Tennis Balls, Tumors and Tinker Toys... GI Surgery and Complications



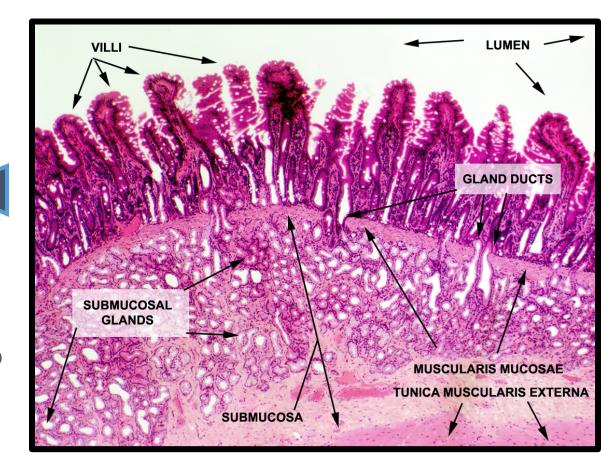
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MedVet Indianapolis



Intestinal histology 101

- •Serosa
- Muscularis
- •Submucosa
- Mucosa
- Which is the "holding" layer?





Intestinal healing

- 80% return of tensile strength in 10-14 days
- Leakage usually occurs in first
 3-5 days



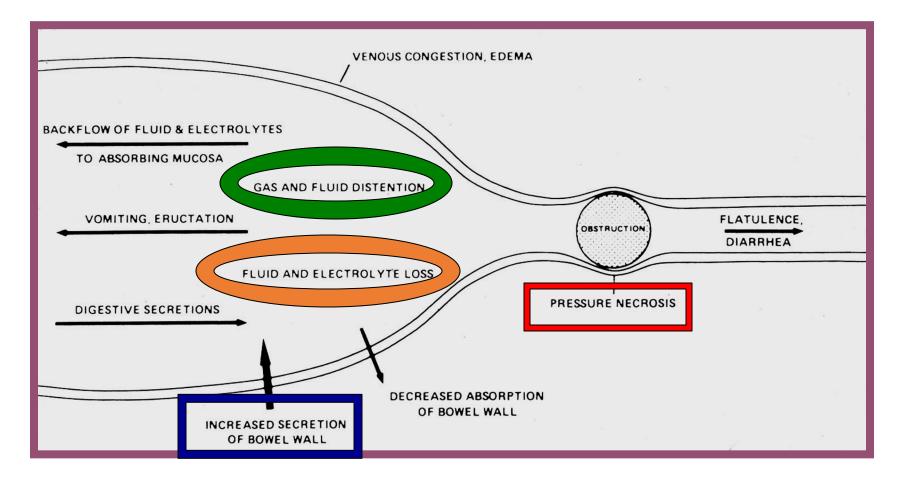


Indications for intestinal surgery





Pathophysiology of intestinal obstruction





Preoperative Care

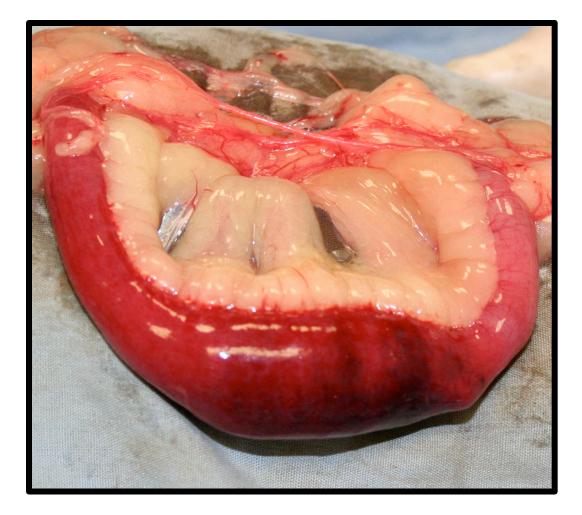
- •IV fluids
- •Electrolytes
- •IV antibiotics





Assessment of intestinal viability

- •Color
- Peristalsis
- •Temperature
- •Bleeding
- •Other





Pulse Oximetry

 Intraoperative Determination of Intestinal Viability by Pulse Oximetry

LTC David F.J. Tollefson, MD, USAMC, et.al. Annals of Vasc Surg, 1995

- Canine intestinal ischemia model
- PO similar to Doppler and Flourescein Dye techniques
- Verified by histopathology
- PO is the preferred technique



