1/16 – 6/30/17	2 Meets

CLABSI Performance Improvement Team

- Maintenance bundle compliance >90% for all units (CDC Category 1A)
- Implement Nurse/Physician/Patient education and document review on all inpatient units (CDC Category 2)
- Prompt Removal of Catheter when no longer required (CDC Category 1A)
- Daily CHG bath performed (CDC Category 1A)

ACT

Standard Work

		Action Needed							
	Notification	Family notification*	After Action Review (AAR)/ Huddle	MIDAS event report	Report out during DSB	Other			
Hospital Acq	uired Infections: We will be fo	cusing on CAUTI	, CLABSI, C.Diff, and VAP (not VA	C or iVAC) this ye	ar to align wi	th organizational goals.			
CAUTI (organizational goal)	If CAUTI suspected, RN to notify nursing leadership with pt. room number when cultures are sent	Varifyundata	Forms sent by Infection Prevention to nursing leadership at the time of HAI identification.	Nursing leadership					
CLABSI (organizational goal)	If CLABSI suspected, RN to notify nursing leadership with pt. room number when cultures are sent	Verify update provided by medical team. 3. Patient will also	Nursing leadership distributes AAR forms to staff. Staff return completed AAR forms to nursing leadership within 10	event report after AAR summary form		Completed AAR forms will be discussed at the next UACT meeting and an AAR Summary form will be completed. Nursing leadership will scan and email the			
C. Diff (organizational goal)	RN to make physician team aware of any patient with loose stools and notify nursing leadership with pt. room number when cultures are sent	receive a letter that is sent from the Clinical Quality department.	complete AAR Cummen	is completed at <u>UACT</u> ** See screen shot on page 2 for how to classify in Midas		AAR Sumary form to <u>PatientSafety@hmc.psu.edu</u> and <u>iconline@hmc.psu.edu</u> (CH and WH units also email to <u>SERT@hmc.psu.edu</u>)			
VAP	No RN action required		column.						

Standard action taken for notification, reporting and review of Hospital Acquired Infections



