

# Refineries.

Oxygen for the Claus process.



## Background

Most refineries operate at least one Claus unit for desulfurization of gas streams rich in  $H_2S$ . Not seldom, gas from a sour water stripper (SWS) unit, containing considerable amounts of ammonia ( $NH_3$ ), is admixed into this feed. If this feed component is not effectively destroyed in the Claus furnace, it tends to build up solidified ammonia salts in colder areas within the process gas path. Especially in the long run, these deposits can cause plugging and corrosion – which in turn considerably jeopardize a reliable Claus operation.

## Gas application

$O_2$  enrichment for Claus process stabilization

## Effects of $O_2$ enrichment

The addition of oxygen into the combustion air leads to an increased  $O_2$  content in the gas stream. This so-called  $O_2$  enrichment – among other benefits – allows for operation with a significantly increased  $H_2S$  capacity. It also increases the temperature in the first Claus step, a furnace. This allows for a more effective destruction of  $NH_3$  within this thermal section, thus contributing to the long-term stabilization of the Claus operation.

## Situation on site in 2003

In order to comply with regulations which were to become valid in 2005, one customer was looking for an environmentally friendly way of SWS gas treatment.

There were basically two options to deal with the task:

1. Erection of a new process unit treating SWS gas for separation and subsequent destruction of  $\text{NH}_3$  (a high-investment measure)
2. Utilization of the existing Claus unit by adding SWS gas into the corresponding feed stream

In view of the notorious effects of ammonia salt deposits,  $\text{O}_2$  enrichment appeared to be the most cost-effective method of  $\text{NH}_3$  removal.

#### Measures since 2003

In the summer of 2003, tests with  $\text{O}_2$  enrichment were performed at the Claus unit to confirm the expected effects. The test results gained in close cooperation with Messer clearly confirmed that  $\text{NH}_3$  destruction within the Claus furnace is substantially more effective when additional oxygen is being used than with routine air-only operation.

As a consequence, it was soon decided to use the Claus unit for SWS gas processing and to implement the supporting  $\text{O}_2$  enrichment technology as a flexible minor-investment solution.

#### Claus capacity (air-only mode)

5 tons/day of elemental sulfur

#### Tail gas treatment applied downstream of the Claus unit

Catalytic hydrogenation and  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  scrubber ("SCOT-like")

#### $\text{H}_2\text{S}$ in the feed stream

Approx. 90 volume percent

#### $\text{NH}_3$ in the feed stream

A few percent, due to SWS gas processing

#### Main purpose of $\text{O}_2$ application

Optimization of  $\text{NH}_3$  destruction for enhanced reliability of Claus operation

#### $\text{O}_2$ content of the $\text{O}_2$ -enriched combustion air

26–28 volume percent

#### $\text{O}_2$ trials in coop. with Messer

08/2003 (duration: 4 days)

#### Contributions to the $\text{O}_2$ trials

Messer provided substantial support by services (e.g. calculations and  $\text{NH}_3$  determination) and hardware such as the appropriate measurement and control device (OXYBOOST™ flow control skid) for  $\text{O}_2$  dosing. Please note: No third party had to be involved in the trial execution.

#### Start-up

Routine operation with  $\text{O}_2$  since 04/2005

#### Mode of $\text{O}_2$ supply

Liquid oxygen (LOX) to tank/vaporizer system



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