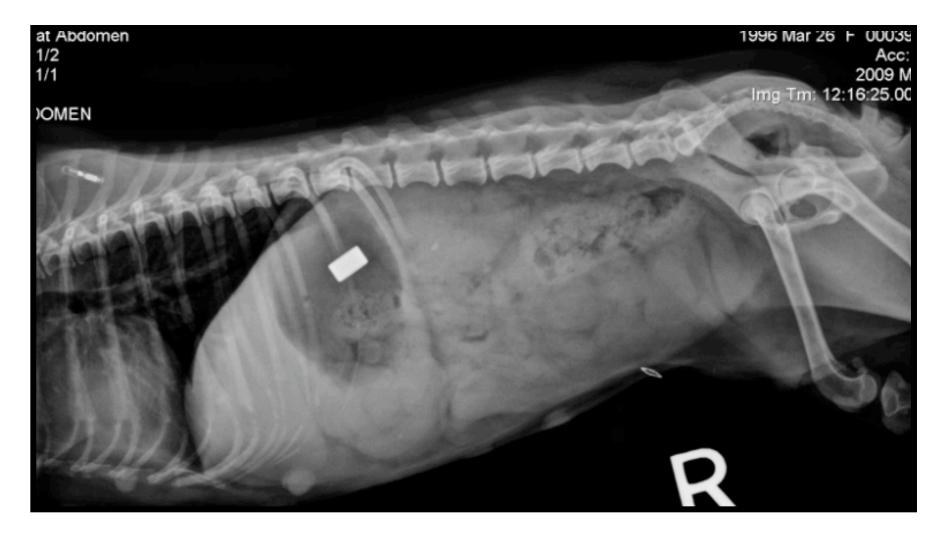


Intestinal Foreign Bodies

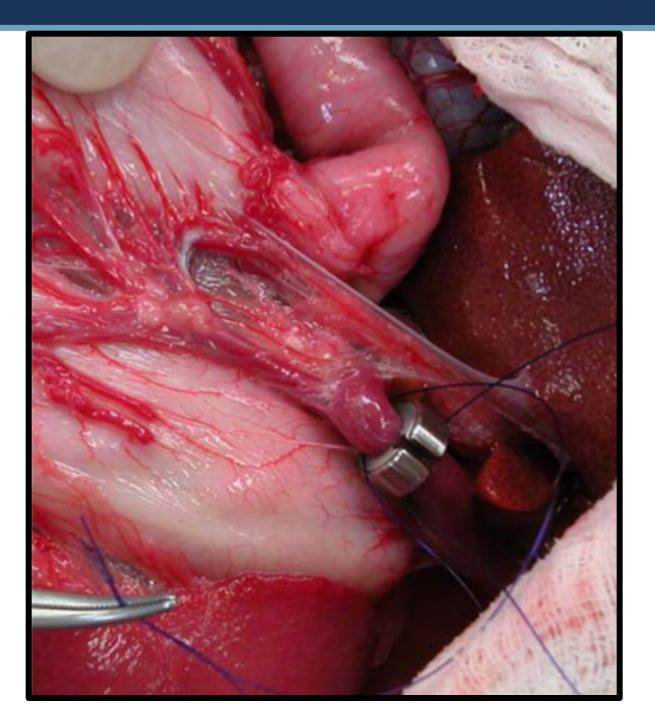




ID the foreign body...









Gastrointestinal foreign bodies in dogs and cats: a retrospective study of 208 cases (Hayes, G JSAP Vol 50, Nov 2009)

- •Survival
 - •94 % dogs with single FB, 100% cats
 - •80% dogs with linear FB, 63% cats











Gastrointestinal foreign bodies in dogs and cats: a retrospective study of 208 cases (Hayes, G JSAP Vol 50, Nov 2009)