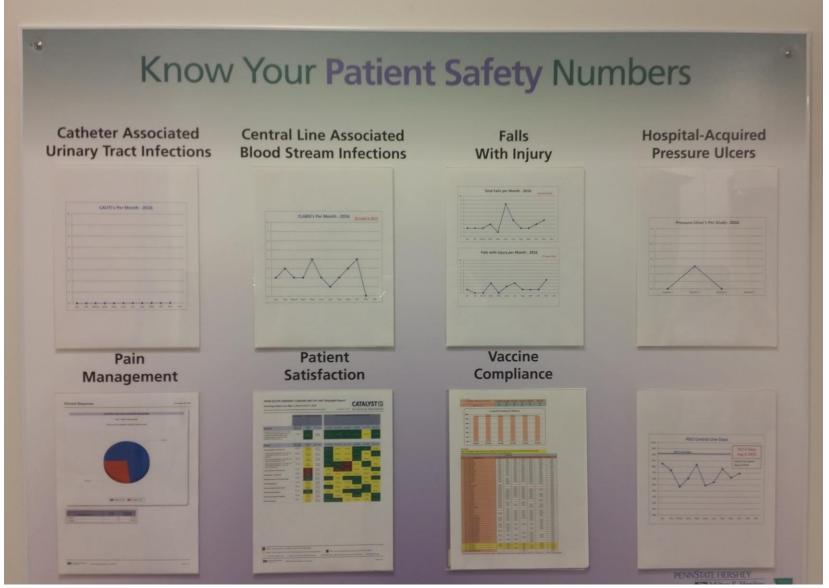
Visual Control: Bi-Monthly Report Card

Month of Report: April (mid-month)	Date of last CAUTI	CAUTI events	CAUTI bundle compliance (%) 1	Number of Audits Received	Number of Audits Required	Date of last CLABSI	CLABSI events	CLABSI bundle compliance (%) 1	Number of Audits Received	Number of Audits Required
NICU	11/14/2010	0	no data	0	4	11/2/2015	0	88%	17	30
PICU	12/4/2015	0	77%	26	27	3/13/2016	0	91%	22	30
PIMCU	12/15/2013	0	25%	4	6	10/26/2015	0	90%	10	25
Pediatric Oncology	8/30/2012	0	100%	1	2	3/31/2016	0	100%	8	30
Pediatric Acute Care	1/13/2013	0	100%	1	3	6/24/2014	0	87%	15	25
Women's Health	5/23/2012	0	no data	0	5	5/11/2014	0	no data	0	0*
Total for all CH	12/4/2015	0	72%	32	47	3/17/2016	0	90%	72	140
3MBS/7SA1	2/1/2014	0	no data	0	4	11/1/2008	0	no data	0	2
3SA	1/11/2016	0	83%	6	10	12/6/2011	0	100%	1	4
4AC	2/1/2015	0	20%	5	25	11/1/2015	0	100%	1	9
5AC	1/8/2016	0	78%	9	29	8/1/2015	0	60%	10	14
6AC	9/1/2015	0	64%	14	7	8/1/2015	0	75%	12	18
PSCI	12/1/2015	0	no data	0	5	3/31/2016	0	40%	5	51
Total for all Acute Care	1/11/2016	0	65%	34	80	3/31/2016	0	66%	29	98
HVCCU	11/15/2015	0	100%	15	45	3/1/2016	0	81%	32	35
HVPCU	4/1/2012	0	100%	6	7	4/1/2012	0	83%	18	5
MICU	11/1/2015	0	84%	19	35	1/1/2016	0	48%	29	17
мімси	11/1/2015	0	53%	15	13	12/1/2015	0	44%	9	8
NCCU	7/1/2015	0	no data	0	34	7/1/2015	0	40%	5	16
SAICU	9/1/2015	0	86%	43	67	9/1/2015	0	96%	48	20
SIMCU	2/6/2016	0	100%	6	14	6/1/2014	0	100%	11	5
Total for all Critical Care	2/6/2016	0	85%	104	215	3/1/2016	0	78%	152	106
Total for all inpatient	2/6/2016	0	78%	170	342	3/31/2016	0	80%	253	344

^{*} WHU should do a CLABSI audit if they have a patient with a central line



Visual Control



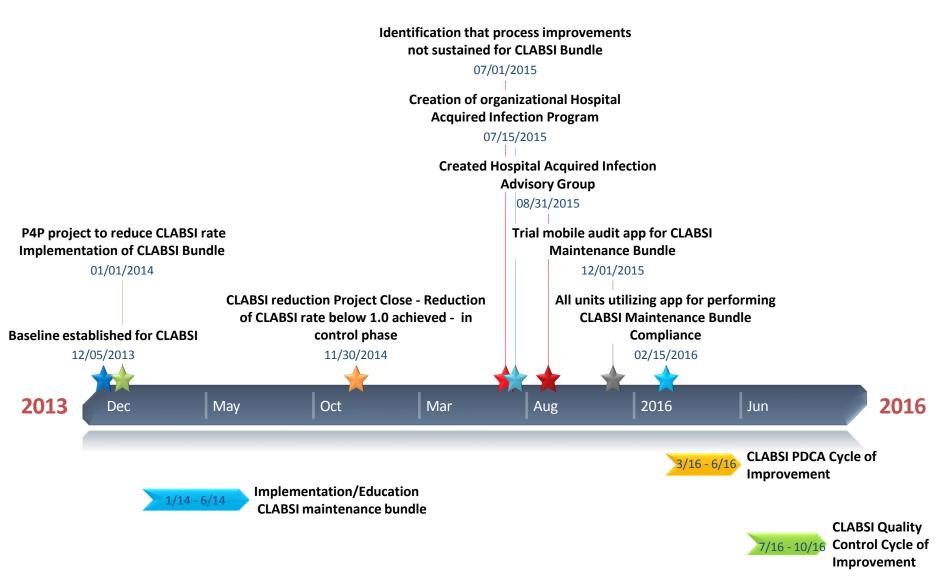
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Conclusion

- PDCA is typically utilized for rapid-cycle quality improvement to process or a system.
- Rapid-cycle improvement implies that changes are made and tested over periods of three months or less, rather than the standard eight to twelve months.

 Utilize Quality Improvement and Quality Control and Change Management Strategies for sustainability of continuous improvement work

Timeline of Initiatives for CLABSI Prevention 2014-2016



Sustainability takes forever. And that's the point.

William Mcdonough

Lessons Learned - Create the message

Quality means doing it right when no one is looking.

Questions