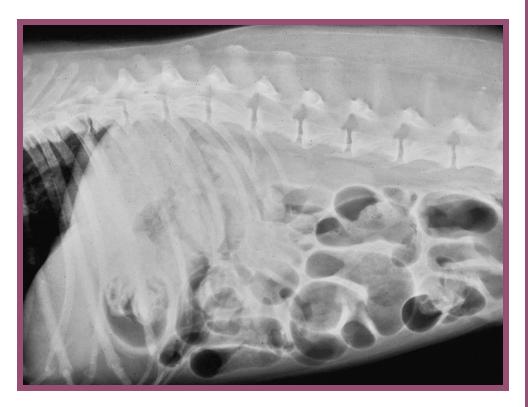
- Linear FB
 - Dogs
 - •16%
 - •67% anchored in pylorus
 - •Cats
 - •33%
 - •63% anchored around tongue





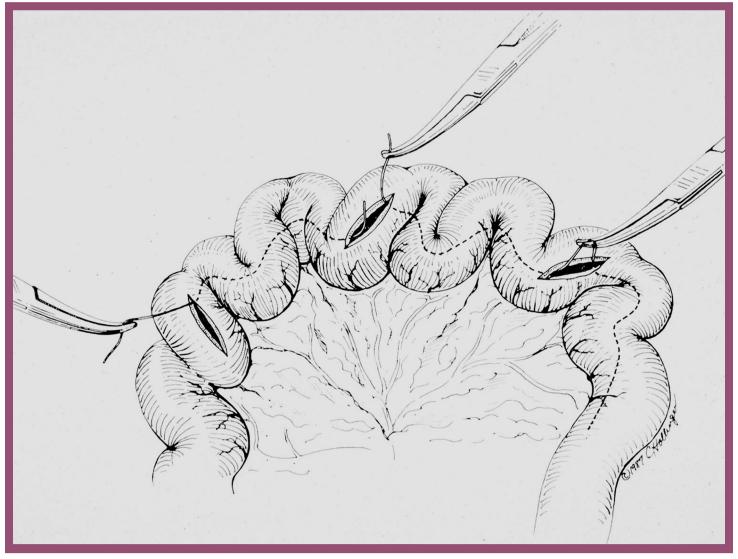
What should we do with the string?













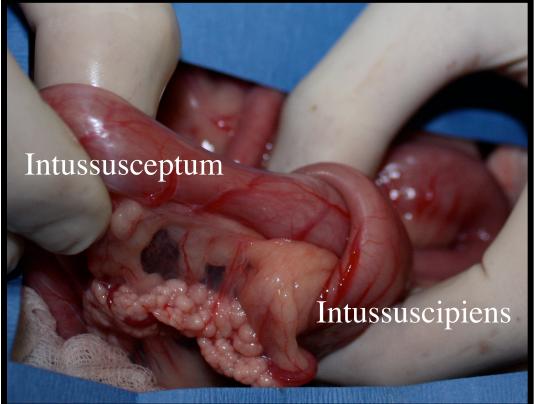






Intussusception

- Etiology
 - Enteritis
 - Foreign body
 - Neoplasia
- •lleo-colic jct.
- Partial or complete obstruction





Intussusception

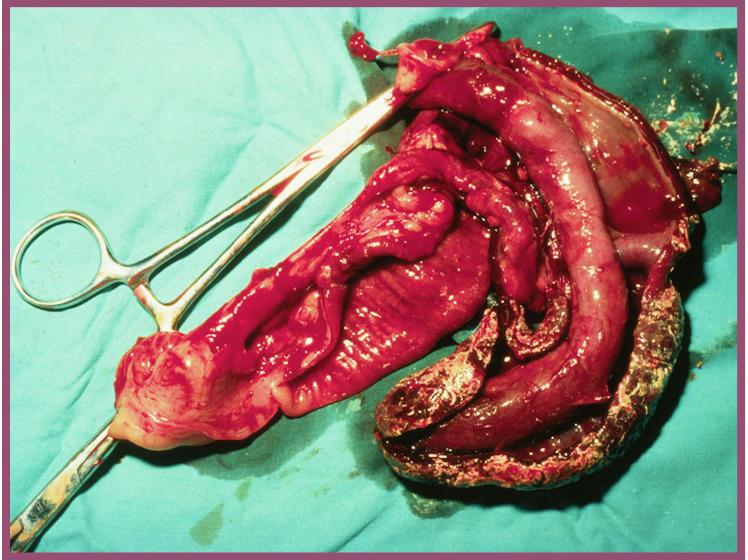
- Diagnosis
 - PE
 - Sausage-shaped mass
 - Radiographs
 - Ultrasound







Intussusception





Signalment, history, and outcome of cats with gastrointestinal tract intussusception: 20 cases (1986–2000)

Jamie M. Burkitt, DVM, DACVECC; Kenneth J. Drobatz, DVM, MS, DACVIM, DACVECC; H. Mark Saunders, VMD, MS, DACVR; Robert J. Washabau, VMD, PhD, DACVIM

JAVMA, Vol 234, No. 6, March 15, 2009

- •10 cats less than 1 yr. old
- •Rads and US were effective in dx
- Most common: jejuno-jejunal
- •Older cats had IBD or lymphoma



Enteroplication for prevention of intussusception recurrence in dogs (Oakes, et.al. JAVMA, 1994)

- •31 cases
- •9 plicated: no recurrence
- •21 not plicated: 6 recurred
- No adverse effects of plication





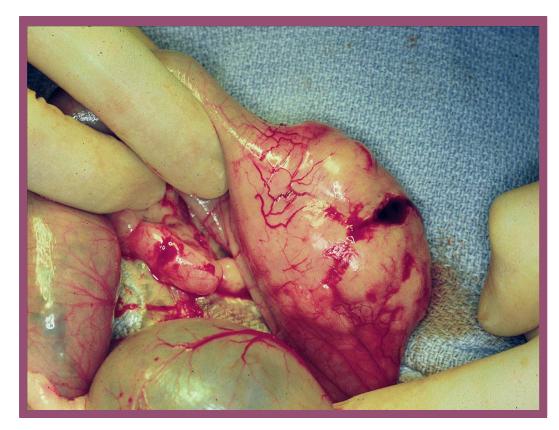
Complications of enteroplication (Applewhite, et.al. JAVMA, 2001)

- 35 dogs with intussusception
- Enteroplication: 16
 - No recurrence
- •No enteroplication: 19
 - •1 recurrence
- 3 dogs with enteroplication developed intestinal obstruction 1-5 mo. postop



Intestinal neoplasia

- Most common tumors: adenocarcinoma and lymphosarcoma
- Can cause obstruction or perforation





Intestinal neoplasia





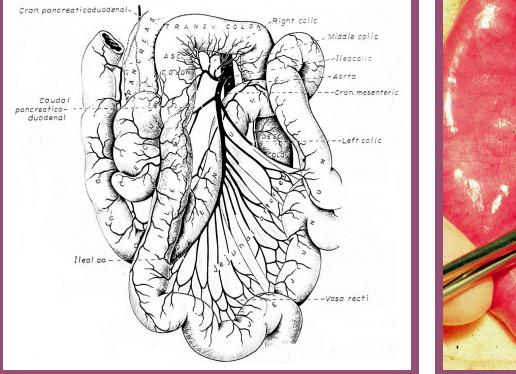
Resection and Anastomosis

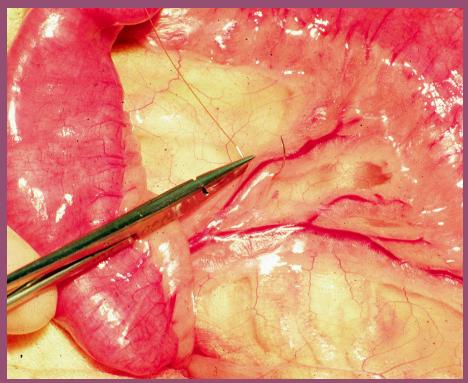
- Isolate segment
- Ligate blood supply
- •Clamps and fingers
- Anastomosis





Intestinal resection





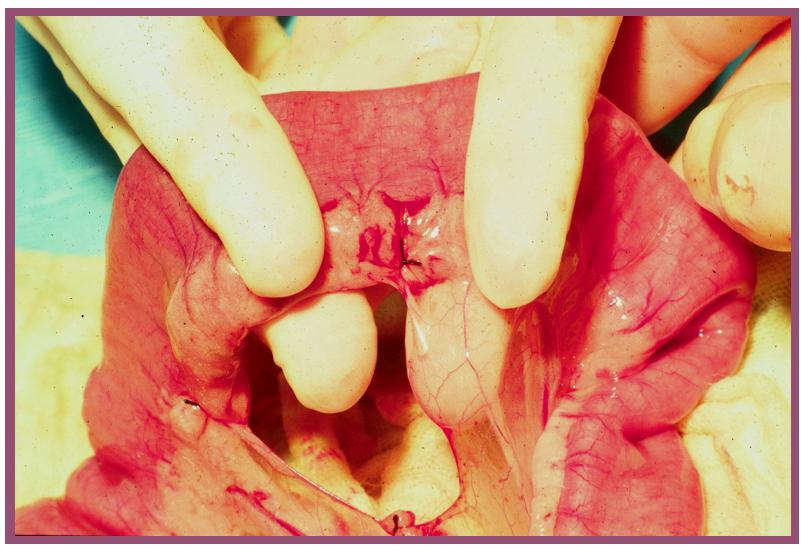


Clamps?





Intestinal resection

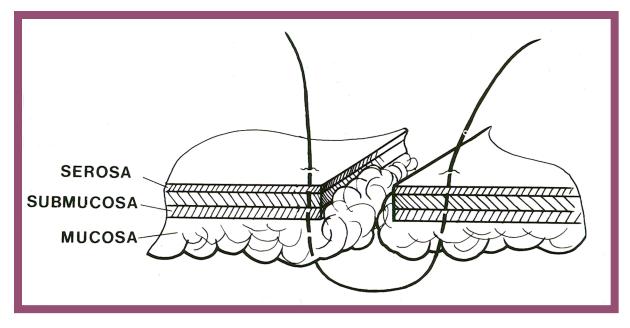




Anastomotic techniques - suture patterns

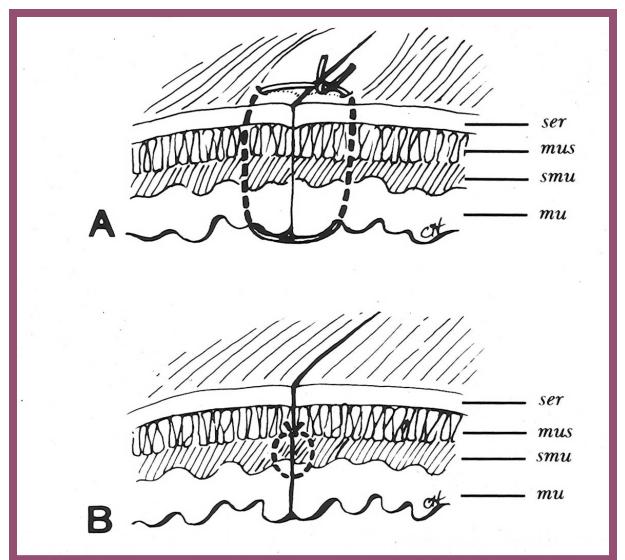
- Inverting
- Approx-imating
- Simple interrupted
- Simple continuous

Full thickness



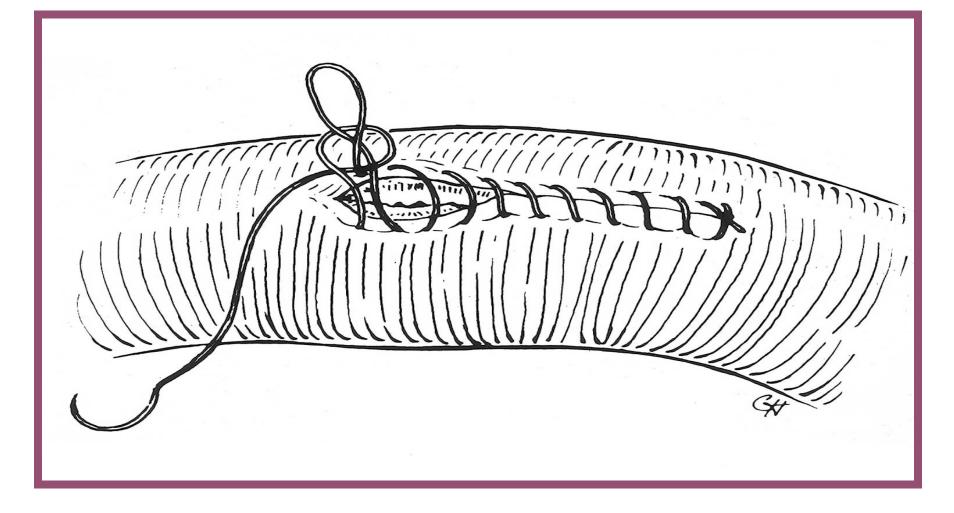


Crushing vs. approximating





Simple continuous





Use of skin staples for rapid closure of gastrointestinal incisions in the treatment of canine linear foreign bodies (Coolman JAAHA 2000)

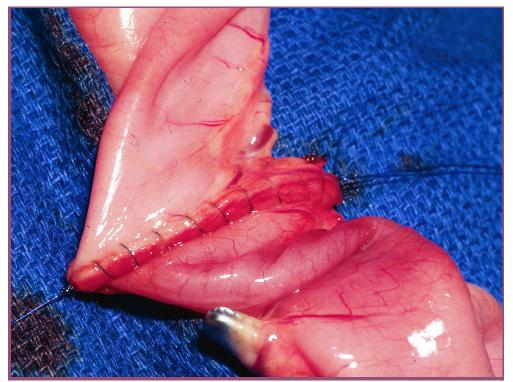
- •Disposable skin stapler
 - Gastrotomy
 - Enterotomy
 - Minimizes surgical time
 - 15.9 sec SI
 - 1.2 sec stapler



End to end approximating intestinal anastomosis in the dog

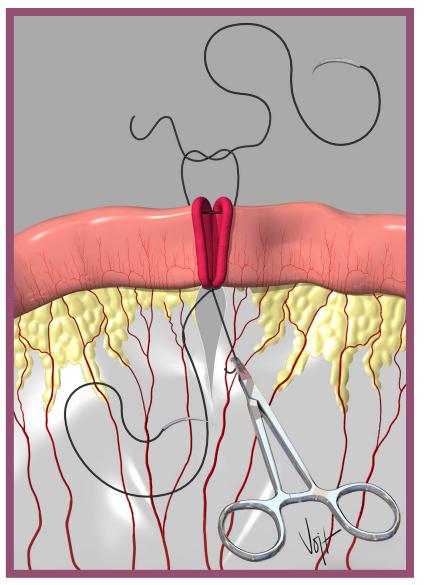
Ellison GW, et.al. JAAHA 18:729-736, 1982

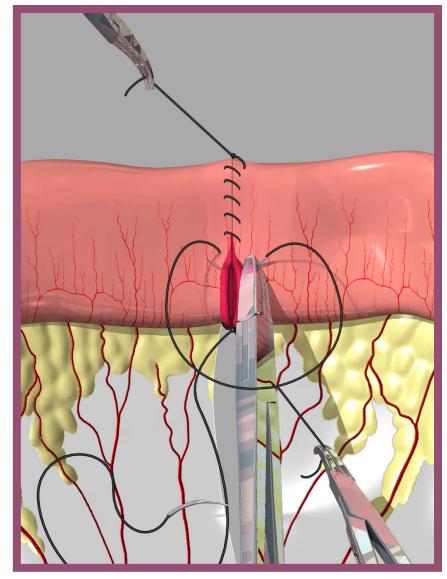
- Compared:
 - SI approximating SI crushing SC approximating
- Evaluated blood flow and healing
- SI (approx), SC: less ischemia
- SC: layers aligned





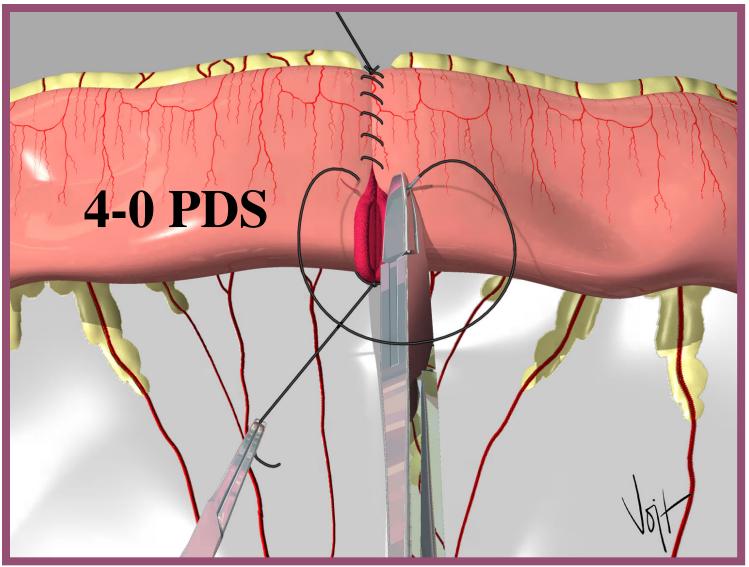
Simple continuous





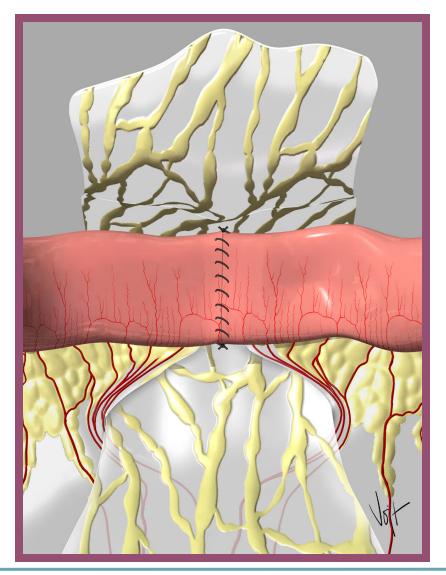


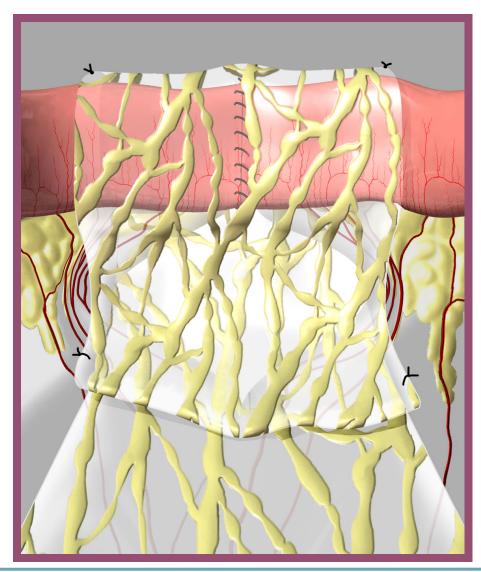
Simple continuous





Wrap with omentum







Comparison of SI versus SC enteric closure in dogs and cats (Weisman, Smeak, Birchard, Zweigart JAVMA, 1999)

- •81/83 (98%): no dehiscence
 - Dehiscence
 - •1 enterotomy SI
 - •1 anastomosis SC
 - Both were foreign body removal



Staplers...



Modified functional end-to-end stapled instestinal anastomosis technique and clinical results in 15 dogs (White, JSAP 2008)

•Requirements •GIA +/-TA





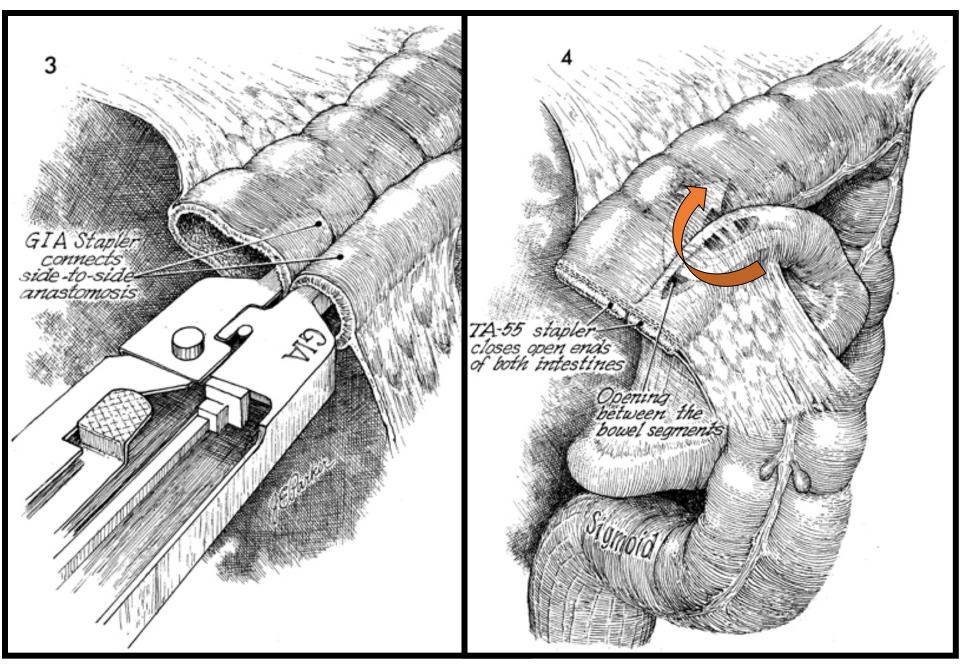














Skin staples for intestinal anastomosis

Coolman BR et.al. Vet Surg 29: 293-302, 2000Cadavers and live animals

- Compared to hand sutured
- •No difference in healing
- •Less time with staples





I can't believe he ate the whole thing...

- Extensive small bowel resection in dogs and cats: 20 cases (1998-2004) Gorman et al JAVMA vol 228 Feb 2006
 - Massive (50-90%, mean 68%) small intestinal resection
 - Most had good outcome
 - Amount resected did not correlate with Px



Short Bowel Syndrome

- Chronic diarrhea
- •Fluid and electrolyte abnormalities
- •Weight loss



Adaptive Changes

- •Compensatory growth of remaining intestinal segment
- Increase in mucosal surface area
 - Dilatation
 - Lengthening
 - Thickening
 - Epithelial cell proliferation in crypts and migration into villi



Postoperative Care

- Oral intake
 - Water -12 hrs.
 - Food 24 hrs. GI diet
- Supportive Care
 - Analgesics
- •Monitor TPR, electrolytes, hydration









...Antibiotics...?

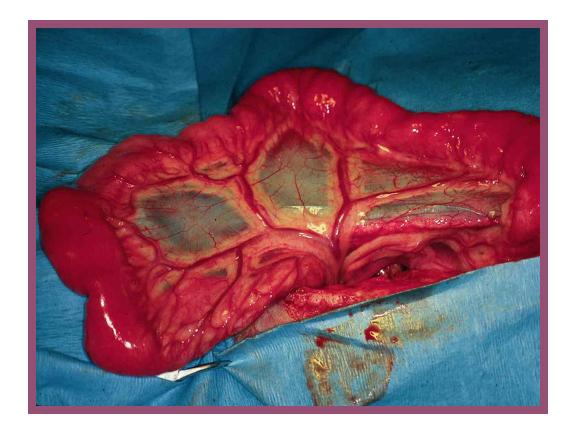






Complications

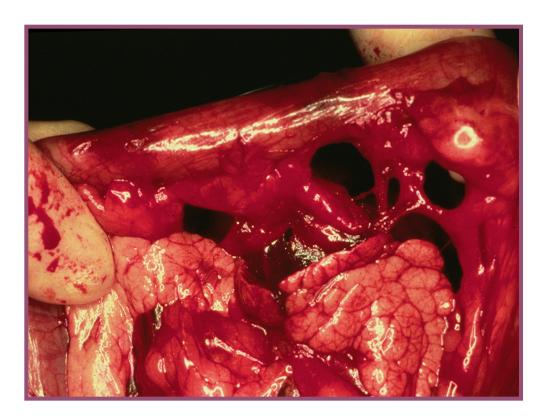
- Peritonitis
- •lleus
- Adhesions
- Malabsorbtion





Small intestinal dehiscence Allen DA, et.al. JAAHA 28: 70-76, 1992

- 121 dogs
- Dehiscence in 16%
- Higher in trauma and foreign bodies
- Higher band neutrophil counts
- 74% mortality in dehiscence group





Leakage Risk Factors Ralphs SC, et.al. JAVMA 223:73-77, 2003

- •13 of 90 dogs had leakage
- High risk: 2 or more of the following factors
 - Pre-op peritonitis
 - Foreign body
 - Albumin less than
 2.5g/dl





Key Points

- Assess viability
- Atraumatic handling of tissues
- Submucosa
- Postop care
 - Monitoring
 - Fluids/electrolytes





QUESTIONS?



